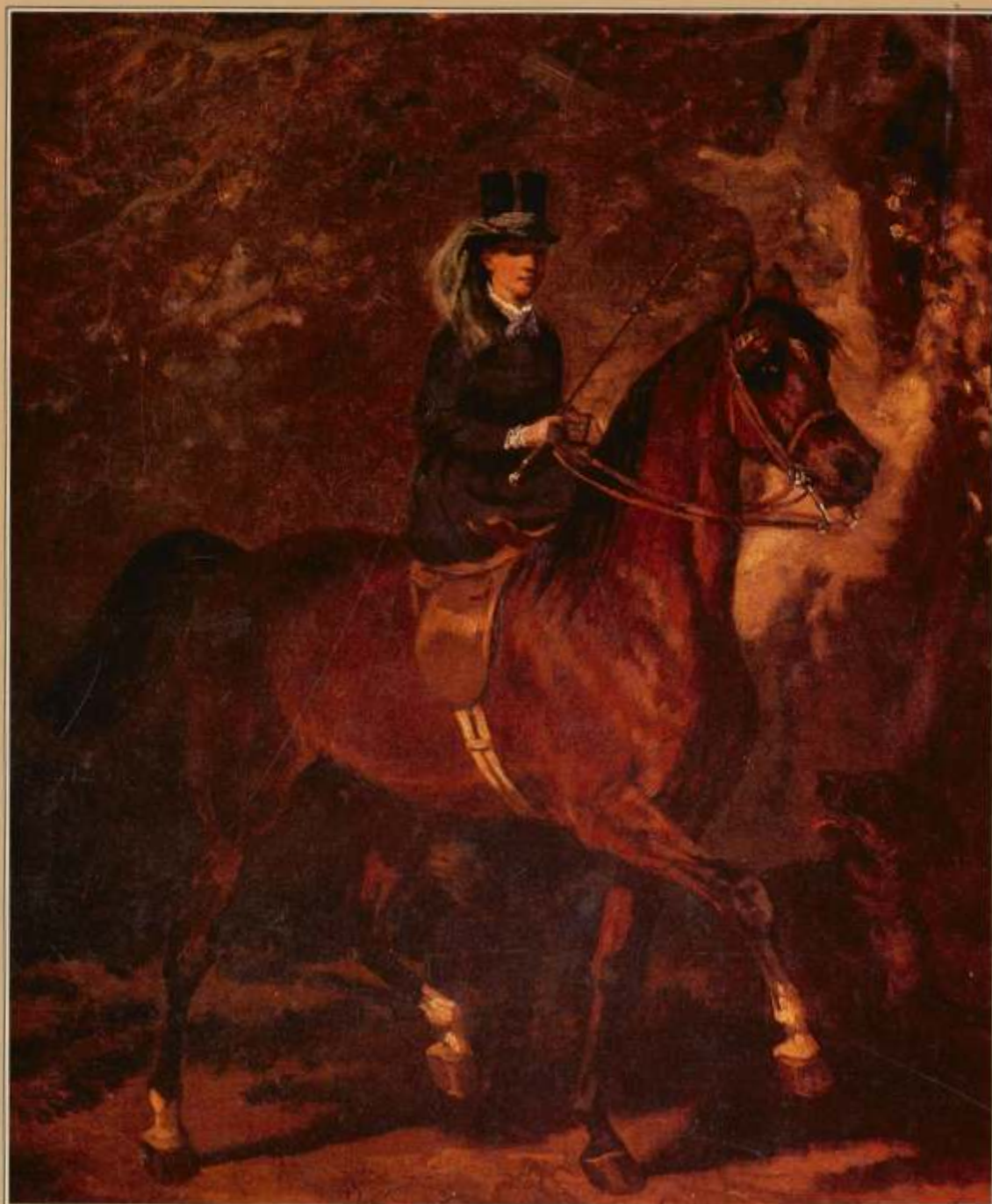


The Breeding of Purebred
Arabian Horses
in Poland in Their Genealogical Charts
1983-1986

ROMAN PANKIEWICZ



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FROM THE AUTHOR

This is the fifth supplement to the book *"Fifty Years of Breeding of Purebred Arabian Horses in Poland in their Genealogical Charts 1918-1986."* It contains the data concerning the years 1983-1986. In the narrative part I have related the breeding of Arabian horses in Poland during those years, giving a short description of the horses from each of the studs. I have given three basic measurements of these horses: height, circumference of thorax and cannon.

In dealing with individual families and lines, I have given some introductory background information. For the mares, I noted their progeny from earlier periods, and for the stallions, I summarized their stud activity, frequently mentioning the dam line, which is of great importance in breeding. I did this so that the reader is not forced to borrow information from former supplements, except in instances where he would need more detailed information about progenitors.

In view of limited space and in order not to repeat problems, I have given the characteristics of the mares, treating only the individual families, and of the stallions, by their sire lines. For all the horses, I have given birth year, which is necessary as is the repeating of names.

In 1979, following the example of other countries, Poland introduced shows of purebred Arabian horses bred and foaled in Poland. The Polish National Arabian Horse Show takes place each autumn on the occasion of the auction in Janow Podlaski. At this time, many breeders of Arabian horses from all over the world come to Poland. Chosen at the shows are the Polish National Junior Champion Mare, Polish National Senior Champion Mare, and Polish National Champion Stallion.

In 1983, in the State Stud of Stallions in Lack, a spring show of purebred Arabian horses was held, naming a Junior Champion Mare, (yearlings, two-year-old fillies and maiden mares) and Junior Champion Stallion (yearlings and two-year-old colts).

For many years the Polish purebred Arabian horses have taken part in the shows in Paris at the Salon du Cheval and in other important European shows, winning many titles.

The Polish purebred Arabian horses sold abroad take part in organized shows, frequently winning the championships of these countries.

The results of these shows are very important, and the awards are noted in discussing the winners.

There are three long-established state studs in Poland that breed purebred Arabian horses, and in 1981 a fourth stud was established at Bialka, near Krasnystaw in the county of Lublin. There are also several new private breeders who own three or more mares, and those horses are listed separately.

In discussing each bloodline, I have given the number of exported horses and the prices paid in the period being discussed.

In 1926, Poland established horse racing for purebred Polish Arabian horses. I have given a short history of the races and have included two tables giving the winners of three classic races: the Oaks, the Derby and the Criterium (formerly the Antony Stake).

Arrangements of Genealogies:

On the first page of genealogies, the various family lines show blood links between tap-root mares and foundation mares and sires incorporated into Polish breeding after World War I. These foundation mares are marked with a cross before their names (+). The same cross is used to denote the same mare again at the top of the page giving her progeny through tail-female descent. To distinguish these foundation mares from their progeny, names, pedigrees and other data pertaining to them are printed across the whole width of the page, whereas the names and other data pertaining to other horses are given in two short lines.

Foreign-bred mares are marked and entered in the same way: the cross in the pedigree table denotes a mare imported into Poland. Some large families have two or even more pedigree tables.

Therefore, from a foundation mare marked with the cross whose pedigree is printed through the whole width of the page springs a chain of horses belonging to her family or to its branch, in such a way that the progeny of each mare is recorded in the next tier lower down and to the right, by the space of five letters. Each daughter of this mare, if used in breedings, has her progeny listed in the tier lower down and to the right, with the addition of the progeny of her daughters, granddaughters, etc., descending in tail-female line until the year 1986.

In other words, every tier lower and to the right indicates a younger generation, every tier upwards and to the left indicates an older generation. Names written directly below each other indicate siblings.

Each entry includes the name of the horse, its sex, color and the year in which it was foaled. Under the name, the sire's name is given in brackets, and outside the brackets the place where it was foaled.

If a horse was exported, the year and country of purchaser are also mentioned in the genealogical chart.

Abbreviations of colors:

d. - dark	l.ch. - liver chestnut
brt. - bright	bl. - black
b. - bay	br. - brown
ch. - chestnut	gr. - grey

Other abbreviations:

m. - mare	or. Ar. - original Arabian
s. - stallion	exp. - exported
	imp. - imported

15-2-15 - a horse's stud rating, in which the first figure stands for number of offspring of a given sire or dam, and the second and third figures for the number of stallions and broodmares among its progeny used in purebred Arab stud.

0-0-0 - a horse put to stud, so far without produce, or a horse who died before being put to stud.

Abbreviations concerning the races:

2/10/5-1-2/2 - The horse ran two seasons, took part in 10 starts, was first 5 times, second once and third twice, and won two stakes.

2/7/7-0-0/0, D+2 - the horse ran two seasons and took part in 7 starts, 7 times was first, won the Oaks, the Derby and 2 stakes.

D - Derby O - Oaks AP - Criterium Stakes (formerly Antoniny Stakes)



RACES OF PUREBRED ARABIAN HORSES IN POLAND

MOTTO: *"It is Arabian Blood, which with the most beautiful proportions gives to the horse the strength and persistence in trouble and drudgery at rather spare nourishment, and besides gives him fire, courage, gentleness and longevity, which is not often seen in other races."* ZYGMUNT SOSNOWSKI: *Horses in Poland*, Warsaw 1912.



The race at the Siwzewiec Race Track in Warsaw.

The qualities of the Arabian horse mentioned by Sosnowski were well-known to the Polish people due to the affluence of these horses in Poland as early as the sixteenth century. In particular, many Oriental horses came to Poland in the seventeenth century, when Poland was at war with Turkey. The horses of greatest value taken from the Turkish army were sent to the studs. Over a long period of time they produced the horses of the famed Polish cavalry. The Polish breeders, observing the outstanding horses seized from the Turks and their offspring, determined that the most valuable were the horses of pure Arabian blood and their progeny and thus began the great Polish passion for Arabian horses.

After the famous victory of the Polish King Jan III Sobieski over the Turks at Vienna in 1683, which ended the Polish-Turkish wars, the Arabian horses remained in Poland, finding there their adoptive country.

In the eighteenth century, Polish breeders developed studs in which horses of Arabian blood were most important. They imported many horses from the Near East and subsequently dispersed them throughout Poland.

Political systems existing in Europe at the end of the eighteenth century resulted in the loss of Poland's independence in 1795. Consequently, the importance of the Polish fighting horse decreased. It was not possible to document the continuation of the refined Arabian sires and mares during the campaigns; and afterwards, many Arabian horses were mishandled before being bred – i.e. used for farm work, hunting, and as carriage horses, being run great distances without proper rest and feeding. Intelligent breeders realized that the horses needed regular training and verification of their strength and condition, and these requirements could be fulfilled only by properly directed races.

Unfortunately, southeast Poland, the site of the most important studs of purebred Arabian horses, was divided by the frontier. The Slawuta, Biala Cerkiew and Antoniny studs were in the section of Poland annexed by Russia, and the Jarczowce, Jezupol and Gumniska studs were in the part annexed by Austria. In this situation the horses of different sectors could not compete.

In 1848 Prince Roman Sanguszko, proprietor of Slawuta stud, built a racecourse near the village of Baczmierowka to train and test his horses for racing. This racecourse was open to other breeders whose horses were welcome to compete in the races. In 1850, Sanguszko and Count Wladyslaw Branicki, proprietor of Biala Cerkiew, organized annual common races to be held on both estates – at Biala Cerkiew in May and at Antoniny in August. At first, only the horses of Prince Sanguszko and Count Branicki participated, but as the races became more popular, horses from throughout the south-east competed.

The importance of these races was noted in an 1854 Polish periodical, "Ziemiańin," in which the author wrote: "Each year the number of persons interested and striving for prizes has increased. During the first three years, only the horses of Sanguszko and Branicki strived for stakes, and the latter were almost always the winners. Today, breeders from great distances compete in the races. To prepare a horse for the race it is necessary to take better care of him, and that could have a positive influence on the outcome of the race."

Unfortunately, because of the great distances and the costs of transporting the horses, the breeders discontinued the races in 1856. Prior to this period, Prince Roman Sanguszko had sent his horses to compete at the Warsaw racecourse, giving that up for his own races and then reactivating his participation during the period of 1870-1877. The horses of Slawuta took part in races with the English Thoroughbred horses who usually won. It became more and more difficult for the purebred Arabian horses to compete.

After 1877 Prince Roman Sanguszko sent his horses to Kiev, Lvov, Vilnius and Moscow. They started there under the colors of Prince Sanguszko of Slawuta and his son-in-law Count Potocki of Antoniny. After the death of Prince Roman Sanguszko in 1881, the ownership of the stud passed to his nephew Prince Roman Sanguszko, Junior, who did not appreciate the importance or value of the races and therefore discontinued them.

The Polish horses of pure Arabian blood must have been very famous during that time, since in 1864, the Turkish Sultan Abdul Azis selected only from Count Branicki's horses to establish his stud. At Biala Cerkiew he purchased 90 mares and fillies and two stallions – Jarzmo and Junak, sons of the valuable sire Indianin, imported from India in 1853. In all probability, the Sultan's decision was based on Biala Cerkiew's records of these horses' systematic persistence tests and awards at racecourses.

The races at Lvov in the Austrian sector were first organized by the Galician Society for Horseraces which was founded in 1843. Although most of the competing horses were English Thoroughbreds, Count Juliusz Dzieduszycki and his brother Wladyslaw did race their Arabians there.

Count Dzieduszycki saw the races as an essential way to improve horse breeding, and wrote about it in an article "... on races", published in the June 1857 journal *Czas*: "The races are the best dynamometer of a horse, the race proves only greater or lesser speed, but the months of training strengthen and exercise all its muscles and tendons. The horse who will well bear the training gives exceptional proof of his usefulness.

"The races can have a very positive influence on our country, but they must not be

treated as the sole purpose of horse breeding; the excessive development of one quality of a horse – speed – with detriment to the other qualities can and must be harmful...

"The speed in each breeding is surely a quality of a light horse, but nowhere and especially here (in Poland) should it be the main value of a horse, especially if it is attained at the cost of other qualities inherent in our horses . . ."

Purebred Arabian racing at that time was an improvisation, however, and of little importance in breeding.

In 1918 when Poland regained its independence after the War, the greatest and most valuable Polish studs – Slawuta – Antoniny, Biala Cerkiew and Jarczowce – were outside the newly-defined Polish borders. Because of the war and revolution, only a few individual horses were saved and the studs were virtually wiped out, often along with their proprietors.

Only a small group of Arabian mares was left in Poland, but the breeders started a vigorous campaign and in 1919 had founded an Arabian division at the State Stud in Janow Podlaski. The breeders grouped the horses of pure Arabian blood and by 1920 there were 11 mares of this breed. Next was the stud in Gumniska of Prince Roman Sanguszko, numbering after the war eight mares. Later – Behen of – Jozef and Roman Potocki – five mares; Pelkinie of Prince Czartoryski – five mares, and Bronice of Antoni Wolk-Laniewski – three mares. The remaining proprietors each had one or two mares.

In spite of the small number of mares – many belonging to a series of proprietors – the breeders of Arabian horses set boldly to work: by 1925 there were 34 mares of pure Arabian blood in Poland; in 1929, 42; and in 1935 "as many as" 115 mares.

In 1922 the serious Polish professional journal *Rider and Breeder* published an article by Bogdan Zietarski advocating the need for a racing organization for Arabians which would make possible the testing of these horses. The author also wrote about the necessity of the foundation of a stud book for Arabian horses. In succeeding years, additional articles devoted to this problem were published in the same journal.

As a result of these articles, an organizational committee was set up in Lvov in September 1926 which established the Arabian Horse Society. At the October 4th constitutional meeting of this Society the purposes were defined as "eagerness to develop and improve the Arabian horse in Poland" and "work and activity directed to the attainment of these purposes." Count Aleksander Dzieduszycki, former diplomat, descended from a family with great "Arabian" traditions, was chosen president, and Dr. Edward Skorkowski secretary. The Society immediately started to organize and publish the stud book as well as to establish the Arabian horse races.

The famous hippologist Prof. Witold Pruski wrote: "Since the breeding of Arabian horses has been formerly directed without efficient breaking horses to work and without utility tests, causing excessive delicacy in them, it has been decided to introduce the special races for Arabian horses to ensure training in racing and completion of persistence tests. It was assumed in advance that the Arabian horse races were not for the purpose of achieving maximum speed, but to establish systematic exercises and selection in stamina and health tests. The following principles were set forth: 1) Arabian horses will not race at short distances, 2) they will race under heavier weight, 3) they will start training one year later than the English Thoroughbred horses, 4) participation in the races will begin at the age of three years, and the races, for example the Derby, will be raced by four-year-olds and not three-year-old horses, as is usual in racing Thoroughbred horses."

The races began in Lvov in May 1927. Bogdan Zietarski developed the racing regulations patterned after the rules obligatory in all the countries that raced Arabian horses, i.e., India, Egypt, Greece, France and Spain. These rules were published in *Rider and Breeder* in 1928, and after some modifications are still valid. Zietarski postulated to begin the races for three-year-old horses only in August and to forbid them to race more than six times in one year. The classic races – Derby and Oaks – were provided for four-year-old horses. He proposed to race the classic races in spring at the distances 1600 – 2400 m and in autumn 3200 m. The weight for three-year-old horses was set at 54 kg, for four-

year-old at 58 kg, and for five-year-old and older at 62 kg. (the mares' weight was set at 2 kg. less). The three-year old horses, at first, could race only with horses of the same age, and they could meet with the older horses as early as autumn in the Criterium/Antoniny. Bogdan Zietarski was of the opinion that the three-year-old horses had to earn only enough with their prize to cover their maintenance training, and the greater earnings could be used to feature the older horses. All of this was for the purpose of assuring the normal development of the Arabian horse, which matures later than other breeds.

The first Arabian horse races took place in Lvov May 17-19, 1927, and at Przemysl, June 12-19 and from September 17 to October 1, 1927. Taking part in the races were 26 three-year-olds, trained in seven stables.

In 1927 the races were at the following distances: 1400 m - 3 races; 1600 m - 13 races; 1800 m - 7 races; 2000 m - 1 race; 2100 m - 1 race; 2200 m - 7 races; 2400 m - 3 races.

Since Arabian horse racing was new in Poland, the rules were constantly being updated. Thus in 1928 the distances were increased to 2800 m, in 1929 to 3200 m, and in 1937 to 3600 m. In 1934 the 1400 m. distance was eliminated. The next year, the number of races run at 1600 m. was considerably decreased. In the years 1937-1939 the proportion of races at each distance was established. Approximately 5% of the races were run at 1600 m., 65% at the distance of 1800-2200 m., and 30% at distances over 2000 m.

The following weights in kg. were obligatory:

Year	Three-year-old	Three-year-old and older	Four-year-old	Five-year-old	Six-year-old and older
1927	58	56	60	62	62
1928-31	54	54	58	62	62
1932-35	56	54	59	62	62
1936	58	55	61	64	64
1937	58	55	60	64	66

It was determined that four-year-old Arabian horses were best suited to racing and therefore were scheduled most often. Mares five years or older were excluded from the races.

In races where four-year-olds competed with older horses, the older stallions were required to carry more weight. Consequently the four-year-old horses were favored to win, and this resulted in a decreased number of older horses being entered in the races.

The Arabian horse races were held in Lvov and Przemysl during the 1927-1928 seasons, in Lvov and Piotrkow in 1929-31, and from 1932-1939 in Lvov and Lublin. Since the majority of the races took place in Lvov (spring and autumn), the classic stakes were also held there. However, the racecourse in Lvov was not well situated and had an unsatisfactory surface, so the Society of Arabian Horse Breeding together with the Society to Encourage Horse Breeding decided to build a new racecourse. It was built in Persenkowka near Lvov and the opening race season was held in 1928.

In 1927, 26 purebred Arabian horses were entered in the races, and by 1935 the number had increased to 65. While many part-Arabian horses raced during the first seasons, the number of these horses decreased each year in proportion to the increasing number of purebred Arabians.

As the races gained recognition, horses from other countries participated and 1927-1930 saw entries from the famous European studs of Weil in W. Germany, Babolna in Hungary, Inocenzdwor in Yugoslavia, and Crabbet in England, as well as from the private studs, of France.

Dr. Edward Skorkowski in his book *Polish Arabian Horse and Its Influence on the Breeding of Horses at Home and Abroad*, described the horses from France: "The most dangerous adversaries for Polish Arabian horses were the French Arabian horses, who showed very often to 14 generations the speed selected during the races. Nevertheless, the rationally bred Polish Arabian horses frequently overcame the French Arabian horses taking them the palm and the name of unbeaten horses. The Polish Arabian horses had the advantage of the French horses, in particular, from point of view of persistence, and even more of restitution ability. And so the permanent increase in weight scale and distances of Arabian horse races, and also the shorter terms of the stakes which compelled the horses to race more frequently, made it possible for the persistent Polish Arabians to compete with the speed of the French horses. For Polish breeders, persistence or stamina was of greater importance than speed in selecting Arabian horses."

The results of the Polish Arabian races clearly indicated that the concentration on persistence and restitution strength rather than speed in training produced the best quality horses.

The Society of Arabian Horse Breeding set up the following qualities as standards for judging the Polish Arabian horse, as defined by Professor W. Pruski: ". . . specific beauty and great refinement, and subtle silhouette, dry and bony head with straight and even concave profile, great orbitals, great expressive dark eyes, thin skin, silky, sparkling coat, beautiful, little rounded movements, adding to these the horse's special charm . . ."

These visual, aesthetic traits were intensified in the Polish horses and the breeders wanted to insure the retention of these qualities in their Arabians, therefore they carefully observed the influence that the races had on the type and beauty of the Arabian horse. They felt it would be dangerous to change the most beautiful horse in the world into a small Thoroughbred, which occurred in other countries when breeding concerns concentrated on the development of speed over other qualities, in order to compete in the races.

The purebred Arabian horse racing program in Poland was extremely beneficial to the breeders in the inter-war period. This program rendered the following services:

1. The races tested the health, physical and psychological development (a very important quality in the Arabian horse), persistence, regeneration of forces, etc.
2. The training of Arabian horses was mostly in the hands of private breeders, who often used unconventional methods of feeding and breeding, which were not uniform or coordinated; however, the horses selected for racing had to be rationally bred if they were to succeed. This fact united the breeders.
3. The races provided the opportunity to evaluate the horses. The breeders could compare horses bred in very different situations from all parts of Poland; and compared not only the persistence, but also the beauty, type, and regular conformation.
4. The races made it possible to become acquainted with the value of particular sires on the basis of their offspring, which allowed the breeders to select mares for the stallion more carefully. Most breeders did not have their own stallions and either leased them from the State or sent their mares to the studs, to be bred by the State stallions.
5. The races provided the opportunity for the breeders to hold meetings at which they could change and improve the racing procedures and to promote the use of the leading stallions in the major races.
6. Finally, the races gave the breeders the opportunity to earn income for the maintenance of their studs.

The influence of the races on the breeding of Arabian horses in Poland was excellently described in an article written by George Ranson White, M.D. and U.S. veterinary surgeon who visited Poland in 1938 to observe the breeding procedures. In this article, "Polish Arabian and Egyptian Horses," he wrote:

"The severe testing of the Polish Arabian horse at the Polish racecourse shows

persuasively its extreme persistence. This horse under great weight races long distances with great speed. A more severe and accurate test for endurance and persistence does not exist than that which is used at these races. This criteria has been set by the Polish Arab Horse Society. In Lvov I personally examined the winners immediately after the one and three-fourths mile race; there were no recovery problems and breathing became completely normal after a few minutes. "The Polish Arabian horse is stronger and in better overall condition than the Egyptian, and there are no traces of deterioration of the qualities of the strain; in fact each new generation appears to be stronger and better than the previous ones."

In the inter-war period, with only 13 years of race testing, a number of horses proved to be very successful at the racecourse and also produced offspring with great racing and breeding potential.

One of these Arabians, Sahiba, 1924 (Nana Sahib I x Donka), the first Polish winner of both the Oaks and the Derby, produced four valuable horses: Ibn Nedjari, 1931, winner of the Derby who was later sold to Germany; Siniora, 1931, an excellent mare lost in 1941, due to the war; the stallion Sumak, 1934, sold to Italy; and the stallion Amurath Sahib.

Amurath Sahib, 1932, completed 24 races in two years, winning seven, placing second on five occasions and coming in third eight times. He sired the mares Estokada and Adis Abeba, both winners of the Oaks, and the stallion Equifor, winner of the Derby. He was also grandsire to Bask, Aramis and Dornaba, winners of United States and Canadian Championships.

Another outstanding horse of this period was the stallion Flisak, 1924 (Bakszysz x Elstera), a Derby winner who produced the excellent broodmare Elsissa, 1930, winner of the Oaks. Elsissa's grandsons were: Aquinor, 1951, outstanding Polish sire of Elkin, the United States and Canadian Champion Stallion; Elkana, the U.S. Champion Mare, and Aramis, 1962, United States and Canadian Champion Stallion.

A third horse of note was the mare Dywersja, 1925 (Wallis II x Lutecja), winner of the Oaks, the Derby, and two-time winner of the Criterium. She produced Jarema, 1934, winner of the Derby, and the stallion Hashim Bey, 1937, the 1940 winner of the Stake (a race equal to the Derby).

An outstanding stallion of this mid-war period was Kaszmir, 1929 (Farys II x Hebda), a phenomenal racer, who took top honors once in the Derby and three times in the Criterium. He was an outstanding stud at Pelkinie, siring 16 broodmares and two stallions, including Taki Pan, 1937, who won honors at Tersk, U.S.S.R. Because of World War II, Kaszmir's offspring did not have the opportunity to prove themselves in racing, but his daughter Jutrzenka, 1945, won the Oaks. Kaszmir's descendents produced the Derby winners Omar, 1944, Babilon 1945, Don Lambro 1950, and Kochana 1952, winner of the Oaks.



Grey stallion Kaszmir 1929 (Farys II x Hebda), bred at Janów Podlaski Stud, winner of 18 races out of 19, including the Derby in 1933. Sire line 18 (Krzyzyk or Ar.).

Other examples worthy of mention are: Hardy, 1926 (Ganges I x Gazella II), Derby winner, sire of stallions Hadjar, 1933 and Obozny 1933, both winners of the Criterium and later outstanding breeders; the mare Ikwa, 1927 (Koheilan I x Elstera), Derby, Oaks and Critrium winner, granddam of the famous Nabor, 1950; the mare Mabrucha, 1928 (Pielgrzmy Thuja x Lysa), Oaks winner and founder of a very successful and still active family of breeders; and the mare Kostrzewa, 1929 (Koheilan I x Dziewanna), winner of the Oaks, sold to the U.S. in 1938, whose famous offspring include the mare VP Kahlua, U.S. and World Champion Mare, and the stallion Rozchodnik, 1935, whom Poland sold to Italy.

At the beginning of World War II the Polish studs of Arabian horses were divided by the temporary frontier between the Soviet Union and Nazi Germany.

In 1940 the Soviet authorities established the races in Lvov, in which the Polish Arabian horses at that racecourse competed with Russian Arabians sent from the Soviet Union. The season lasted from June 9th to October 27th. In 1941 the races in Lvov began the 25th of May and ended abruptly on June 22nd with the beginning of the German-Soviet War.

The German authorities also organized Arabian horse races which were held first at Lublin in 1941 from August 11th to September 2nd, the following year at both Lublin and Lvov, and then only at Lvov in 1943. They were cancelled in 1944.

The war ended in 1945, and in the autumn of 1946, the horses taken by the Germans and later rescued by the Poles, were returned to Poland. In 1946 purebred Arabian horse racing was established and the first race included 21 three-year-old horses. These horses were descended from private studs, most from the stud Gumniska owned by Prince Roman Sanguszko.

From 1946 until 1952 the Arabian horse races were held in Warsaw, and occasionally during the summer season in Sopot. In 1953 the races were moved to Wroclaw and were held there through 1957, with the summer races continuing at Sopot. Since 1958 all the races have been held in Warsaw.

Professor Witold Pruski wrote in his book *Two Centuries of Polish Breeding of Arabian Horses, 1778-1978, and Its Successes in the World*:

"The races during the occupation took place under abnormal and extremely difficult conditions which resulted in losing the focus of the races which was to select the best animals for future breeding. The relaxed regulations of the shows did enable the racing program and the racing staff to survive during this period and also assured that the bloodstock of both English Thoroughbreds and purebred Arabian horses would remain under Polish control."

The racing rules used in 1946 were based on the race regulations established before World War II; however, the racing distance rules were changed to allow three-year-olds to run 1600-2400 m., while four-year-olds and older horses could run a 2200-3200m course. Racing distances were also established for the classic stakes: Oaks, 2400 m., Derby, 3000 m. and Criterium/Antoniny, 2400 m.; and first starts for three-year-olds were gradually changed. Before World War II racing for three-year-olds began in August, from 1946-1974 in July, after 1975 the first starts took place the middle of June and in 1977 were moved to mid-May. From 1979 to 1985 three-year-olds began the first of May and now first starts are at the end of April coinciding with the commencement of the racing season. Three-year-olds were previously allowed to race sooner but now must pass an X-ray examination of their legs to determine the completion of the ossification process before being scheduled for first starts.

The Polish breeders believe that each Arabian horse must pass a training course and take part in some races, not necessarily to win, but to determine their level of fitness, general health and mental balance, all important criteria for the purebred Arabian. While it is nice for a horse to win the blue ribbon of the Derby, it is equally important that those chosen for breeding meet the standards of type, beauty, correct conformation, refinement and regular movements. Only three- and four-year-old mares are raced but stallions may be raced longer if necessary to determine their fitness for breeding. As of

1986, the races for purebred Arabian horses are run in conformity with the previously mentioned principles.

Three-year-old horses begin to race the last of April, starting in Group II, running 1600 m; at the end of May, they compete, also in Group II, running a distance of 1800 m. At the beginning of June the horses which have won the Group II races can start in the Group I races, running the distances of 1600 m. and 1800 m. In August the best horses enter the stake races. Since 1986, three-year-olds can start no more than eight times in one season. The average number of starts for three-year-old stallions is 5-6 times, while mares average 4-5 times.

Four-year-old and older horses begin the starts at the end of April in Groups II and III at the distances of 1600, 1800 and 2000 m., and later in the races of Group I at the same distances. The best horses then start in the stake races. The average number of starts for four-year-old mares is 6-7 and for four-year-old and older stallions to eight times a year. The best of these horses then start in the classic races: Oaks, Derby, and Criterium/Antoniny Stakes.

The following weights have been established for horses entering the races: three-year-olds, 58 kg, four-year-olds, 59 kg, and five-year-old and older, 62 kg. (mares must weigh in at two kg less). In the Criterium, the three-year-olds must weigh four kg less than the older horses.

In the 1986 Polish season there were 184 purebred Arabian horses entered in a total of 193 races, including 103 three-year-olds, 41 four-year-olds and 40 stallions in the five years and older category. The average number of starts for these horses were: 6-8 for three-year-old stallions, 4-5 for three-year-old mares, 6-7 for four-year and older stallions, and 5-6 for four-year-old mares.

Breeders in other countries where purebred Arabian horse racing is just developing may be interested in the following statistics.

NUMBER OF RACES RACED AT DIFFERENT DISTANCES BY THE INDIVIDUAL AGE GROUPS IN 1986:

Distance	Three-year and older	Four-year and older	Five-year and older	Total	Percentage
1600	55	32	—	87	45.5
1800	39	29	1	69	35.8
2000	1	15	—	16	8.3
2200	1	3	—	4	2.1
2400	1	5	3	9	4.7
2600	—	3	2	5	2.6
2800	—	—	1	1	0.5
3000	—	1	—	1	0.5
TOTAL	97	89	7	193	100

STAKES AND CLASSIC RACES RACED IN 1986:

For Three-Year-Old and Older Horses:

Date	Horse	Race	Distance
August 3	Sabellina	Stake	1600
August 23	Koheilan I	Stake	1800
September 7	Amurath	Stake	1800
September 20	Bask	Stake	1800
October 8	Sambor	Stake	2200
October 18	Sasanka	Stake	2000
October 25		Criterium / Antoniny Stake	2400

STAKES AND CLASSIC RACES RACED IN 1986: (continued)

For Four-Year-Old and Older Horses:

Date	Horse	Race	Distance
May 3	Skowronek	Stake	2000
May 17	Comet	Stake	2200
June 4	Bandos	Stake	2400
June 18	Kabaret	Stake	2200
July 5	Janów Produce	Stake	2600
July 22		Derby	3000
August 13	Czort	Stake	2600
August 24		Oaks	2400
August 27		Michalów Stake	2400
September 7		European Price / Animex Cup	2600
September 17	Orgia	Stake	2000
September 27	Wielki Szlem	Stake	2400
October 11	Embargo	Stake	2400

For Five-Year-Old and Older Horses:

Date	Horse	Race	Distance
April 27	Kuhailan Haifi	Stake	2400
May 14	Witraz	Stake	2400
June 1	Ofir	Stake	2400
June 15	Orla	Stake	2800
June 29	Kurozweki	Stake	2600

For horses three years old and older, there are races available for a) only three-year-olds, and b) for three-year-olds and older. Likewise, there are races for four-year-old and older and five-year-old and older horses.

During the 40 years of post-war races (1946-1986), several families of mares distinguished themselves at the races. These founders exhibited great stamina which was also evident in the progeny.

Foremost was the mare Sabellina, 1954 (Abu Afas x Sabda), who won two stakes, the Oaks and the Derby, as did three generations of her progeny, winning the Oaks five times, the Derby six times and the Criterium three times, for a total of 14 classic stakes. At the present time these racing abilities are evident in third generation descendants who have won four classic stakes.

Sabellina produced three stallions: Sabbat, 1964, Derby winner, used at Michalow; Sambor, 1965, who showed great stamina and success at the races; and Sabalgo, 1969, also a successful racer. Both horses were sold to the U.S. where they rendered great service in breeding.

Sabellina also produced four mares, the most valuable being Santa, 1960, whose three mares are presently at Janow; and Simone, 1963, whose two daughters are also at Janow. The other two daughters were sold to the U.S. and to Sweden. In 1969, Sabellina was sold to the United States.

The second outstanding mare was Forta, 1943 (Kuhailan Abu Urkub x Porta). Although her best win was only second place at the Oaks, she produced two generations of winners who took first place at the Oaks three times, the Derby twice and the Criterium six times, for a total of 11 classic stakes.

From among Forta's sons, three stallions were used for breeding in Poland: Czort, 1949, twice winner of the Criterium; Equifor, 1951, Derby winner; and Ferrum, 1957. Five stallions were sold to the United States: Fortel, 1955; Faraon, 1958; Flis, 1963; Finisz, 1967, Derby and Criterium winner; and Falat, 1969. In addition, the stallion Fogaras, 1960 was sold to West Germany.



Grey mare Sabellina 1954 (Abu Afas x Sabda), bred at Nowy Dwór Stud, winner of Derby and Oaks. Dam line II (Mlecha or Ar.).

Forta also produced nine excellent mares, of which the most precious were two winners of the Oaks: Dyska, 1950, dam of three stallions and seven mares; and Fatma, 1961, dam of two stallions and seven mares. One of Fatma's sons is the excellent stallion Fawor, 1981, winner of the titles, "Polish National Junior Champion Stallion" awarded at Lack in 1983, and "European and World Junior Champion Stallion" at Paris also in 1983. Fawor served mares at Janow in 1986 and is now leased to the stud Paramount Arabians in the U.S.

The grandson of Fatma, Fanatyk, 1978, was at Michalow in 1984, leased to Olympia Farms in the U.S. and returned to Poland in 1986. At the present time there are as many as 23 mares in the Polish studs that are descendents of Forta.

The third outstanding mare was Ofirka, 1939 (Ofir x Fryga II), who passed the endurance test during the war solely by pulling a plough, and contributed those qualities to two generations that won the Oaks three times, the Derby twice and the Criterium three times, for a total of eight classic stakes. One of her daughters Orla, 1961,



Dark bay stallion Fawor 1981 (Probat x Fatma), bred at Michalów State Stud, 1983 Polish National Junior Champion Stallion and World Junior Champion Stallion. Sire line 21 (Kuhailan Afas or Ar.).

an outstanding beauty, won the Oaks, the Derby and twice captured the Criterium; and produced the mare Orgia, 1971 who also won the Oaks, the Derby and the Criterium.

Ofirka also produced the stallion Orzel, 1962, who was sold to the United States and became a U.S. Top Ten Stallion in 1969, and U.S. Top Ten English Pleasure, 1973. In addition Ofirka produced six excellent daughters, of which the most valuable was Gastronomica, 1946.

The following stallions descended from Gastronomica: Gondolier, 1974, Polish National Champion Stallion, Janow 1980, and World Champion Stallion, Paris 1982; Gabaryt, 1982, Polish National Junior Reserve Champion Stallion, Lack 1983; Gokart, 1975, Swedish Champion; Gil, 1981, Polish National Reserve Champion Stallion, Janow, 1986; Gedymin, 1968; and Grojec 1960, known in England. Gondolier, Gil, Gedymin and Gabaryt have been used for breeding in Poland. Ofirka is represented by at least 21 mares in the studs.

The fourth place belongs to the excellent Balalajka, 1941 (Amurath Sahib x Iwonka III), who did not participate in the war or races but accounts for four generations of winners – four in the Oaks, one in the Derby and three in the Criterium, a total of eight classic stakes. Only one of her offspring, Bej Assan, 1953 was a winner, taking the Criterium twice; but her three granddaughters each won the Oaks. The outstanding of the three was Arra, 1975 who in addition to winning the Oaks, the Derby and the Criterium was

*Grey mare Arra 1975
(Bandos x Arba), bred at
Janów Podlaski Stud, triple
crowned winner of Derby,
Oaks and Criterium, Polish
National Champion Mare
1983. Dam line II
(Mlecha or Ar.)*



awarded the titles of "Polish National Senior Champion Mare," Janow 1986 and "European Champion Mare," Paris 1983.

Balalajka was also dam of the legendary, excellent mare Bandola, 1948, and of the equally fabulous stallion Bask, 1956; and her granddaughter Arwistawa, 1958, was the first winner of the titles of both United States and Canadian National Champion Mare in 1965.

The following stallions descended from Balalajka were used in Polish breeding: Banio, 1951; Arragon, 1959; Almifar, 1960; Ariel, 1961; Argo, 1976, Polish National Champion Stallion, Janow 1986; Haracz, 1976, Polish National Champion Stallion, Janow 1983, Swedish National Champion Stallion, 1985, European Champion Stallion, Leiden, 1985 and European Reserve Champion Stallion, Paris 1983; Balon, 1979, Swedish National Reserve Champion 1986. In addition, the greatest stallions, Bandos, 1964, sire of a number of winners of champion titles, and Banat, 1967, British National Champion Stallion both rendered great services to Polish breeding. Balalajka is presently represented by at least 18 mares in the studs.

Finally, I would mention the outstanding mare Wlodarka, 1938 (Ofir x Kewa) who was taken to Tersk, U.S.S.R in 1939. She produced two daughters who were returned to

Poland: Prowierka, 1948, whose only remaining offspring is Prowarda, 1958, Oaks, Derby and Criterium winner; and Piewica, 1953, who had a number of beautiful, excellent and brave descendants.

Four generations of Wlodarka's offspring captured nine classic stakes, two Oaks, three Derbys and four Criteriums. From Wlodarka through Piewica three stallion descendants were used in Polish breeding: Pepton, 1977, winner of the Criterium, twice Polish National Reserve Champion Stallion, Janow 1983 and 1984; Penitent, 1979, Polish National Champion, Janow 1985; and Pepi 1975, Champion Calbar International, Denmark 1984.

Five outstanding mares descended from Piewica: Pilarka, 1975, Polish National Junior Reserve Champion Mare, Janow 1980, and European and World Champion, Paris 1981; Pektyna, 1983, Polish National Junior Champion Mare, Janow 1984; Pentoda, 1970, Polish National Senior Champion Mare, Janow 1983; Pianola, 1982, Polish National Junior Champion Mare, Janow 1983; and Penicylina, 1976, sold to the U.S. at the Polish Ovation Auction in 1985 for \$1,500,000 (U.S. dollars), United States National Champion Mare 1986. The mare Wlodarka is represented now by at least eight mares in the Polish studs.

The parentage of these mares, founders of outstanding families, also have very interesting sire lines:

Sabellina — Abu Afas — Bad Afas — Kahailan Afas, or. Ar.;

Forta — Kuhailan Abu Urkub — Kuhailan Zaid, or. Ar.;

Ofirka — Kuhailan Haifi, or. Ar.;

Balalajka — Amurath Sahib — Amurath II — his dam was Fatma, or. Ar.;

Wlodarka — Ofir — Kuhailan Haifi, or. Ar.

During the post-war era the breeders also selected sires representing racing abilities, type and breeding qualities to found and consolidate their lines. I selected a few of these to rate and discuss here.

Without a doubt first place belongs to the sire Wielki Szlem, 1938 (Ofir x Elegantka). Two generations of horses descended from him have garnered 27 classic stakes — i.e. eight Oaks, ten Derbys and nine Criteriums. In addition, five sons were used in Polish breeding: Anarchista, 1947; Mlech Pelkinski, 1942; Czardasz, 1949 (Derby and Criterium); Czort, 1949 (Criterium twice) and Duch, 1950, whose grandson is El Paso, 1967, United States National Champion Stallion, sold there in 1984 for \$1,000,000 U.S. Wielki Szlem also produced a series of excellent mares, eight of which are dams of stallions used in Poland.

In second place is the stallion Czort, 1949 (Wielki Szlem x Forta), who won the Criterium twice. His sons and daughters won eleven classic stakes, including three Oaks, five Derbys, and three Criteriums. His granddaughter, Orgia, 1971 won the Oaks, Derby, Criterium and three other stakes; and his grandson Europejczyk, 1982, unbeaten



Chestnut mare Orgia 1971 (Krezus x Orla), bred at Janów Podlaski Stud, triple crowned winner of Derby, Oaks and Criterium. Dam line 1 (Gazella or. Ar.).

at the racecourse, won the Derby and Criterium with eight starts and eight wins in four stakes. Therefore, Czort's offspring in two generations won a total of sixteen classic stakes. Four of his sons were used for breeding in Poland: Krezus, 1963 (Derby and Criterium); Sabbat, 1964 (Derby); Banzaj, 1965; and El Paso, 1967; and the fifth, Elfur, 1966 (Derby) in Tersk (U.S.S.R.). The daughters of Czort produced five stallions used for breeding in Poland.

Third place belongs to Kuhailan Abu Urkub, 1935 (Kuhailan Zaid, or. Ar. x 22 Kemir). The horses descending from him have won eleven classic stakes, the Oaks, four Derbys and six Criteriums. His two sons were Gabor, 1944 and Grand, 1944 (two Criterium honors); his grandsons, Kord, 1961 and Mir Said, 1953 (Derby and Criterium); and his great-grandson, Elbrus, 1965 (Derby) was used for breeding in Poland. Kuhailan Abu Urkub's influence reached to the fourth generation, in which his descendants have won two classic stakes. All three of his daughters, who escaped the war, were excellent dams.

My fourth choice is the stallion Bad Afas, 1940 (Kuhailan Afas, or. Ar. x Bad). The horses descending from him have won 11 classic stakes over five generations. These included the Oaks twice, the Derby five times and the Criterium four times. In 1985 Dalida, 1981 won the Derby and in 1986 Erlis, 1982 won the Criterium. The grandson of Bad Afas, the excellent Comet, 1953, and his grandson Probat, 1975 have continued the fame of this line.

Seven stallions descending from Bad Afas were used in Polish breeding: Abu Afas, 1947; Arcus 1947; Comet, 1953; Branibor, 1958 (Derby); Probat, 1975; Enrilo, 1981; Gil, 1981 (Polish National Reserve Champion Stallion, Janow 1986); and Fawor, 1981 (Polish National, European and World Champion in 1983).

Many of the horses descended from this line represent the highest class and beauty: Emisja, 1984, Polish National Senior Champion Mare, Janow 1984; Cyrenajka, 1975, Polish National Senior Reserve Champion Mare, Janow 1984; and Almeria, 1984, Polish National Junior Reserve Champion Mare, Janow 1985.

The fifth stallion, Faher, 1953 (Trypolis x Ferha) did not compete at the races but completed his persistence tests at Janow's training establishment. His grandsons and great-grandsons were winners of eight classic stakes, two Oaks, three Derbys and three Criteriums. The last of these winners was the stallion Traf, 1980 who won the Derby in 1984.

Several of Faher's offspring were used for breeding in Poland: three sons, Arragon, 1959, Almifar, 1960, and El Azrak, 1960; two grandsons, Elef, 1969, and Banat, 1967, Great Britain Champion Stallion; and two great-grandsons, Czako, 1979 and Wigor, 1980.

The sixth of the noted stallions is Bandos, 1964 (Negatiw x Bandola) whose offspring won the Oaks twice, the Derby twice, and the Criterium three times; in addition, his granddaughter won the Oaks and his grandson the Derby and Criterium, for a total of ten classic stakes. Six of Bandos' sons were used in breeding: Andos, 1972; Eukaliptus, 1974, Polish National Champion Stallion, Janow 1979; Wist, 1973; Enos, 1975, Polish National Champion Stallion, Janow 1981; Eternit, 1976; Pepton, 1977, twice Polish National Champion Stallion, Janow 1983 and 1984.

A number of Bandos' daughters have also won important stakes: Winda, 1977, Polish National Junior Champion Mare, Janow 1979; Enklawa, 1974, Polish National Junior Reserve Champion Mare, Janow 1979; Pianola, 1982, Polish National Junior Champion Mare, Janow 1983; Pentoda, 1970, Polish National Senior Reserve Champion Mare, Janow 1983; Pektyna, 1983, Polish National Junior Champion Mare, Janow 1984; and Arra, 1975, Polish National Senior Champion Mare, Janow 1986.

This is only a partial listing of the successes of the descendants of Bandos, who at the age of 18 years was sold, in 1982, to the United States for \$806,000.

In analyzing the pedigrees of five of these stallions — the most brave and handsome founders of the lines — we will see, as with the mares, that they descend in a direct line from the stallions and mares imported from the desert by the Gumniska stud in 1931. Probably that was the last purchase of such valuable Oriental horses, descending directly from their ancient progenitors. These stallions are:

Wielki Szlem — Ofir — Kuhailan Haifi, or.Ar.;
 Czort — Wielki Szlem — Ofir — Kuhailan Haifi, or.Ar.;
 Kuhailan Abu Urkub — Kuhailan Zaid, or.Ar.;
 Bad Afas — Kuhailan Afas, or.Ar.;
 Bandos — Negatiw — Naseem — Skowronek — Ibrahim, or.Ar.

Faher's dam Ferha, 1943, had three second generation imports: Kuhailan Zaid, or.Ar.; Kuhailan Kruszan, or.Ar.; and Szeikha, or.Ar. This record shows the strength and importance of transferring persistence qualities, which these excellent Kuhailan-type horses possess, being the last Arabian horses of truly purebred imported from the desert to Europe.

In summarizing this short description of 60 years of Arabian Horse Races in Poland, I wish to caution those who develop similar racing programs in their countries, to thoroughly analyze the race programs in all countries currently running pure Arabian races and specifically note those horses. If the type and beauty meet your standards, adopt the same regulations. The Arabian breed is too precious to be developed in any other direction.

THE WINNERS OF CLASSIC STAKES RACED IN THE YEARS 1927-1939:

Year	Oaks	Derby	Criterion
1927	Sahiba 1924 /Nana Sahib I - Donka/ Breniow	Sahiba 1924 /Nana Sahib I - Donka/ Breniow	did not race
1928	Hyrda 1924 /Muczin - Sahara/ Gumniska	Flisak 1924 /Bakszysz - Elstera/ Janow	Dywersja 1925 /Wallis II - Lutecja/ Behen
1929	Dywersja 1925 /Wallis II - Lutecja/ Behen	Dywersja 1925 /Wallis II - Lutecja/ Behen	Dywersja 1925 /Wallis II - Lutecja/ Behen
1930	Djebella 1926 /Djebel - Anchallah/ Francja	Hardy 1926 /Ganges I - Gazella II/ Janow	Ikwa 1927 /Koheilan I - Elstera/ Janow
1931	Ikwa 1927 /Koheilan I - Elstera/ Janow	Ikwa 1927 /Koheilan I - Elstera/ Janow	Kortoum 1928 /El Shaa or.Ar. - Kloumi/ Francja
1932	Mabrucha 1928 /Pielgrzym Thuja - Lysa/ Bronice	Jagoda 1928 /Koheilan I - Kalina/ Janow	Kaszmir 1929 /Farys II - Hebda/ Janow
1933	Kostrzewa 1929 Koheilan I - Dziewanna/ Janow	Kaszmir 1929 /Farys II - Hebda/ Janow	Kaszmir 1929 /Farys II - Hebda/ Janow
1934	Elsissa 1930 /Floks - Arabia/ Bronice	Labirynt 1930 /Koheilan I - Ameryka/ Janow	Kaszmir 1929 /Farys II - Hebda Janow
1935	Malutka 1931 /Koheilan I - Elegantka/ Janow	In Nedjari 1931 /Nedjari - Sahiba/ Breniow	Hazard 1930 /Ricordo - Hadudi/ Bezmiechowa
1936	Rutbah 1932 /Nedjari - Djebella/ Gumniska	Rutbah 1932 /Nedjari - Djebella/ Gumniska	Hadjar 1933 /Hardy - Dydona/ Dobuzek
1937	Sagar 1933 /Kuhailan Kruszan or.Ar. - Djebella/ Gumniska	Sagar 1933 /Kuhailan Kruszan or.Ar. - Djebella/ Gumniska	Obozny 1933 /Hardy - Ferja/ Janow
1938	Trophee 1934 /Kuhailan Kruszan or.Ar. - Djebella/ Gumniska	Jarema 1934 /Madaras - Dywersja/ Derazne	Markiz 1935 /Kuhailan Kruszan or. Ar. - Muftaszara/ Breniow
1939	Ramajana 1935 /Almanzor - Fryga/ Janow	Urgence 1935 /Nedjari - Djebella/ Gumniska	

The horses Hyrda 1928 and Labirynt 1930 were half-bred horses. In the years 1940-1943, the races took place, but not for selection concerning their persistence. It was only necessary to maintain the horses and racecourse staff. For this reason, I will not mention the results from these years.

THE WINNERS OF CLASSIC STAKES RACED IN THE YEARS 1947-1986:

Year	Oaks	Derby	Criterion
1947	Panienka 1944 /Floks - Ilonka/ Krasnica	Faruk 1944 /Kuhailan Abu Urkub - Urgence/ Gumniska	Faruk 1944 /Kuhailan Abu Urkub - Urgence/ Gumniska
1948	Jutrzenka 1944 /Kaszmir - Cemira/ Pelkinie	Omar 1944 /Wielki Szlem - Gomiya/ Pelkinie	Grand 1944 /Kuhailan Abu Urkub- Sagar/ Gumniska
1949	Werbena 1945 /Wojski - Kalina Wnuczka/ Janow	Babilon 1945 /Bard - Jaffa/ Udorz	Grand 1944 /Kuhailan Abu Urkub- Sagar/ Gumniska
1950	Galka 1946 /Marabut - Orda/ Janow	Laur 1946 /Lotnik - Kalina/ Janow	Laur 1946 /Lotnik - Kalina/ Janow
1951	Adis Abeba 1947 /Amurath Sahib - Ofirka/ Janow	Alabaster 1947 /Bad Afas - Rozeta/ Nowy Dwor	Alabaster 1947 /Bad Afas - Rozeta/ Nowy Dwor
1952	Badiara 1948 /Bad Afas - Mokdiara/ Nowy Dwor	Badiara 1948 /Bad Afas - Mokdiara/ Nowy Dwor	Czort 1949 /Wielki Szlem - Forta/ Nowy Dwor
1953	Czeremcha 1949 /El Haifi - Kalia/ Albigowa	Czardasz 1949 /Wielki Szlem - Baza/ Nowy Dwor	Czardasz 1949 /Wielki Szlem - Baza/ Nowy Dwor
1954	Dyska 1950 /Wielki Szlem - Forta/ Klemensow	Don Lambro 1950 /Wielki Szlem - Alhambra/ Nowy Dwor	Czort 1949 /Wielki Szlem - Forta/ Nowy Dwor
1955	Estokada 1951 /Amurath Sahib - Saga/ Klemensow	Equifor 1951 /Amurath Sahib - Forta Klemensow	Estokada 1951 /Amurath Sahib - Saga/ Klemensow
1956	Kochana 1952 /Wielki Szlem - Kaszma/ Nowy Dwor	Potencja 1952 /Priboj - Taktika/ Tersk	Bej Assan 1953 /El Haifi - Balalajka/ Albigowa
1957	Kantaryda 1953 /Witraz - Katona/ Albigowa	Mir Said 1953 /Gabor - Mira/ Albigowa	Mir Said 1953 /Gabor - Mira/ Albigowa
1958	Sabellina 1954 /Abu Afas - Sabda/ Nowy Dwor	Sabellina 1954 /Abu Afas - Sabda/ Nowy Dwor	Falset 1955 /Rozmaryn - Fanfara/ Klemensow
1959	Harfa 1955 /Omar II - Arfa/ Albigowa	Wisnicz 1955 /Omar II - Wielka Zorza/ Albigowa Otrok 1955 /Rozmaryn - Orda/ Michalow	Bej Assan 1953 /El Haifi - Balalajka/ Albigowa
1960	Abhazja 1956 /Omar II - Arfa/ Albigowa	Semen 1956 /Laur - Sokora/ Albigowa	Semen 1956 /Laur - Sokora/ Albigowa
1961	Fregata 1957 /Rozmaryn - Fanfara/ Michalow	Mirza 1957 /Nabor - Mira/ Albigowa	Semen 1956 /Nabor - Mira/ Albigowa
1962	Prowarda 1958 /Korej - Prowierka/ Albigowa	Prowarda 1958 /Korej - Prowierka/ Albigowa Branibor 1958 /Arcus - Bajdara/ Nowy Dwor	Prowarda 1958 /Korej - Prowierka/ Albigowa

THE WINNERS OF CLASSIC STAKES RACED IN THE YEARS 1947-1986:

(continued)

Year	Oaks	Derby	Criterium
1963	Esterka 1959 /Ararchistka - Estokada/ Michalow	Badi Szach 1959 /Gwarny - Badiara/ Michalow	Badi Szach 1959 /Gwarny - Badiara/ Michalow
1964	Santa 1960 /Czort - Sabellina/ Nowy Dwor	Santa 1960 /Czort - Sabellina/ Nowy Dwor	Granat 1960 /Grand - Gazella/ Michalow
1965	Fatma 1961 /Anarchista - Forta/ Michalow	Wosk 1961 /Pietuszok - Worskla/ Albigowa	Orla 1962 /Pietuszok - Ofirka/ Janow
1966	Orla 1962 /Pietuszok - Ofirka/ Janow	Orla 1962 /Pietuszok - Ofirka/ Janow	Orla 1962 /Pietuszok - Ofirka/ Janow
1967	Beatricze 1963 /Pietuszok - Bandola/ Janow	Krezus 1963 /Czort - Kreolka/ Janow	Krezus 1963 /Czort - Kreolka/ Janow
1968	Algoa 1964 /Czort - Algonkina/ Janow	Sabbat 1964 /Czort - Sabellina/ Janow	Dunajec 1964 /Branibor - Dyska/ Michalow Algoa 1964 /Czort - Algonkina/ Janow
1969	Cerkaria 1965 /Ferrum - Cerekiew/ Janow	Elbrus 1965 /Mir Said - Ellenai/ Janow	Dunajec 1964 /Branibor - Dyska/ Michalow
1970	Bajra 1966 /Czort - Bajdara/ Janow	Elfur 1966 /Czort - Ellora/ Janow	Frajter 1966 /Czardasz - Fregata/ Michalow
1971	Pardwa 1967 /Kord - Porfira/ Michalow	Finisz 1967 /Czardasz - Forta/ Michalow	Finisz 1967 /Czardasz - Forta/ Michalow
1972	Sasanka 1968 /Almifar - Santa/ Janow	Sasanka 1968 /Almifar - Santa/ Janow	Sasanka 1968 /Almifar - Santa/ Janow
1973	Samarra 1969 /Arragon - Sala/ Janow	Pierrot 1969 /Czort - Pierzga/ Janow	Pierrot 1969 /Czort - Pierzga/ Janow
1974	Forsa 1970 /Negatiw - Fortunata/ Michalow	Sanos 1970 /Magnat - Santa/ Janow	Pierrot 1969 /Czort - Pierzga/ Janow
1975	Orgia 1971 /Krezus - Orla/ Janow	Orgia 1971 /Krezus - Orla/ Janow	Orgia 1971 /Krezus - Orla/ Janow
1976	Elodia 1972 /Chazar - Emocja/ Michalow	Bok 1972 /Elbrus - Bogata/ Janow	Marker 1972 /Elbrus - Morena/ Janow
1977	Nawa 1973 /Bandos - Nowa/ Janow	Kabaret 1972 /Bandos - Kreolka/ Janow	Figaro 1971 /Negatiw - Fortunata/ Michalow
1978	Alwernia 1974 /Celebes - Aleksja/ Janow	Sarenka 1974 /Tryptyk - Sasanka/ Janow	Arra 1975 /Bandos - Arba/ Janow
1979	Arra 1975 /Bandos - Arba/ Janow	Arra 1975 /Bandos - Arba/ Janow	Rozbojnik 1976 /Melon - Rokada/ Kurozweki
1980	Pieczec 1976 /Palas - Pierzga/ Janow	Mahon 1976 /Tryptyk - Matwa/ Kurozweki	Embargo 1975 /Gedymin - Emilia/ Michalow

THE WINNERS OF CLASSIC STAKES RACED IN THE YEARS 1947-1986:

(continued)

Year	Oaks	Derby	Criterion
1981	Saszetka 1977 /Engano - Sasanka/ Janow	Saszetka 1977 /Engano - Sasanka/ Janow	Pepton 1977 /Bandos - Pemba/ Janow
1982	Wydra 1978 /Euftrat - Wilczura/ Michalow	Element 1978 /Melon - Ellonga/ Kurozweki	Piechur 1979 /Banat - Pierzeja/ Janow
1983	Kasata 1979 /Etap - Kasta/ Janow	Piechur 1979 /Banat - Pierzeja/ Janow	Sart 1976 /Celebes - Sala/ Janow
1984	Sanna 1980 /Wist - Sasanka/ Janow	Traf 1980 /Elef - Trema/ Kurozweki	Zloty Potok 1981 /Bandos - Zamiec/ Kurozweki
1985	Nadoba 1981 /Ariel - Nadzieja/ L. Rybczynski	Dalida 1981 /Probat - Draperia/ Michalow	Europejczyk 1982 /El Paso - Europa/ Janow
1986	Etylina 1982 /Eternit - Etykieta/ Michalow	Europejczyk 1982 /El Paso - Europa/ Janow	Errlis 1982 /Probat - Estrela/ Michalow

The races began in 1946, after World War II. At that time only three-year-olds were raced; therefore the classic stakes were not held.



*Grey stallion Gabaryt 1982
(Banat x Gambia), bred at
Janów Podlaski Stud, Polish
National Reserve Junior
Champion Stallion 1983.
Sire line 18 (Krzyzyk or.Ar.).*

DAM LINES:

The family of the mare Gazella, or.Ar., progeny of Kohejl Agius, imported in 1845 to Jarczowce, is presently composed of at least 54 mares, all of which are in the studs. During the period 1983-1986, three stallions who trace their origins to this family were used in breeding: Gil, 1981 (Probat x Gildia); Tallin, 1978 (Nabieg x Talantliwaja); and Wigor, 1980 (Elf x Wieza); and in 1987, Gabaryt, 1982 (Banat x Gambia) was added. During this period, nine stallions and 33 mares from this family were exported.

A series of horses descended from the outstanding mares Rozeta, Ofirka, Wilga, Porfira and Gahdar have distinguished themselves in breeding shows and obtained high prices at export sales.

Rozeta, 1935, is now represented in the studs by eight mares, descended from her daughter Cerozja, 1949: Cyrkulacja, 1974, (produced three mares selected for breeding); Cyrenajka, 1975 (dam of one stallion and one mare), took first place in the class of seven-to-ten-year-old mares, at Aachen 1983, and second place in the class of broodmares at Janow 1984, and Cedula 1977 was included in breeding in the previous period. During the period from 1983-1986 the following mares were selected for breeding: Cyganeria, 1980, dimensions 153-179-18; Celebracja, 1981, dimensions 147-177-17.5, a distinguished beauty; Cynia, 1982, dimensions 151-181-18, promising; Cuszima, 1983, dimensions 149-180-18; and Cieciorka, 1984, dimensions 145-183-18.5. Also during the same period, two mares and two stallions, Cytrys, 1981 and Cyrano, 1981, descended from Rozeta, were exported.

Ofirka, 1939 is represented in the studs by offspring of her three daughters, Gastronomnia, 1946, Adis Abeba, 1947 and Orla, 1962.

Eleven mares descended from Gastronomnia presently serve in the studs. Of these, several were selected in an earlier period: Garsella, 1972, dam of two mares; Gonagra, 1965, dam of the stallion Gondolier, 1974, and six mares; Godna, 1980, dam of Gambia, 1972, stallion Gabaryt, 1982, and one mare; Gilza, 1967, one stallion and six mares; Gildia, 1975, the stallion Gil, 1981, and two mares; and Gizela, 1977. In the present period the following mares were selected for breeding at Michalow stud which has great hopes for them: Gaja, 1983, dimensions 152-187-18 — and some distinguished beauties, such as Gitara, 1980, dimensions 149-176-18; Getynga, 1981, dimensions 152-190-18; and Gasawa, 1982, dimensions 152-176-19. In 1976 the stallion Garwolin and six mares were exported. Of these two were sold at the Polish Ovation Sale bringing \$100,000 U.S. for Gitana, 1980, and \$300,000 U.S. for Gradacja, 1982.

Two mares descended from Adis Abeba were exported and three others are presently used for breeding: Artemida, 1969, dam of one stallion and four mares; Arteria, 1981, dimensions, 149-182-18, one of the most beautiful daughters of the stallion Probat; and Areta, 1983, dimensions 146-167-18.

The third daughter of Ofirka, Orla, presently has seven descendent mares in the studs, of which Ostka, 1975, dam of one mare; Orka, 1979; Orchidea, 1980; and Orlica, 1975, two mares, were previously discussed. Prior to this period, three mares were chosen for the studs: Ostrozka, 1983, dimensions 147-173-18, Polish National Junior Reserve Champion Mare, Janow 1984; Ordynacja, 1981, dimensions 153-176-18, a distinguished beauty, and Orfika, 1984, dimensions 149-178-18.5. During this period two mares, one of which was the Derby winner, beautiful Orgia, 1971, and the stallion Ortalion, 1980, were exported.

The outstanding mare Wilga, 1938, initiated the extended subline through her daughters Carmen, 1942, Arwila, 1947, Worskla, 1956, and Wieszcza, 1957.

Carmen has nine descendent mares presently used in the studs. Of these, several were selected in the prior period: Kama, 1971, dam of two mares; Candela, 1978, European Champion, Aachen 1983; Cartagena, 1978, one mare; Kometa, 1971, four mares; and Kabala, 1978, European Reserve Champion Mare, Aachen 1983, third place in the World Championship, Paris 1983, Junior Champion Mare, Janow 1979. Later, the following mares were chosen for the studs: Kasata, 1979, dimensions 150-180-18.5, one of the most beautiful daughters of Etap, and three others distinguishing themselves by beauty: Carmina, 1983, dimensions 147-187-18; Klonica, 1981, dimensions 151-180-19; and Kolia, 1982, dimensions 150-186-18. In the period of 1983-86, the following horses descended from Carmen were exported: the stallion Karnawal, 1980, and six mares, of which the highest prices obtained were at the Polish Ovation Sale in 1985 for Contessa, 1980 — \$125,000, Karabela, 1976 — \$151,000, and Cancona, 1980 — \$235,000.

The only descendent of Worskla who was selected for breeding in the previous period is the mare Wineta, 1980, dimensions 151-170-17.5, one of the most valuable daughters of Etap. During that period, Wist, 1973 and Wiking, 1979, and one mare, all descendants of Worskala, were exported.

Bay mare Wiorsta, 1975 (Banat x Wieszcka), bred at Kurozweki Stud, gold medalist and winner in the class four- to eight-year-old mares, Nations Cup, Stockholm 1982. Dam line I (Gazella or.Ar.).



There are presently three mares and one stallion at the Kurozweki stud who are descended from Wieszcka: Wiorsta, 1975, dam of one mare, gold medalist and winner in the class of four- to eight-year-old mares, Nations Cup, Stockholm 1982; Wojenka, 1982, dimensions 145-185-18, one of the most precious mares in Bialka; and Winnica, 1981, dimensions 154-189-19, one of the most beautiful daughters of Bandos; and the stallion Wigor, 1980. Five mares descended from Wieszcka were exported during this period, the most important being Wibracja, 1979, sold at the 1985 Polish Ovation Sale for \$450,000 U.S.

Porfira, 1953, is presently represented in the studs by three mares: Pliszka, 1973, dam of two mares, was mentioned in the previous period; Premia, 1981, dimensions 155-187-19.3 Polish National Senior Reserve Champion Mare, Janow 1985; and Plisa, 1982, dimensions 152-185-19.

Gahdar, 1942, is represented in the studs by eight mares, four of whom were formerly chosen for breeding: Mila, 1971, dam of four mares; Maczeta, 1978; Mitra, 1969, dam of three mares, Polish National Senior Reserve Champion Mare, Janow 1980; and Miranda, 1976. In the present period the other four excellent mares chosen were: Margola, 1982, dimensions 152-174-18.5, Marz, 1983; dimensions 152-180-18.7; Malwina, 1982, dimensions 154-180-19, and Mitrega, 1982, dimensions 149-176-18. During this period, three mares descended from Gahdar were exported; one, Malawita, 1979, sold for \$160,000 and another, Milada, 1977, brought \$325,000 at the 1985 Polish Ovation Sale.

From 1983-1986 two stallions and five mares from the family of Gazella, or.Ar., were exported for private breeding.

Bay mare Miranda 1976 (El Paso x Mitra), bred at Michalów State Stud. Dam line I (Gazella or.Ar.).



The family of the mare Mlecha, or.Ar., progeny of Kohejlan Dueni, imported to Jarczowce stud in 1845. Mlecha is represented by forty mares in the studs. During the period 1983-1986, seven stallions of this line were selected for breeding: Banat, 1967 (Elaazrak x Bandola); Dylemat, 1974 (Gedymin x Delia); Haracz, 1976 (Palas x Harmonia); Argo, 1976 (Gwarny x Arba); Set, 1977 (Etap x Sekwana); Czako, 1979 (Banat x Czapelka); and Balon, 1979 (Gwarny x Ballada), leased in 1986 to Sweden. Also in 1986 Armaniak, 1979 (Banat x Arba) was leased to France. During this period, 12 stallions and 20 mares were exported, many of them distinguishing themselves at the breeding shows and obtaining high prices at the export sales. These horses descended from the outstanding mares Afta, Cemira, Mabruta, Sabda, and Balalajka.

Afta, 1931, is represented by three mares which descend from her daughters Akra, 1941, and Alhambra, 1943: Akra's Duga, 1983, dimensions 147-180-18; Alhambra's Trema, 1972, who produced two stallions and three mares; and the very beautiful Tania, 1981, dimensions 150-175-18. During this period, Afta's two stallions Dylemat, 1974, Swedish National Champion, and Donald, 1981 were exported along with one of Alhambra's mares and two of her stallions, Trzos, 1979, and Traf, 1980, winner of the Derby.

Cemira, 1983 is represented in the studs by eight mares, offspring of her daughters Munira, 1942 and Cerekiew, 1951.

Three mares descend from Munira: Boliwia, 1976, selected in the previous period, and Borowina, 1979, dimensions 150-180-18, one of the most valuable daughters of the stallion Etap, and Babilonia, 1982, dimensions 152-184-18, both chosen in the present period. Two other Munira mares were exported.

Five mares descend from Cerekiew: Ceregiela, 1974, who produced one stallion and one mare, and Ceratka, 1977, one mare, both chosen previously; and Ceneria, 1978, dimensions 153-182-18, Cena, 1982 dimensions 149-177-17, and Ceratonia, 1983, dimensions 148-164-18 selected this period. Recently exported from this family were the stallions, Cenzor, 1979, Cereus, 1981, and Czarsk, 1984.

Mabruta, 1940, has two descendants in the studs, through her daughter Czaruta, 1949: Czasza, 1976, was selected in a former period and Czara, 1982, a great beauty with dimensions of 152-173-18.5 was chosen for breeding during the period under discussion. Also selected for breeding was Mabruta's progeny, the stallion Czako, 1979. During this time three of the family mares were exported, including Czapelka, 1970, who sold for \$80,000.

Sabda, 1940, is currently represented by ten mares descended from her three daughters, Salwa, 1945, Sakwa, 1953, and Sabellina, 1954.

Four mares descend from Salwa: Sarabanda, 1973, who produced three mares, and Saradela, 1979, both selected in the preceding period; and Samosiera, 1980, dimensions 151-184-18.5, and Saracenia, 1981, dimensions 148-178-18. Sakwa produced only one mare selected for breeding, Salopa, 1981, dimensions 147-176-17.5; and one stallion, Set 1977 (Etap x Sekwana) descending from the mare Sakwa. One mare and the stallion Sekstans, 1979 were exported.

Sabellina produced five mares selected for breeding, including, from the previous period, Saszetka, 1977, Derby winner, who had one mare; and two distinguished beauties, Sanna, 1980, dimensions 150-176-18, and Simla, 1981, dimensions 155-182-19. The mare Sawanna, 1978, was exported and sold for \$100,000.

Balalajka, 1941, is represented by 17 mares, descended from her daughters Arfa, 1947 and Bandola, 1948. It is a rare thing to breed such a beautiful, outstanding mare as Balalajka, who was foaled and bred in the very small stud Krasnica, owned by Teresa Raciborska, who had only two mares.

Thirteen mares descend from Arfa, four of whom were included in the previous period: Harmonia, 1972, dam of six mares; Harmonijka, 1974, two mares; Arra, 1975, two mares — European Champion Mare, Paris 1983, and Polish National Senior Champion Mare, Janow 1986; and Arena, 1977, two mares. In the period under discussion, nine mares were selected for breeding: Halka 1979, dimensions, 147-174-18; Artystka, 1983, dimensions 153-182-19; Haubica, 1981, dimensions 149-179-18; Heraldyka, 1982,

dimensions 147-175-18; Hajnowka, 1981, dimensions 151-182-18, Hancza, 1983, dimensions 148-165-18; Hazena, 1984, dimensions 151-180-18; Haiti, 1980, dimensions 152-185-18.5; and Aldara, 1983, dimensions 146-166-18.



*Dark bay mare Beliza 1979
(Etap x Beatrice), bred at
Janów Podlaski Stud, Polish
National Reserve Champion
Mare 1984. Dam line II
(Mlecha or Ar.).*

Nine mares were exported during this period including Harmonia, 1966 who sold for \$215,000 and Armada, 1980, bringing \$400,000 and Hacjenda, 1980, \$610,000 at the 1985 Polish Ovation Sale held in the United States. Also exported in 1985 was the stallion Haracz, 1976, a previous Polish sire who sold for \$380,000. Chosen for the studs were the stallions Argo, 1976 (Gwarny x Arba), Polish National Champion Stallion, Janow 1986, and Armaniak, 1979 (Banat x Arba) — for 1987.

Four mares descended from Bandola were selected for breeding during the period 1983-1986. Representing great beauty were: Beta, 1982, dimensions 152-180-18.5, Polish National Senior Reserve Champion Mare, Janow 1986, and European Senior Reserve Champion Mare, Aachen 1986; Beliza, 1979, dimensions 150-180-18.5, Polish National Senior Reserve Champion Mare, Janow 1984; Bolanda, 1980, dimensions 144-176-17; and Balladyna, 1980, dimensions 150-173-18. Three Bandola mares were exported including Bandama, 1970, who brought \$650,000 at the 1985 Polish Ovation Sale. Three stallions were also exported, including Bekas, 1980, Baltyk, 1977, and the famous Banat, 1967 who sold for \$525,000.

The family of the mare Sahara, or. Ar., progeny of Kohejlan Moradi, imported to Jarczowce stud in 1845. This family is represented in the studs by 23 mares and the two stallions Eukaliptus, 1974 (Bandos x Eunice) and Mamluk, 1970 (Aswan x Monograma); and joining them in 1987, Europejczyk, 1982 (El Paso x Europa), Derby winner, unbeaten at the track. Also during this period, three stallions and four mares were exported, many of them distinguishing themselves at the shows and obtaining high prices at the sales. They descend from the outstanding mares Mokdiara, Epizoda and Mammona.

Mokdiara, 1940, is now represented by five mares, which descend from her daughters Massina, 1959, and Mandragora, 1961. Four mares descend from Massina, two of which — Mekka, 1974, produced two mares, and Maskotka, 1978 — were included in the previous period; the other two are Miss, 1984, dimensions 146-179-17.5, and Matryca, 1980, dimensions 148-180-19.3. Three mares were exported, including Maskota, 1965, who sold for \$77,000 and Modena, 1979, for \$90,000

Mandragora had only one descendent mare selected for breeding during this period, Maksyma, 1983, dimensions 145-179-18; and one mare exported.

Epizoda, 1944, is represented by 16 mares who trace their origins back to her daughters Daribba, 1950, and Epigona, 1953. Two mares descend from Daribba: one from the previous period, Debica, 1972, who produced two selected mares; and Debowka, 1981, dimensions 153-181-19. Two of these mares and the stallion Dryl, 1975, were exported.



Bay stallion Europejczyk 1982 (El Paso x Europa), bred at Janów Podlaski Stud, unbeaten at the racetrack, winner of Produce, Derby and Criterium Stakes, Polish National Reserve Champion Stallion 1987. Sire line 21 (Kuhailan Haifi or.Ar.).

Fourteen mares descend from Epigona, several mentioned in the previous breeding period: Eufonia, 1966, who produced seven mares; her daughters, Euforia, 1974, five mares; Erytrea, 1978; and Europa, 1975 – one of the most valuable daughters of Bandos – who produced the stallion Europejczyk, 1982, and two mares. Included in this breeding period are ten of Epigona's descendants. They are: Egri, 1981, dimensions 149-181-19; Euglena, 1983, dimensions 146-180-18; Everesta, 1980, dimensions 150-166-18.5; Ejnja, 1980, dimensions 148-180-18; Estetka, 1982, dimensions 147-177-18.5; Eksplozja, 1983, dimensions 151-180-19; Erynia, 1980, dimensions 152-180-18, Eza 1981, dimensions 152-188-19.5; Eurazja, 1981, dimensions 147-173-18; and Euterpe, 1983, dimensions 149-181-18. Four mares were sold at the 1985 Polish Ovation Auction with Estyma, 1979, bringing \$535,000 U.S.; and the stallion Euros, 1978, was also exported to the U.S. Two stallions descended from Epigona, Eukaliptus, 1974 (Bandos x Eunice) and Europejczyk, 1982 (El Paso x Europa) were selected for breeding.

Mammona, 1939, is now represented in the Polish studs by two mares, descending from her great-granddaughter, Newa, 1966: Natura, 1979, selected in the previous period; and Neftyda, 1983, dimensions 152-175-18 in this period.

During 1983-1986 two additional mares from the Sahara family have been represented in breeding. They are Karmen II, 1937, with two mares who were exported; and Kaszma, 1939, also with two exported and a third which was eliminated from breeding.



Grey mare Euforia 1974 (Bandos x Eufonia), bred at Kurozwęki Stud. Dam line III. (Sahara or.Ar.).

The family of the mare Milordka, foaled approximately 1810 in Slawuta. Forty mares currently represent this family in the Polish studs, as well as four stallions. The stallions are: Partner, 1970 (Eleuzis x Parma); Parys, 1974 (Tryptyk x Parma); Embargo, 1975 (Gedymin x Emilia); and Enrilo, 1981 (Probat x Emisja); and selected for 1987, Endel, 1981 (Palas x Elwira) and Garnizon, 1982 (Probat x Glownia). During 1983-1986, six stallions and 15 mares were exported, many of them gaining honors at breeding shows and bringing high prices at the sales. They are descended from the outstanding mares Ela, Canaria, Estokada and Koalicja.

Ela, 1951, is represented in the studs by 11 mares who descend from her five daughters: Elokwencja, 1957; Etola, 1962; Elegia, 1965; Emilia, 1969; and Etykieta, 1974. Emka, 1976, is the only Elokwencja descendent mare selected for breeding.

Etola has four mares who represent her: Elana, 1971, who produced two stallions and three mares, took first place in the class of 11-years-and-older mares in Leiden 1985 and was mentioned in the previous period; Elena, 1983, dimensions 145-176-17.5; Erudycja, 1982, dimensions 150-180-19; and Egzotyka, 1982, dimensions 151-187-19. The only stallion exported was Edykt, 1980. Erotyka, 1979, was the only mare descended from Elegia who was selected in the previous period.

Emilia is represented by the mares Eulalia, 1979, dimensions 150-178-18.3, and Enna, 1982, dimensions 149-178-18; and one of her mares who was exported. Etykieta had two of her progeny selected during this period: Etap, 1981, dimensions 149-173-19, and Etylina, 1982, dimensions 152-176-18.5. Canaria, 1942, is represented by eleven mares which descend from her daughters: Gwara, 1946, Cosmosa, 1950, and Czatanoga, 1959.

Seven mares represent Gwara. Previously mentioned were: Gwardia, 1965, who produced eight mares; Glownia, 1973, one mare and the stallion Garnizon, 1982; and Gromadka, 1976, 12 mares. In this period, the mares selected were: Glowica, 1983, dimensions 147-170-18.3; Guldynka, 1982, dimensions 150-171-17.5; Gromada, 1983, dimensions 150-181-18; and Gala, 1983, dimensions 151-184-18.5. The stallion Garnizon, 1982 (Probat x Glownia), was selected for the year 1987. Only one mare was exported.

The second Canaria daughter, Cosmosa, has two descendants presently in the studs: Catalina, 1974, selected in the previous period who has produced one mare; and Canta Bella, 1981, dimensions 148-186-18.

Two mares descended from Czatanoga: Cytra, 1973, selected in the previous period who produced one mare; and Ciecwiwa, 1981, a very beautiful mare whose dimensions are 152-176-19. During this time, five mares were exported, three of them sold at the U.S. Polish Ovation Sale in 1985: Caryca, 1972, for \$90,000, Carowna, 1981, for \$105,000 and Camea, 1977, for \$550,000. In 1986 Camea was chosen Canadian National Champion Mare.

Estokada, 1951, is represented by 20 mares, who descend from her three daughters, Eskapada, 1960, Estebna, 1961 and Estonia, 1964.

Ten descendants of Eskapada are currently in the studs. This number includes mares from the previous period: Espada, 1968, who produced three mares; Ekstaza, 1969, one stallion and five mares; and Elsynora, 1978. In this period are included: Etika, 1982, dimensions 149-170-18, and the distinguished beauties Emigracja, 1980, dimensions 149-183-18.3, Estancja, 1983, dimensions, 152-189-18.5; Ekspansja, 1979, dimensions 148-176-18; Epopeja, 1978, dimensions, 152-180-18.3; Etapka, 1980, dimensions 150-172-17.3; and Emfaza, 1980, dimensions 150-183-19, first place winner in the class for six-year-old mares, Aachen 1968. Also distinguishing themselves at the shows were — Emisja, 1974, Polish National Senior Champion Mare, Janow 1984, and Emigrantka, 1985, Polish National Junior Reserve Champion Mare, Janow 1986. Exported during this period were two mares, and two stallions, Erwin, 1976 and Enrilo, 1981 (Probat x Emisja), a former Polish sire who sold for \$110,000.

Of the four mares descended from Estebna, Elegancja, 1976 (included in the previous period selections) produced one mare. The other three were Esperanca, 1982, dimensions 153-174-18; Esmeralda, 1979, dimensions 149-180-18, and Elewka, 1983, dimensions 150-176-18, 3, Polish National Junior Champion Mare, Janow 1985. Two mares and one



ABOVE: Grey mare Emigracja 1980 (Palas x Emisja), bred at Michalów State Stud. Dam line V (Milordka).

AT RIGHT: Grey stallion Endel 1981 (Palas x Elwira), bred at Michalów State Stud, winner of the International Arabian Horse Show, Ostende 1987. Sire line 30 (Saklawi I, Egypt).



stallion, Erydan, 1985, were exported. In 1987, the stallion Endel, 1981 (Palas x Elwira), was selected for the studs.

Of the six mares descended from Estonia, Estrela, 1975 (included in the previous period), produced one mare. Those selected during the current period were: Elfryda, 1982, dimensions 150-171-18; Esoretka, 1983, dimensions 148-169-18; Estela, 1981, dimensions 149-175-18, 5; Eskandia, 1981, dimensions 150-180-18; and Egzorta 1983, dimensions 150-182-18, 7. Egina, 1984, distinguished herself at the shows winning the titles of European Junior Reserve Champion Mare, Aachen 1986, and Polish National Junior Champion Mare, Janow 1986. Three mares were exported during this time, including Essorta, 1979, who sold for \$117,000.

Koalicja, 1918, is represented by three mares: Parma, 1966, who produced four

stallions and four mares, and Partita, 1976, selected in the previous period; and Parabola, 1981, dimensions 149-180-17.5, who took first place in the class for two-year-old mares, Janow 1983. The stallion Pasat, 1978, and one mare were exported during this period. Selected for the studs were the stallions Parys, 1974 (Tryptyk x Parma), and Partner, 1970 (Eleuzis x Parma), and in 1987, Polonez, 1980 (Etap x Parma).

The family of the mare Ukrainka, foaled in approximately 1815 in Slawuta. This family is represented by 23 mares presently in the studs. The two stallions selected for breeding during this period were Fanatyk, 1978 (Aloes x Fatima), and Fawor, 1981 (Probat x Fatma). During this time, three stallions and 22 mares were exported, and a number of horses of this family distinguished themselves at the shows bringing high prices at export sales. All of these horses descend from the mare Forta, 1943, and from her daughters Dyska, 1950, Forsycja, 1954, Ferezja, 1956, Fatma, 1961, and Forteca, 1965.

Nine mares currently in the studs descend from Dyska, of which Dzierlatka, 1977 and Donna, 1973, who produced three mares and one stallion, were selected for breeding in the previous period. Current mares are Debora, 1979, dimensions 151-162-18.5;

Dabrowka, 1983, dimensions 145-175-18; Darowizna, 1981, dimensions 149-180-18.5; Delenda, 1983, dimensions 150-169-18.5; Dekada, 1982, dimensions 150-173-18.5; Donia, 1982, dimensions 150-175-18, 5; and Dymisja, 1981, dimensions 145-177-19. In the period under discussion, eight mares were exported, including two sold at the 1985 Polish Ovation Sale in the U.S. — Despotka, 1979, for \$82,000 and Dysputa, 1965, for \$300,000. Also exported were two stallions — Doping, 1978 and Druk, 1982.

Forsycja contributed four mares: Flotylla, 1974, from the previous period, and Finlandia, 1983, dimensions 150-174-18; Fatyga, 1982, dimensions 146-169-18; and Flota, 1981, dimensions 150-173-18. Of the four mares exported, the most important was Familia, 1971, who sold for \$265,000 at the Polish Ovation Sale in 1985.

Two mares descended from Frezja are currently in the studs: Furda, 1975, who has produced three mares and was chosen in the previous period, and Flamenca, 1983, dimensions 150-179-19. Six mares from this family were exported, including Fundacja, 1980, who sold for \$83,000.

From Fatma there are nine mare descendants, three of whom were selected during the previous period: Fatma herself (two stallions and three mares); Fatima, 1971 (one stallion and three mares); Fabiola, 1972 (two mares); and Filipika, 1979; and in the discussed period: Foka, 1979, dimensions 151-178-18; Fraza, 1980, dimensions 150-178-18; and the great beauty, Fanaberia, 1982, dimensions 153-179-18.5. Three mares were exported, including Ferrara, 1982, who sold for \$165,000. Stallions chosen for breeding were: Fanatyk, 1978 (Aloes x Fatima), and Fawor, 1981 (Probat x Fatma), Polish National Junior Champion Stallion, Lack 1983, and European and World Champion, Paris 1983.

From Forteca, there was only one mare, Fuga, 1974 (one mare), selected for breeding in the preceding period; and one mare was exported.



*Bay mare Fanaberia 1982
(Partner x Fabiola), bred at
Michłów State Stud.
Dam line VI (Ukrainka).*

The family of the mare Szweykowska, foaled approximately 1800 in Slawuta. This family includes 23 mares presently in the studs, and during 1983-1986, four stallions were selected for breeding: Fantastyk ex Fart, 1978 (Partner x Farida); Fason, 1976 (El Paso x Fladra); Woroblin, 1977 (Gedymin x Warmia); and Alcazar, 1979 (Aladdin x Flama); and the stallion Wermut, 1982 (Probat x Warmia), was chosen for breeding in 1987. During this period, seven stallions and 12 mares were exported. Two especially valuable mares, Werbena and Fanfara, also descended from this family.

Werbena, 1945, is represented by 15 mares, who descend from her daughters Wataha, 1956 and Wadera, 1957.

Four mares descend from Wataha, all selected for breeding in the present period: Waza, 1983, dimensions 148-184-17.5; Warzecha, 1978, dimensions 147-178-18; and also the beauties Wydma, 1982, dimensions 145-180-18, and Warownia, 1981, dimensions 148-174-18.5. Two mares were exported.

Eleven mares descended from Wadera were chosen for the studs: from the previous period, Wizja, 1973, Champion Mare of the U.S., Wilejka, 1976, Wacpanna, 1978 (produced three mares), Weczera, 1979, and Weneda, 1975 (four mares); and from the present period, Warka, 1981, dimensions 148-186-18; Warszula, 1983, dimensions 149-176-18.3; Werona, 1982, dimensions 148-178-18.5; Westa, 1983, dimensions 149-172-19; Werwa, 1984, dimensions 149-179-19; and Wendeta, 1981, dimensions 150-175-18. Four mares were exported during this period, including the mares Wenera, 1970, and Wistula, 1974, who brought \$216,00 and \$510,000 at the Polish Ovation Sale in 1985. Two stallions, Wiatr, 1975 and Wawel, 1980, were exported and one, Woroblin, 1977 was chosen for the studs. In 1987, the stallion Wermut, 1982 (Probat x Warmia), descending from Werbena, was also selected for breeding.

Fanfara, 1945, is represented in the studs by eight mares who descend from her daughters Fanfarona, 1953, and Fregata, 1957. Four mares descending from Fanfarona were selected. During the previous period Fanza, 1964 (six mares); Fascynacja, 1978; and Fajka, 1976 (one mare); and in the present period, the mare Farma, 1979, dimensions 151-180-18.5, who distinguished herself by her beauty. Three mares were exported, including Fantastka, 1975, Polish National Senior Champion Mare, Janow 1985, who sold for \$240,000. Also sold were the stallions Farad, 1979, and Fantastyk ex Fart, 1978, who was used in Poland. The stallion Alcazar, 1979 (Aladdinn x Flama), was used in Poland and exchanged for two years for the stallion Aloes, owned by Mr. Folke Tollborg of Sweden.

Four mares descended from Fregata were selected: two in the previous period, Filia, 1976 (one stallion), and Fladra, 1979, first place winner in the class for first-time-bred mares, Janow 1983; and in this period, Fletnia, 1981, dimensions 152-178-19, and Fosa, 1982, dimensions 149-181-18.5. Three mares were exported, among them Fladra, 1969, who sold for \$125,000, and two stallions, Fason, 1976, after being used in Poland, and Filipek, 1981.

The family of the mare Woloszka, foaled approximately 1810 in Slawuta. This family now has 17 mares in the studs, and during this period, two stallions were also selected for breeding – Eternit, 1976 (Bandos x Etna) and Etnograf, 1977 (Engano x Etna). Seventeen horses, including four stallions and 13 mares were exported. A number of these horses, descended from the excellent mares Elza and Laguna, distinguished themselves at the breeding shows and obtained high prices at the export sales.

Elza, 1942, is represented by 13 mares, who descended from her daughters Ellora, 1950, and Elzunia, 1951. Ellora's descendents include: Elita, 1971 (four mares), Elengacja, 1977, Elewacja, 1970 (one stallion and two mares), and Elektra, 1976 (one mare), all chosen for breeding in the previous period; and Esta, 1983, dimensions 146-168-18, Estonka, 1982, dimensions 150-176-18.5, Elleida, 1979, dimensions 150-180-18.5, and Elerema, 1984, dimensions 147-181-18, selected during the present period. Five mares were exported, including Elta, 1977, who sold for \$137,000; and two stallions, Epizod, 1979, and Eleis, 1982.

Five mares presently in the studs descend from Elzunia, which include from the previous period: Etazerka, 1976 (one stallion), Etencja, 1973, and Etruria, 1975 (two mares), World Senior Champion Mare, Paris 1982; and in this period, Etruska, 1983, dimensions 150-180-18, and Equitana, 1980, dimensions 148-180-18, Polish National Junior Champion Mare, Janow 1982, and finalist in European Championships, Aachen, 1986. Two mares were exported, including Enaria, 1980, who sold for \$525,000 at the U.S. Polish Ovation Sale in 1985; and the stallions Etat, 1981, and Etnograf, 1977, who was formerly used in Poland. In this period, the stallion Eternit, 1976 (Bandos x Etna), was chosen for breeding.

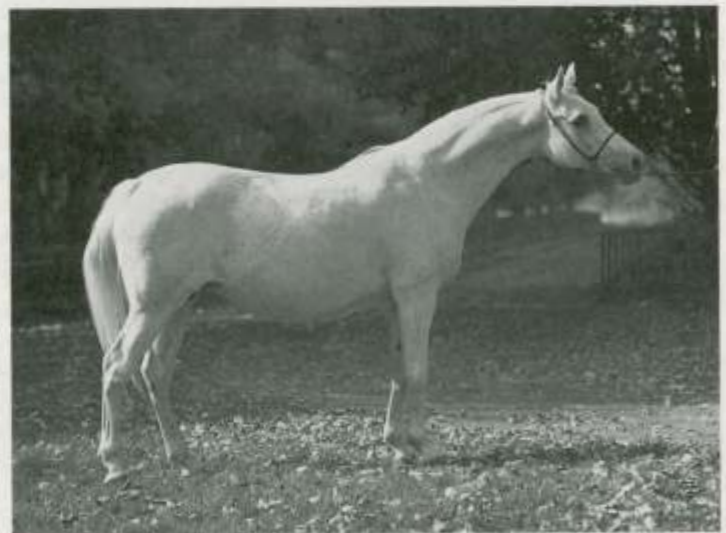
Laguna, 1938, is represented by three mares, descended from her daughters Laszka, 1953, and Liwia, 1957. Only the mare Lepianka, 1978, descended from Laszka was chosen for breeding in the previous period; and four of her mares were exported. Two of Liwia's mares were selected for breeding – Lida, 1976, (one mare), and Linda, 1983, dimensions 149-175-19 – and two of her mares were exported.

The family of the mare Szamrajowka, foaled approximately 1810 in Bialka Cerkiew (Szamrajowka). This family is composed of eight mares, presently in the studs. Three of the family stallions selected for breeding were Pepi, 1975 (Celebes x Pemba), Penitent, 1979 (Partner x Penza), and Pepton, 1977 (Bandos x Pemba). Three stallions and three mares descended from this family were exported during this period. A number of these horses distinguished themselves at the breeding shows and obtained high prices at export sales. They all descend from the mare Piewica, 1953, and from her daughters Penza, 1959, Pierzga, 1964, and Pentoda, 1970.

The three stallions descended from Penza who were used for breeding during the period under discussion are Pepi, 1975, Penitent, 1979, Polish National Champion Stallion, Janow 1985, and Pepton, 1977, Polish National Reserve Champion Stallion, Janow 1983 and 1984. In the same period, one stallion and two mares were exported. Unfortunately, there is no mare in the Polish studs descending from Penza.

Four mares descend from Pierzga: three of them mentioned in the previous account, Pieczec, 1976, Pieszczota, 1977, and Pilarka, 1975 (produced one mare), European and World Champion Mare, Paris, 1981; and for the present period, Pipi, 1981, dimensions 150-180-18. Exported during this period was the stallion Piechur, 1976, winner of the Derby, and U.S. Top Ten Stallion of 1986. Pianola, 1982 (Bandos x Pilarka), distinguished herself at the shows by winning the title of Polish National Junior Champion Mare, Janow 1983.

Pentoda, 1970 (one stallion and two mares), Polish National Senior Champion Mare, Janow 1983, is represented by herself and three other mares: selected in the previous period, Pentozza, 1978 (one mare); and in this period, Pensylwania, 1982, dimensions 152-178-18, and Passada, 1983, dimensions 150-178-18. Exported during this period was the stallion Pendant, 1980 and the mare Penicylina, 1976, who sold for a record-breaking \$1,500,000 in the Polish Ovation Sale in 1985, and became the United States National Champion Mare in 1986.



Grey mare Pentoda 1970
(Bandos x Piewica), bred at
Janów Podlaski Stud, Polish
National Reserve Champion
Mare 1983, dam of Penicylina
1986 United States National
Champion Mare. Dam line XII
(Szamrajowka).

The family of the mare Selma (Abbas Pasha), Egypt 1865, Hamdani Simri. There are presently 14 mares in the studs representing this family, and two stallions – Pesennik, 1979 (Kumir x Pesnia), leased in 1985 from the stud in Tersk, U.S.S.R., and Palas, 1986 (Aswan x Panel). During 1983-1986 five stallions and 13 mares were exported. A number of horses who were exported at high prices and achieved honors in breeding shows were descended from the mares Rasima and Taktika.

Rasima, 1943 is now represented by ten mares through her two daughters Cesima, 1949 and Rokiczana, 1952.

Cesima has eight descendent mares, four in the previous period: Zamiec, 1965 (produced one stallion and six mares); Zazula, 1972 (produced one stallion and three

mares), Supreme Senior Champion Mare at Nations Cup, Aachen 1984; Zlota Jesien, 1977; and Zawieja, 1978; and in the present period, Zaduma, 1981, dimensions 151-180-18.5; Zagadka, 1980, dimensions 152-187-18.5; Zula, 1981, dimensions 149-180-19; and Zuela, 1982, dimension 151-176-19. Also during this period seven mares were exported, among them Zelandia, 1982, sold for \$90,000; Zolna, 1977, for \$140,000; and Zaspas, 1979, sold at the Polish Ovation Sale in 1985 in the U.S. for \$300,000. Two stallions, Zenit, 1980 and Zulus, 1979 were also sold, and the stallion Zulus, 1979 (Palas x Zazula) was leased to France.

Two mares descended from Rokiczana were selected in the present period: Rosa, 1982, dimensions 151-179-18, and Reduta, 1983, dimensions 150-184-18. Four mares were exported as well as the stallion Relax, 1972.

Taktika, 1943, is represented in the studs by mares descended from her daughters Potencja, 1952 and Trapiencja, 1961. Potencja has two mares in the studs: Pascha, 1973 (one stallion and two mares) and Passa, 1980, dimensions 152-180-18.3, Reserve Junior World Champion Mare, Paris 1982. One mare was exported, along with the stallion Pyrrus, 1979, Top Ten Stallion, Scottsdale 1986. Trapiencja, 1961, has two descendants: Tiwiriada, 1966 (one stallion and six mares) and Titina, 1982, dimensions 153-176-18, and one mare and the stallion Tersk, 1980 were sold during this period.

The family of the mare Rodania, or.Ar., progeny of Koheilan Adzius, imported to England in 1881. This family presently has nine mares in the studs and two exported, all descending from Pienoczka, 1952 and Noma, 1953. Pienoczka is represented now by four mares: Platyna, 1966 (produced six mares) and Patera, 1978, both selected previously; and Panda, 1982, dimensions 148-179-18, and Pikieta, 1982, dimensions 149-171-18.5. One mare was exported. Noma now has five mares in the studs: Nejtyczanka, 1975; Nasturcja, 1977; Neska, 1978; and Nubia, 1979 (one mare) all selected in the previous period; and one mare was exported.

The family of the mare Cherifa, or.Ar., line of Chouimi-Sebaye, imported to France in approximately 1870. There are presently 10 mares from this family in the studs and the stallion Ernal, 1975 (Palas x Engracja). Two stallions and five mares were exported, descending from the mare Eleonora, 1944, and from her daughters Elwirena, 1954, Ellenai, 1956, Elka, 1960, and Elipsa, 1962.

There are currently five mares descended from Elwirena: Engracja, 1960 (produced three stallions and three mares), Engara, 1977 and Endecja, 1979, all chosen in the previous period; and Endymia, 1983, dimensions 143-181-17.5; and Eniada, 1984, dimensions 141-187-18, during this period. One horse was exported, the mare Energia, 1972, sold at the 1985 Polish Ovation Sale for \$750,000. The stallion Ernal, 1975 (Palas x Engracja) was selected for breeding.

Ellenai, 1956, is represented by only one mare Enima, 1981, dimensions 148-175-18.5; and two mares who were exported. Elka, 1960, had three descendent mares: Elektroda, 1977 (one stallion), and Elyria, 1981, dimensions 145-175-18, and Elgonda, 1982, dimensions 145-165-18. The stallion Eliusz, 1983, was exported along with the mare Elbana, 1974, who sold for \$700,000 at the Polish Ovation Sale in the U.S. in 1985. Elipsa, 1962, has only one mare, Elsinoe, 1974 (one stallion and one mare) included in the previous selection period; and one mare and the stallion Eltor, 1980 who were exported.

The family of the mare Adjuz, or.Ar., 1876 (Koheilan Adjuz x Schecha), imported in 1885 to Babolna. This family is represented by the mare Bryla, 1939, and has only one mare in the studs, Braminka, 1979. Two horses from this family were exported: the stallion Bies, 1982, and the mare Branka, 1975, who sold for \$85,000.

The family of the mare Semrie, or.Ar., 1896 (Koheilan x Em-Argub), imported in 1902 to Babolna. There are presently eight representative mares from this family in the studs; and in 1987 the stallion Drabik, 1982 (Probat x Draperia) was selected for breeding. Two stallions and six mares were exported during this period and a number of horses from this family distinguished themselves in the shows, bringing high prices at export sales. They descend from two mares, Baza and Brda.

Only two mares descended from Baza, 1934, were chosen for the studs: Basn, 1973 (produced two mares) and Bajeczka, 1982, dimensions 153-176-18.5, and one mare was exported. From Brda, 1934, six mares were chosen for the studs: Dewiza, 1971 (one stallion and five mares), Dewizka, 1977 and Draperia, 1974 (two stallions and one mare), from the previous period; and Dulcynea, 1983, dimensions 149-167-18.3; Dewocja, 1984, dimensions 150-185-18; and one of the most beautiful daughters of the stallion Probat, Dalida, 1981, dimensions 153-184-19, winner of the Derby, first place in the class of two-year-old mares, Lack 1983. During 1983-1986 five mares from this family were exported.



Bay mare Dalida 1981 (Probat x Draperia), bred at Michalów Stud, winner of Derby 1985. Dam line 34 (Semrie or.Ar.).

Among them three were sold at the Polish Ovation Sale in 1985: Druzja, 1980 (\$98,000), Dywizja, 1981 (\$165,000) and Diana, 1982 (\$1,200,000), Junior Reserve Champion Mare, 1983, Lack and Janow. Two stallions were also exported during this period: Diagram, 1980, and Deficyt, 1979, who sold for \$609,000. The stallion Drabik, 1982 (Probat x Draperia), was selected for the studs in 1987.

The family of the mare Bent-El-Arab, or.Ar. (Saklawi x Koheilan Adjuze), imported to Babolna in 1885. Three mares descended from Balia, 1936, represent this family in the studs. They are Cedrela, 1966 (one mare) and Cewka, 1976, from the previous period; and Cyranka, 1980, dimensions 145-179-18. In addition, one mare was exported.

The family of the mare Scherife, or.Ar. (Siglavi x Gehelt-El-Scharif), imported in 1902 to Babolna. Nine mares and five stallions currently represent this family in the studs. The stallions are Probat, 1975 (Pohaniec x Borexial); Aloes, 1973 (Celebes x Algoa); Algomej, 1973 (Celebes x Algonkina); Algierczyk, 1977 (Engano x Algeria); and Alkazar, 1980 (El Paso x Algeria). In the same period, one mare and three stallions were exported; and a number of horses of this family distinguished themselves at the breeding shows and brought high export prices. These horses descend from the mare Bulwa, 1937, through her two daughters Alga, 1947, and Bulgotka, 1951.

Eight mares presently in the studs descend from Alga. In the previous period those chosen were: Albania, 1976; Aleja, 1975 (produced one mare); Algeria, 1971 (two stallions and three mares), Polish National Senior Champion Mare, Janow 1982; Algerina, 1978, Polish National Junior Champion Mare, Lack 1983; and Altowka, 1978. In the present period those selected were: Alaska, 1981, dimensions 150-179-18 and Aladyna, 1981, dimensions 155-172-18.5, both very beautiful horses; and the most beautiful Alita, 1981, dimensions 150-180-17.5. Also from this family, the mare Almeria, 1984, received the title of Polish National Junior Reserve Champion Mare, Janow 1985. Stallions exported during this period were Adiutant, 1976; Al Banat, 1982; and Algierczyk, 1977, previously used in Poland, who sold for \$310,000. In 1985, the mare Algebra, 1981, was sold for \$700,000 at the Polish Ovation Sale. In the period 1983-1986, four stallions from this

family were used for breeding: Algierczyk, 1977, Algomej, 1973 (Celebes x Algonkina), Polish National Reserve Champion Stallion, Janów 1985; Aloes, 1973 (Celebes x Algoa), Polish National Champion Stallion, Janów 1982; and Alkazar, 1980 (El Paso x Algeria).

Only one mare descended from Bulgotka was included in those selected for breeding in this period — Bukowina, 1982, dimensions 144-178-18. The stallion selected for breeding from this family was the superb Probat, 1975 (Pohaniec x Borexial), who continued the Kuhailan Afas, or. Ar. sire line, bred in the Blommerod Stud in Sweden. Probat was leased to Poland in exchange for the stallion Algomej, and later Partner.



Bay stallion Aloes 1973 (Celebes x Algoa), bred at Janów Podlaski Stud, Polish National Champion Stallion 1982. Sire line 21 (Kuhailan Haifi or. Ar.).



Bay stallion Algomej 1973 (Celebes x Algonkina), bred at Janów Podlaski Stud, Sweden National Champion Stallion 1982 and Polish National Reserve Champion Stallion 1985. Sire line 21 (Kuhailan Haifi or. Ar.).



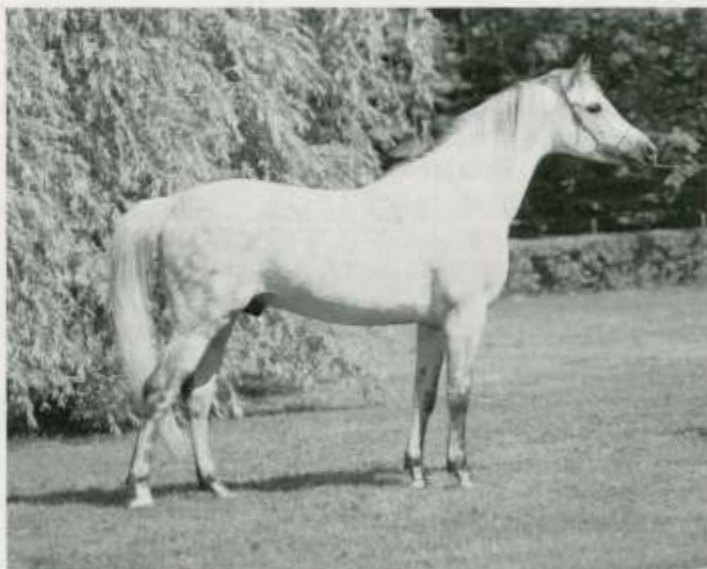
Bay mare Algeria 1978 (Ellorus x Algeria), bred at Janów Podlaski Stud, Polish National Junior Champion Mare 1983.

SIRE LINES

Sire line of the stallion Bairactar, or.Ar., imported in 1817 to Weil. In the studs at present (1986) there are 17 daughters of the stallions descending from this line, and in the period 1983-1986, there were three stallions and 10 mares exported. All were the offspring of the stallions Gwarny, Gedymin, Dylemat, Woroblin, Embargo and Argo.

Gwarny, 1953 (Amurath Sahib x Gwara), was the sire of 35 daughters, of whom nine are in the studs. They are tall, correctly conformed and well-producing mares. Distinguished among them for beauty and type are Pliszka, 1973, Mekka, 1974, and Arena, 1977. Two of his daughters were sold to the U.S. — the one Familia, 1971 sold for \$265,000 at the Polish Ovation Sale. Gwarny's son Argo, 1976 won the title of Polish National Champion Stallion, Janow 1986, and his other son Balon, 1979 was Swedish National Reserve Champion Stallion in 1986.

Gedymin, 1968 (Gwarny x Gastronomia) is the sire of 12 mares, four of them in the studs. These are mares of great value, worthy of note due to the high quality of their offspring. One of them, Draperia, 1974, has been very successful in the shows. In 1987, her very handsome son Drabik, 1982 (by Probat) was used for breeding. Gedymin rendered good services to Polish breeding.



Grey stallion Argo 1976
(Gwarny x Arba), bred at Janów
Podlaski Stud, Polish National
Champion Stallion 1986. Sire
line 5 (Bairactar or.Ar.).

Dylemat, 1974 (Gedymin x Delia) served mares at Michalow in 1980, and sired three mares, all exported. He was used again at Michalow in 1983, and later leased to Sweden where he was sold in 1986. Dylemat won the 1984 title of Swedish National Champion Stallion.

Woroblin, 1977 (Gedymin x Warmia) is sire of three daughters currently in the studs. From 1982-1984 he was used at Bialka and served a total of 31 mares. Three of his mares foaled in 1983 completed the racing tests, and were included in their mother's stud where they are its ornament — especially Ostrozka, 1983, who won the title of Polish National Junior Reserve Champion Mare at Janow in 1984. Six of his daughters are at Bialka and the Racecourse, where they will be used in breeding after completing the racing tests. Woroblin was sold to Brazil in 1986, where, unfortunately, he died after arrival.

Embargo, 1975 (Gedymin x Emilia), was used at Kurozweki from 1983-1984. His offspring are all presently at the racecourse.

Argo, 1976 (Gwarny x Arba), has produced one mare who was chosen for the stud. He won the title of Polish National Champion Stallion, Janow 1986. In 1982-83 he was used at Janow and his offspring were so promising that he was used again in 1986 on a larger scale. Probably the continuation of the line of Bairactar, or.Ar., will be through him.

During the period of 1983-1986, the following stallions descending from this line were used for breeding: Dylemat, 1974; Woroblin, 1977; Embargo, 1975; Argo, 1976; Balon, 1979, and Tallin, 1978.

Balon, 1979 (Gwarny x Ballada), grandson of the magnificent Bandola, was used in Janow in 1985, and later leased to Sweden for two years, where in 1986 he won the title of Swedish National Reserve Champion Stallion. When his offspring are grown, his future as a breeder will be determined.

Tallin (Nabeg x Talantliwaia by Aswan), a bay, foaled in 1978 in Tersk, dimensions 155-190-19.5. He is the great-grandson of the very valuable Polish mare Taraszczka, 1937, dam of Negatiw; his sire Nabeg is the grandson of the second, also excellent Polish mare Mammona, 1939, and son of the stallion Arax, 1952 (Amurath Sahib x Angara), of Polish breeding, who was sold in 1958 to the U.S.S.R. and in Tersk sired a number of stallions and mares of great value. In order to strengthen this branch of the precious line of Bairactar, or Ar., through Arax, the Polish breeders exchanged for three years the stallion Tallin, 1978, for the stallion Gwizd, 1981, son of Probat. This horse has a beautiful head, with expressive great eyes. In spite of small conformation faults (front legs) this stallion distinguishes himself by his athletic disposition. He has been widely used in Michalow, serving 18 mares in 1985 and 32 mares in 1986. His first offspring appear to be very promising.

In 1987, only two stallions descending from this line were used in breeding – Argo, 1976, at Janow, and Tallin, 1978 in Michalow. This extremely useful line is characterized by a large frame, athletic disposition and regular conformation. A series of precious – horses, Bandola, Bask, Dornaba and Aramis – bear this precious blood.

The line of the stallion Ibrahim, or Ar., imported in 1907 to Antoniny. At present there are as many as 65 horses from this line in the studs, and in 1983-1986, 42 horses descending from this line were exported, including 12 stallions and 30 mares. All are the offspring of the following stallions: Negatiw, Espartero, Andrut, Bandos, Wist, Eukalip-tus, Enos, Eternit, Pepton, Burkan, Namiet and Phazon.

Negatiw, 1945 (Naseem x Taraszczka), has sired 54 mares, of which seven excellent broodmares are now in the studs. A series of them distinguished themselves at the shows in the preceding period: Zazula, 1972, took second place in the class of brood-mares, Janow 1984, first place in the class of eleven-year-old and older mares, and later won the title of European Supreme Senior Champion Mare, Aachen 1984; the mare Wenera, 1970, was Polish National Senior Champion Mare, Janow 1983, and afterwards was sold for \$216,000 to the U.S. Also sold to the United States were Harmonia, 1966, for \$215,000 in 1985, and Caryca, 1972, for \$90,000 in 1983. Three daughters of the stallion Negatiw are dams of excellent stallions: Gonagra, 1965, of the stallion Gondolier, 1974, Harmonia, 1966, of the stallion Haracz, 1976, and Fatima, 1971, of the stallion Fanatyk, 1978.

Espartero, 1960 (Nabor x Ela), produced six daughters, and although only one is in the stud, it is the very precious mare Gilza, 1967, dam of six excellent mares and granddam of the stallion Gil, 1981, Polish National Reserve Champion Stallion, Janow 1986.

Andrut, 1967 (Negatiw x Andorra), sired 15 daughters, two of which are in the studs: Erytrea, 1978, and Furda, 1975. They noted for their regular conformation and athletic disposition.

Bandos, 1964 (Negatiw x Bandola) left 71 daughters, 36 of them in the studs. The broodmares by Bandos represent the highest world standard. They are distinguished for their great beauty, having a row of successes at the shows. I will mention only a few of the most important ones: Pentoda, 1970, was Polish National Senior Reserve Champion Mare, Janow 1983; Pianola, 1982, Polish National Junior Reserve Champion Mare, Janow 1983; Fladra, 1979, took first place in the class of mares first-time-bred, Janow 1983. And the most beautiful mares are Europa, 1975, second place in the class of broodmares, Janow 1986, and Arra, 1975, European Champion Mare, Paris 1983, Polish National Senior Champion Mare, Janow 1986, and first place in her class, Aachen 1986.

Bandos' two sons both won the title of Polish National Champion Stallion: Eukaliptus in 1974 and Enos in 1975; and a third son, Pyrrus, 1979, took the title of Top Ten at Scottsdale in 1986. Also attesting to the very high rank of Bandos' daughters is the fact that at the Polish Ovation Sale in 1985, the sensationally high price of \$700,000 was paid for Elbana, 1974, and \$750,000 for Energia, 1972.

Wist, 1973 (Bandos x Wilma), sired six daughters at Janow, two of them now in the studs. One of his daughters, Contessa, 1980, was sold to the U.S. in 1985 for \$125,000. Wist was sold to Brazil in 1984.

Eukaliptus, 1974 (Bandos x Wilma), sired only two mares selected for the stud. This Polish National Champion Stallion, Janow 1979, served at Michalow in 1979, and was later leased to the United States for four years, and returned to Michalow in 1984. During his first breeding season he sired six mares, of whom Passa, 1980, won the title of World Junior Reserve Champion Mare, Paris 1982; and Emfaza, 1980, won the first place in the class of six-and-eight-year-old mares, Aachen 1986. In the next breeding season he sired the mare Emigrantka, 1985, who won the title of Polish National Junior Reserve Champion Mare, Janow 1986. The stallion Eukaliptus is destined to continue the famous line of Ibrahim, or Ar. in Poland.

Enos, 1975 (Bandos x Enora), sired two daughters who are in the stud. This Polish National Champion Stallion, Janow 1981, served at Janow in 1981 and was sold that year to the United States. One of his daughters, Beta, 1982, won the title of Polish National Senior Reserve Champion Mare, Janow 1986, and European Reserve Champion Mare, Aachen 1986.

Eternit, 1976 (Bandos x Etna), sired 11 mares of whom seven were selected for the studs. This stallion served in Michalow in 1980-82 and 1984-86, and in Bialka in 1983. Among the young there are many more precious horses sired by him. Eternit was leased to France for the 1987 season and then used again in Poland to preserve, along with Eukaliptus, this precious line.

Pepton, 1977 (Bandos x Pemba), sired only one daughter chosen for the stud. He has twice won the title Polish National Reserve Champion Stallion, Janow 1983 and 1984, has won the Criterium, and also was a very brave and excellent racer. He first served at Michalow in 1982-1983, transferred to Kurozweki in 1984-85 and then leased to the United States until the end of 1987. By 1988, his offspring will be grown and it will be possible to determine his future as a sire.



Grey stallion Eternit 1976 (Bandos x Etna), bred at Janów Podlaski Stud, 1986 International Arabian Horse Show Grand Champion Stallion, Marseille. Sire line 15 (Ibrahim or Ar.)

Burkan, 1964 (Saladin II x Biruta), sired 14 daughters, three of whom are currently in the studs. These mares are distinguished by refinement and excellent movements. They produce offspring of great value. One of his daughters, the mare Milada, 1977, was sold to the U.S. at the Polish Ovation Sale in 1985 for \$325,000.

Namiet, 1969 (Salon x Naturszczica), sired eight daughters at Michalow and Janow, of which one is in the stud. A daughter Sawanna, 1978, was sold to the U.S. in 1984 for \$100,000.

Phazon, 1963 (Ferzon x Phleta), is represented by one daughter in the stud. She is Etika, 1982, out of Espada, 1968, who was leased to the United States and then returned to Poland in foal.

During the years 1983-1986 the following stallions descending from the line of Ibrahim, or.Ar. were selected for breeding: Eukaliptus, 1974; Eternit, 1976; and Pepton, 1977. Only the stallion Eukaliptus was used for breeding in 1987.



Grey stallion Penitent 1979 (Partner x Penza), bred at Janów Podlaski Stud, 1985 Polish National Champion Stallion and European Supreme Champion Stallion, Ostende 1987. Sire line 16 (Ilderim or.Ar.).

The line of the stallion Ilderim, or.Ar., imported to Slawuta in 1900. There are presently in the studs, 35 daughters of the stallions descending from this line; and during this period, five stallions and 27 mares were exported. All are the offspring of the following stallions: Doktryner, Aquinor, Eleuzis, Partner, Fantastyk-ex Fart, Penitent, Engano, Algierczyk, Etnograf, Elf, Czeremosz, Eufrat, Eskimos, Tryptyk and Parys.

Doktryner, 1950 (Miecznik x Blaga), sired 19 mares and is represented in the studs through two daughters: the outstanding mare, Eufonia, 1966, dam of seven excellent mares, and Wieza, 1966, sold at the age of 19 years to the U.S. for \$70,000 in 1985.

Aquinor, 1951 (Miecznik x Amneris), sired 14 daughters, with one presently in the stud. She is Espada, 1968, dam of the excellent mare Emisja, 1974, Polish National Senior Champion Mare, Janow 1984.

Eleuzis, 1962 (Aquinor x Ellenai), left four mares and is represented by one daughter in the stud, who is Kama, 1971, dam of two exported mares.

Partner, 1970 (Eleuzis x Parma) sired 21 daughters, nine of them selected for the studs. Partner served at Janow from 1974-1978, in Michalow from 1979-1981, leased for two years to the stud Blomerod in Sweden, and then served at Kurozweki from 1984 to 1986. Partner won the title of Polish National Reserve Champion Stallion, Janow 1979, and these offspring have also distinguished themselves at the shows: Gondawa, 1979, Polish National Junior Champion Mare, Janow 1981, and Penitent, 1979, Polish National Champion Stallion, Janow 1985. The offspring of Partner include the mare Cancona, 1980, sold at the Polish Ovation Sale in 1985 for \$285,000.

Fantastyk ex Fart, 1978 (Partner x Farida), sired one daughter chosen for the stud. He served at Michalow in 1982-83, was replaced by Penitent, 1979, and was sold in 1984 to the United States.

Penitent, 1979 (Partner x Penza), Polish National Champion Stallion, Janow 1985, is a horse of great beauty, and also very masculine. He has served at Michalow since 1984 where he has been used very widely. Soon it will be determined whether he will be chosen to replace his sire as a perpetuator of this precious line.

Engano, 1970 (Aquinos x Engracja), sired five daughters and of those, two are in the stud. Both of these mares, Electroda, 1977, and Saszetka, 1977, are very good. Out of his offspring, the mare Elta, 1977, sold in 1983 for \$137,000 and the stallion Algierczyk, 1977, after being used in Poland, was sold to the United States in 1985 for \$310,000.

Algierczyk, 1977 (Engano x Algeria), has four daughters in the studs. He served at Kurozweki from 1982 to 1984 and was later sold to the United States.

Etnograf, 1977 (Engano x Etna), served a few mares at Kurozweki in 1983-84 and was then sold to Sweden.

Elf, 1963 (Aquinos x Ellenai), sired daughters, with three broodmares, all of great beauty and value, still in the studs. His son Eufkrat, 1970, won the title of Polish National Reserve Champion Stallion, Janow 1980, and his daughter Elana, 1971, took second place in the class of seven-year-old and older mares, Paris 1984.

Czeremosz, 1970 (Elf x Czatanoga), sired 10 daughters, three of whom are still in the studs. Czeremosz served at Kurozweki in 1976-77 and in Michalow in 1978. In 1978 he was sold to the U.S. where he won the title of United States Reserve Champion Stallion. Among his daughters in the stud, Ekspansja, 1979, represents the highest class.

Eufkrat, 1970 (Elf x Estebna), sired 17 daughters, of which six remain in the studs. Eufkrat won the title of Polish National Reserve Champion Stallion, Janow 1980. He served at Michalow from 1975 to 1978 and at Kurozweki from 1979 to 1981.

Eskimos, 1972 (Elf x Eskapada), is represented in the studs by one daughter, the very beautiful Gitara, 1980. He served mares in Michalow only in 1977 and later that year was sold to the United States. His daughter Gitana, 1980, took second place in the class of first-time-bred mares, Janow 1984, and was later sold to the U.S. for \$100,000.

Tryptyk, 1965 (Aquinos x Tryncza), sired 12 mares, with two still in the studs. Of them, Gromadka, 1976, was dam to two precious daughters. Tryptyk also sired Parys, 1974.

Parys, 1974 (Tryptyk x Parma), was Polish National Champion Stallion, Janow 1984. He served mares at Janow from 1982-1985. He is a horse of great beauty, phenomenal movements and regular conformation. Unfortunately, he does not show sufficient libido; therefore he has only a small number of offspring, which makes it difficult to evaluate as a sire.

During this period, the following stallions descending from this line were used for breeding: Partner, 1970, Parys, 1974, Algierczyk, 1977, Etnograf, 1977, Fantastyk ex Fart, 1978, and Penitent, 1979.

In 1987 only two stallions descended from the line of Ilderim, or Ar, were bred to mares: in Janow, Partner 1970, and in Michalow, Penitent 1979. This line is characterized by great beauty but is very difficult to maintain.

The line of stallion Krzyzyk, or Ar, imported in 1876 to Jarczowce. At present there are 25 daughters of stallions descended from this line in the studs. Of the 21 horses exported, there were seven stallions and four mares, those being offspring of the stallions El Azrak, Banat, Elef, Czako and Wigor.

El Azrak 1960 (Faher x Ellore), sired 13 daughters. He is now represented in the studs by Fuga 1974, a very beautiful, almost black mare.

Banat 1967 (El Azrak x Bandola), sired 36 mares and among these 22 are in the studs. This excellent stallion won the British National Champion title. He served mares in Kurozweki in 1974 and was later leased to England for three years. From 1978-1981, and also in 1984 he served mares in Janow, while from 1982-1983 he was again in Kurozweki. In 1984 he was sold to the U.S for \$525,000. His daughters have inherited his beauty, athletic disposition, large frame, regular conformation and excellent movements. They

have already proven themselves to be excellent dams, producing offspring of great breeding value.

Banat's progeny have distinguished themselves at shows. The mare Wiorsta 1975, for example, took second place in the first-time-bred class, Janow 1981. She also won the gold medal at the International Show in Stockholm 1982. Cyrenajka 1975, took second place in the broodmare class in Janow 1984, and first place in the 7-10-year-old mare class in Aachen 1983. Gabaryt 1982 was Polish National Junior Reserve Champion Stallion in Lack 1983. Also from among Banat's offspring, the stallion Piechur 1979 won the title of United States Top Ten Stallion 1986.

Banat's offspring were exported for the following prices: the mare Rohatyna 1975 to Holland in 1985 for \$85,000, while the mares Armada 1980 and Hacjenda 1980 were sold to the U.S. in 1985 at the Polish Ovation Sale for \$400,000 and \$610,000 respectively.

Elef 1969 (Almifar x Eliza), left seven daughters, two of which are currently in the studs. He served mares in Kurozweki from 1978-1980. His two daughters were sold to the U.S. at the Polish Ovation Sale in 1985, Zaspas 1979 for \$300,000 and Wibracja 1979 for \$450,000. Elef himself was sold in 1980 to the U.S.

In the period under discussion the following stallions were used: Banat 1967, Czako 1979 and Wigor 1980.

Czako 1979 (Banat x Czapelka), is a stallion of great, original beauty, and exotic black color, but unfortunately, possessing faults in his hind legs. His dimensions are 153-181-18. He served mares in Bialka from 1984-1985 and also in Janow in 1986. His offspring have inherited his beauty.

Wigor 1980 (Elef x Wieza), is a very real, solid horse of regular conformation and good movements. His dimensions are 152-182-19.5. He has served mares in Kurozweki since 1985. His offspring are very promising, being more refined than he is himself, with correct conformation.

In 1987 the following stallions descended from this line will serve mares: Czako 1979 in Janow, Wigor 1980 and Armaniak 1979 in Kurozweki and Gabaryt 1982 in Bialka.

Gabaryt 1982 (Banat x Gambia), is a very beautiful stallion, which is excellent in type with very correct conformation, good balance and beautiful movements. His dimensions are 151-172-18.5. Gabaryt was Polish National Junior Reserve Champion Stallion in Lack 1983, while the Junior Champion Stallion of that year was Fawor 1981, who was later named European and World Champion in Paris 1983. Gabaryt is inbred to Bandola 1948 in the second and third generation.

Armaniak 1979 (Banat x Arba), is a handsome stallion who is inbred to Balalajka 1941. His dimensions are 150-179-19.

Surely, as many as four of the stallions used at this time are worthy representations of this oldest Polish line. In reserve is also Arbil 1981, brother of Armaniak 1979, who was leased to Lasma Arabians in the U.S. until the end of 1988.

The line of the stallion Kuhailan Afas, or Ar., imp. in 1931 to Gumniska. At present there are 33 daughters of the stallions descended from this line in the studs. Thirty-two horses were exported, and of these, there were seven stallions and 25 mares. Today, the line of Gumniska is carried on through the offspring of the stallions Branibor, Comet and Relax.

Branibor 1958 (Arcus x Bajdara), is represented by one daughter in the stud, Gwardia 1965. She is of great merit, and the dam of eight precious mares as well as the granddam of the stallions, Gwizd 1981 leased to Tersk, U.S.S.R., and Garnizon 1982, who in 1987 will be used in Michalow.

Comet 1953 (Abu Afas x Carmen), is at present the sire of a single daughter in the stud, Engracja 1960. She is an excellent broodmare, just retired, and the dam and granddam of the stallions used for breeding in Poland. Two of Comet's daughters were exported to the U.S., one of which Dysputa 1965, a 20-year-old mare, was sold at the Polish Ovation Sale in 1985 for \$300,000.

Relax 1972 (Ego x Rokada), the sire of one daughter in the stud, was used from 1977-1979 and left seven mares, all have been exported. He himself was exported in 1983 to Sweden.

Probat 1975 (Pohaniec x Borexial), sired as many as 30 daughters while he was in the studs. He was used widely in Michalow from 1980-1981 and again in 1986, as well as in Janow from 1982-1984. In 1987 he also served in Janow. This very beautiful stallion did not disappoint and had many good offspring, which were very successful at the shows. Among these is Matrona 1981 who took second place in the two-year-old mare class in Lack 1983, Fawor 1981 who was Polish National Junior Champion Stallion in Paris 1983, Wermut 1982 who took second place in the one-year-old stallion class in Lack 1983, Pikieta 1982 took second and third place in the two-year-old mare class in Paris 1984, Diana 1982 who was Polish National Junior Reserve Champion Mare in Janow 1983, Dalida 1981 who took first place in the two-year-old mare class in Lack 1983, and second place in the two-year-old mare class in Janow 1983, Aldara 1983 who took second place in the two-year-old mare class in Janow 1985, Pinia 1984 who took second place in the one-year-old mare class in Janow 1985, Almeria 1984 who was Polish National Junior Reserve Champion Mare in Janow 1984, and Gil 1981 who was Polish National Reserve Champion Stallion in Janow 1986. Moreover, from the offspring of the stallion Probat there were many horses who brought high prices at export sales. Zelandia 1982, for example, was exported to the U.S. in 1984 for \$90,000, Carowna 1981 went to Belgium in 1985 for \$105,000, Dywizja 1981 went to the U.S. in 1985 for \$165,000, Ferrara 1982 also went to the U.S. for \$165,000 in 1986, Enrilo 1981 went to the U.S. in the same year for \$110,000. Also, the mares Diana 1982 and Gradacja 1982 were sold at the Polish Ovation Sale in 1985 to the U.S. for \$1,200,000 and \$300,000 respectively.

In the period under discussion the following stallions descended from this line served mares: Probat 1975 and his sons, Gil 1981, Enrilo 1981 and Fawor 1981.

Gil 1981 (Probat x Gildia), is a very beautiful stallion who was Polish National Reserve Champion Stallion in Janow 1986. His dimensions are 154-173-18.5. He served mares in Janow in 1985 and in Kurozweki in 1986. His first offspring are also very promising and inherit in particular his beautiful head and Arabian type.

Enrilo 1981 (Probat x Emisja), is the son of a Polish Senior Champion Mare in Janow 1984. His dimensions are 150-174-18. He is inbred to the excellent Comet. He served mares in Michalow in 1985, and later was sold in 1986 to the U.S. and is passing his beauty to his offspring.

Fawor 1981 (Probat x Fatma), is a horse of great beauty and model conformation. His dimensions are 151-173-18.5. He was Polish National Junior Champion in Lack 1983 and European and World Champion Stallion in Paris 1983. He served mares in Janow in 1986 and was later leased to the Paramount Arabian Studs in the U.S.

In 1987 the following stallions descended from this line served mares: Probat 1975 in Janow, Wermut 1982 in Bialka, Drabik 1982 and Garnizon 1982 in Michalow.

Wermut 1982 (Probat x Warmia), represents an extreme beauty, with the style of his excellent dam, the mare Warmia. His dimensions are 150-180-18. He is inbred to the excellent Comet 1953 in the second and third generations. He took second place in the class of one-year-old stallions in Lack 1983. Wermut is a horse with a very beautiful head and neck, but his body is still colt-like.

Drabik 1982 (Probat x Draperia), is the son of the excellent mare Draperia 1974, and, as with all the sons descending from this precious line, retains all the Probat beauty and type. His dimensions are 151-170-18.7.

Garnizon 1982 (Probat x Glowonia), has the most correct conformation of all the Probat sons now in Poland. He is very harmonious and masculine, with excellent movements. His dimensions are 153-173-18.5.

We will know in a few years which of these sons will replace Probat 1975, because now, his progeny is at the racecourse and in the studs and will serve mares in 1987 in Janow. It is overall a very promising series of young sons.

The line of the stallion Kuhailan Haifi, or Ar., imported in 1931 to Gumniska. At present there are 70 mares which are the daughters of stallions descended from this line in the studs; 52 were exported, 17 stallions and 35 mares. This line has been prolonged by two sons of Ofir 1933, Witraz 1938 and Wielki Szlem 1938.

From Witraz descend Muharyt, Celebes, Melon, Etap, Set, Aloes, Algomej, Pepi and Alcazar.

Muharyt 1957 (Witraz x Canaria), sired one daughter for the stud, the mare Cartagena 1978. Another of his daughters, El Mura 1979, was sold in 1986 to the U.S.

Celebes 1949 (Witraz x Canaria), left 45 daughters, and of these, ten are in the studs. They represent the highest class. From his sons, in the period being discussed, only Algomej 1973 has won the title of Polish National Reserve Champion Stallion in Janow 1985. It is worth remembering the successes of Celebes offspring in an earlier period such as Elewacja 1970 who was Polish National Senior Champion Mare in Janow 1979, and Mitra 1969 who was Polish National Senior Reserve Champion Mare in Janow 1980 and 1982. There was also Ekstaza 1969 who was Polish National Senior Champion Mare in Janow 1981, Algeria 1971 who was Polish National Senior Champion Mare in Janow 1982, and Aloes 1973 who was Polish National Champion Stallion in Janow 1982. In the period under discussion the following mares from the offspring of Celebes were sold: Karabela 1976 to the U.S. for \$151,000 in 1983, Fladra 1969 to the U.S. in 1983 for \$125,000 and Bandama 1970 to the U.S. at the Polish Ovation Sale for \$650,000.

Melon 1969 (Celebes x Mantyla), who was exported to the U.S. in 1978, left 16 daughters of which three mares are in the studs.

Etap 1971 (Celebes x Etna), is the sire of 13 daughters, seven of which are now in the studs. Sadly, he died early in 1979. All his daughters are very beautiful and possess athletic dispositions. One of them, Beliza 1979, has won the title of Polish National Senior Reserve Champion Mare, Janow 1984. Three others were sold to the U.S. – Druzja, for example, sold for \$98,000 in 1985.

Set 1977 (Etap x Sekwana), sired five daughters in the studs. He served mares in Michalow in the years 1981-1985. This handsome stallion, Polish National Reserve Champion Stallion, Janow 1982, is strongly inbred to the excellent stallion Witraz 1938, just in the third generation. His daughters are still young dams and so it is still difficult to evaluate the activity of this stallion. He was leased to the U.S. for the period between 1986-1988.

Aloes 1973 (Celebes x Algoa), left 20 daughters and among these 12 mares are in the studs. He served mares in Michalow in 1977-1978, in Kurozweki 1980-1981, and in Janow in 1979 as well as 1982-1984. Later he was leased to Sweden but returned in autumn 1986 and in 1987 served mares in Janow. Aloes was Polish National Champion Stallion, Janow 1982, and one of his daughters, Equitana 1980, won Polish National Junior Champion Mare, Janow 1982 as a two-year-old. As she matured, she took second place in the broodmare class, the most difficult competition, in Janow 1986. Aloes and his daughters personify the qualities of the Koheilan type and are eagerly purchased by the foreign breeders.

In the period being discussed, the following mares were brought to the U.S.: Malawita 1979 was sold in 1984 for \$160,000, and Enaria 1980 was sold at the Polish Ovation Sale in 1985 for \$525,000. His daughters make a very pleasant impression, and there are among them many outstanding mares, such as Equitana 1980, Foka 1979 and Estonka 1982. Their offspring are already presented in shows. Aloes also produced valuable stallions like Fanatyk 1978, used already in Michalow, and Puszczzyk 1979 who was leased to Norway and came back to Poland at the end of 1987.

Algomej 1973 (Celebes x Algonkina), left nine daughters of which three mares are in the studs. He was Polish National Reserve Champion Stallion, Janow 1985. He served mares in Kurozweki from 1978-1979 and again from 1985-1986. From 1980-1984 he was in Sweden where he has been leased. Many of his daughters distinguish themselves with their beauty – for example, Ejnja 1980 and Elleida 1979. His son Deficyt 1979 was sold in 1984 to the U.S. for \$609,000. He was 1986 Scottsdale Top Ten Stallion. A number of horses from Algomej's offspring have commanded high prices in export. For example, the mare Fundacja 1980 was sold in 1984 to the U.S. for \$83,000, the mare Modena 1979 sold in 1985 to the U.S. for \$90,000, and at the Polish Ovation Sale in 1985 the mare Estyma 1979 sold for \$535,000. Algomej will continue to be used in the Polish studs.

Pepi 1975 (Celebes x Pemba), left four daughters and of these three mares are in the studs. He served in Janow in 1980 and in Michalow 1982-1983. Later in 1985 he was leased to Sweden to the well-known stud Blommerod, and returned to Poland at the end of 1987. This stallion's daughters are still very young mares and we will have to observe their development.

Alcazar 1979 (Aladdinn x Flama), the son of the U.S. National Champion Stallion Aladdinn, was leased to Poland from Sweden. This stallion possesses strong, correct conformation and distinguishes himself with his expressive head, beautiful eyes, and phenomenal motion. He was leased in the hope of strengthening the line of the famous Witraz 1938. The consensus is that this effort will be successful especially since his first offspring appear quite promising. He served mares in Janow from 1985-1986.

From the line of *Wielki Szlem* 1938, which is developing more each year, six stallions were used: Anarchista, Czardasz, Czort, Krezus, Ellorus and El Paso.

Anarchista 1947 (Wielki Szlem x Bomba), is represented by one daughter, the mare Fatma 1961, who is extremely well qualified for breeding.

Czardasz 1949 (Wielki x Baza), is the sire of two daughters in the studs, the mares Platyna 1966 and Zamiec 1965. Both of them are breeders of great merit.

Czort 1949 (Wielki Szlem x Forta), is sire of one daughter in the stud, Basn 1973, who is the dam of two mares.

Krezus 1983 (Czort x Kreolka), is sire of 10 daughters, one being Orgia 1971, the famous winner of the Derby, who was sold in 1986 to the U.S.

Ellorus 1972 (Krezus x Ellora), sired 10 daughters, of which five mares are in the studs. He served mares in Janow from 1977-1980, and later in 1980 he was sold to the U.S. Of his exported daughters, the mare Algebra 1981 sold for \$700,000 at the Polish Ovation Sale in 1985. Another of his daughters, the mare Algeria 1978, is known for her beauty in Janow.

El Paso (Czort x Ellora), is the sire of as many as 39 daughters, 17 of which are in the studs. He served mares in Michalow from 1972-1975, and was later leased to the U.S. before coming back in 1978. He served also in Janow from 1979-1981. During his stay in the U.S. he won the title of National Champion Stallion, while his daughter Wizja 1973 took the title of U.S. National Champion Mare. In 1981, El Paso was sold to the U.S. for \$1,000,000. His daughters are excellent mares producing offspring of great value. Among them are the distinguished mares Gildia 1975, Glowonia 1973, Pascha 1973, Cyranka 1980, Hajnowka 1981 and obviously, Wizja 1973. The mare Wistula 1974, who sold to the U.S. at the Polish Ovation Sale for \$510,000, commanded the highest price of any of his daughters.

In the period being discussed, the following stallions descended from this line were used for breeding purposes: Aloes 1973, Algomej 1973, Pepi 1975, Set 1977, Alcazar 1980, Fanatyk 1978, Alkazar 1980, and Fason 1976.

Fanatyk 1978 (Aloes x Fatima), served mares in Michalow in 1984, was leased to the U.S. and returned in 1986. He is a very handsome horse with a beautiful long neck, a large frame and good legs. His dimensions are 150-167-18.5. There are seven mares by him.

Alkazar 1980 (El Paso x Algeria), represents classic and beautiful Kuhailan type, being very masculine and with correct conformation. His dimensions are 152-174-18. He served mares in Bialka from 1985-1986. His first offspring appear to be of such quality that it is reasonable to suppose he will be used for breeding in the future.

Fason 1976 (El Paso x Fladra), is the sire of two daughters in the studs. He served mares in Bialka from 1982-1984 before being sold in 1985 to Sweden.

In 1987 the following stallions descending from this line will serve: in Janow, Aloes 1973 and Polonez 1980; in Kurozweki, Algomej 1973, and in Bialka, Europejczyk 1982.

Polonez 1980 (Etap x Parma), in the likeness of his sire, is a very refined horse with a beautiful head, great dark eyes, and a long neck. He is the elegant son of worthy parents and possesses a very interesting pedigree. His dimensions are 152-170-19. He was leased

to the U.S. from 1983-1986. In that country he has won many championships as well as Top Ten titles.

Europejczyk 1982 (El Paso x Europa), distinguishes himself with great beauty and excellent conformation. His dimensions are 153-174-18. Moreover, he is a very good racer, unbeaten with eight wins for eight starts, including the Derby. He is the son of an excellent mare. Perhaps he will be one the most valuable stallions from this line.

The line of the stallion Kuhailan Haifi, or.Ar., represents the best of the classic Kuhailan type and is held with great respect by many Polish breeders.

The line of the stallion Saklawi I, Egypt. At present there are 36 daughters of stallions descended from this line in the studs. Twenty horses were exported, and of these seven were stallions and 13 were mares being the offspring of Aswan, Palas, Gondolier, Ernal, Magnat, Haracz and Mamluk.

Aswan 1958 (Nazeer x Yosreia), is represented by two daughters in the studs. One of them is the excellent Parma 1966, the dam of four stallions (three of them were used at home), and four excellent mares.

Palas 1968 (Aswan x Panel), left 53 daughters, and among these 30 are in the studs. He served mares in Janow from 1973-1975 and again from 1984-1986, in Michalow from 1976-1980 and also from 1982-1983, and in Kurozweki in 1981. He was also in Bialka during part of the breeding season in 1986. His offspring represent the highest class. Haracz 1976 won the European Champion in Leiden 1985, European Reserve Champion, Paris 1983, and Swedish National Champion 1983. Penicylina 1976 took the U.S. National Champion Mare 1986; Egina 1984 won the European Junior Reserve Champion Mare, Aachen 1986. Gondolier 1974 won the European and World Champion Stallion, Paris 1980; Pilarka 1975 was the European and World Junior Champion Mare, Paris 1981, and Etruria 1975 was the World Senior Champion Mare, Paris 1982.

I will also mention some Polish show results at this point. Kabala 1978 was Polish National Junior Champion Mare, Janow 1980; Haracz 1976 was Polish National Champion Stallion, Janow 1983; Fantastka 1975 was Polish National Senior Champion Mare, Janow 1985; Premia 1981 was Polish National Senior Reserve Champion Mare, Janow 1985; Elewka 1983 was Polish National Junior Champion Mare, Janow 1985; Egina 1984 was Polish National Junior Champion Mare, Janow 1986. The offspring of the stallion Palas 1968 are popular with the foreign buyers, and many of his representatives have brought high prices at export sales: Espaniola 1977, who sold to the U.S. in 1984 for \$167,000; Essorta 1977, who sold to the U.S. in 1984, also for \$167,000. Zolna 1977 sold to the U.S. in 1985 for \$140,000; Fantastka 1975 sold in 1985 to the U.S. for \$240,000; Camea 1977 sold to the U.S. at the Polish Ovation Sale in 1985 for \$550,000. Haracz 1976 sold to the U.S. in 1986 for \$380,000 and Penicylina 1976 sold at the Polish Ovation Sale 1985 for a record price of \$1,500,000.

Undoubtedly Palas 1968, being in the excellent condition that he is, will continue to produce many outstanding show winners.

Gondolier 1974 (Palas x Gonagra), sired five daughters in the studs. He served mares in Janow from 1979-1981 and later was sold to Sweden in 1981. He was Polish National Stallion, Janow 1982. Of his daughters, Everesta 1980 and Elgonda 1982 are the most distinguished.

Ernal 1975 (Palas x Engracja), sired only one daughter in the stud to this date. He served mares in Bialka from 1985-1986. One of his daughters, Petarda 1984, took second place in the class of two-year-old mares, Janow 1986 and second place in the two-year-old mare class, Aachen 1986. This stallion's offspring are now at the racecourse and in the studs.

Magnat 1966 (Aswan x Monopolia), was sold in 1969 to the U.S. and his daughter Czapelka 1970 as well to the U.S. for \$80,000.

Haracz 1976 (Palas x Harmonia), served mares in Bialka in 1983 and in Michalow in 1984 before being sold to the U.S. for \$380,000. This stallion distinguished himself at many shows. He was named Polish National Champion Stallion, Janow 1983, first place in the seven-to-ten-year-old stallions, European Reserve Champion Stallion, Paris 1983, first

place in the seven-to-ten-year-old stallions, Aachen 1984, and European Champion, Leiden 1985. Palas himself is still in good health, so it was possible to sell his son without impoverishing the Polish breeding.

Mamluk 1970 (Aswan x Monogramma), has been leased from Sweden in exchange for Haracz for one year. He served mares in Michalow in 1985 and left as many as 13 foals.

In the period being discussed the following stallions descending from this line served mares: Palas 1968, Ernal 1975, Mamluk 1970, and Haracz 1976.

In 1987 the following stallions will serve mares: Palas 1968 in Kurozweki, Ernal 1975 in Janow, and Endel 1981 in Michalow.

Endel 1981 (Palas x Elwira), has dimensions 154-173-19. He will be used for the first time. His dam Elwira 1971 is the daughter of the excellent mare Estebna 1961 (by Nabor), and was European Champion, Verden 1973. This stallion is a very good racer and represents excellent classic Saklawi type. He is very beautiful, refined and harmonious. His qualities and excellent pedigree allow us the expectation of future greatness for this line.

THE DEVELOPMENT OF PARTICULAR FAMILIES AFTER WORLD WAR II

Number of Family	Name of Progenitor	Number of mares in particular years					
		47/48	52/53	62/63	1973	30 XII 82	30 XII 86
X	Gazella or.Ar.	11	16	18	35	56	54
II	Miecha or.Ar.	12	20	18	24	32	40
III	Sahara or.Ar.	10	17	19	15	19	23
V	Milordka ca 1810 Slawuta	8	10	8	24	33	45
VI	Ukrainka ea 1815 Slawuta	1	1	4	8	21	23
VII	Szweykowska ca 1800 Slawuta	2	3	4	12	20	23
X	Woloszka ca 1810 Slawuta	5	6	6	8	16	17
XII	Szamrajowka 1811 Bialocerkiew	-	-	3	7	9	8
16	Selma1865	1	1	3	7	12	14
17	Rodania or.Ar.	-	-	2	1	7	9
19	Cherifa or.Ar.	-	1	2	4	10	10
33	Adjuze or.Ar.	5	-	1	2	1	1
34	Semrie or.Ar.	4	1	3	6	6	8
35	Bent-El-Arab or.Ar.	2	-	2	2	2	3
36	Scherife or.Ar.	2	1	3	6	7	9
	the remaining families	5	5	-	-	-	-
	In general	68	82	96	161	251	287

NUMBER OF MARES IN THE POLISH STUDS IN THE YEARS 1947-1983 DESCENDING FROM THE STALLIONS TRACING THEIR ORIGIN BOOK TO PARTICULAR SIRE LINES.

Number of Line	Name of Progenitor	Number of mares of the stallions descending from given line in particular years					
		47/48	52/53	62/63	1973	1983	1987
1	Abu Argub or.Ar.	1	1	6	2	-	-
5	Bairactar or.Ar.	3	6	7	6	23	17
8	Ezrak Seglavi or.Ar.	2	3	1	-	-	-
10	Gessur or.Ar.	9	7	3	-	-	-
12	Hermit or.Ar.	3	1	-	-	-	-
13	Ibn El Sakalaoui or.Ar.	1	-	-	-	-	-
14	Ibn Nura or.Ar.	4	4	-	-	-	-
15	Ibrahim or.Ar.	1	-	6	31	63	65
16	Ilderim or.Ar.	8	7	9	20	33	35
17	Koheilan Adjuze or.Ar.	4	6	8	16	4	2
18	Krzyzyk or.Ar.	11	13	11	15	17	25
20	Kuhailan Afas or.Ar.	1	5	8	33	17	33
21	Kuhailan Haifi or.Ar.	7	26	31	33	69	74
22	Kuhailan Zaid or.Ar.	11	3	5	4	5	-
30	Saklawi I other lines	-	-	-	-	20	36
	In general	68	82	96	161	251	287

PRIVATE BREEDING OF PUREBRED ARABIAN HORSES IN POLAND.

Apart from state studs that have existed in Poland since 1960 there is much private breeding as well. In light of the increasing number of both breeders and horses the subject merits separate treatment.

Zygmunt Braur, residing in Dobrowo in the county of Tarnobrzeg, started his breeding program for purebred Arabian horses in 1960 by buying two mares foaled at Stud Nowy Dwor – Wielka Zorza and Murcja.

Wielka Zorza, a bay foaled 1945 (Wielki Szlem x Zorza Pelkiska), unfortunately died in 1963, but not before she left a single mare, Wielka Este 1962. This bay (by El Trypoli), was sold in 1968 to Sweden.

Murcja 1959, another bay (Comet x Muszkatela), has been a dam of great value. She left three mares and one stallion in Dobrowo. She was sold in 1977 to the U.S. The mare Melhafa-El-Areg, a bay foaled in 1964 by El Trypoli, was sold in 1968 to Sweden. The mare Megara, bay, foaled 1966 (by Branibor), was sold in 1982 to the U.S. The stallion Ben Comet, a bay, foaled in 1967 (by Czardasz), had a good career at the racecourse and was sold in 1973 to the U.S. The third Murcja daughter, the mare Murat Hanum, a bay foaled in 1974 (by Muharyt), is presently in Dobrowo.

Megara left the mare Medresa Kufi, a bay foaled in 1978 (by Melon), who is there now, and the mare Farah, a bay foaled in 1979 (by Algomej), who was sold to Krystyna Duda.

Murat Hanum produced the stallion Muhtar Ali, a bay foaled in 1979 (by Algomej), who is used a little in the private breeding of purebred Arabian horses.

Wladyslaw Sadowski, residing in Stobno in the county of Kalisz, started breeding close to the time Braur did. At first he purchased the Arabian mare Dakaszma, a bay foaled in 1944 (Kaszmir x Dalama), and bred in Adamowka from the Pelkinie line of the Princes of Czartoryski. She left only one mare, Dzamila, in Stobno, a bay foaled in 1965 (by Cedr), who produced the mare Daula, a dark bay foaled 1977 (by El Azrak), who is now by Dariusz Nawrot residing in Dabrowka-Malice. There she is used a little in the breeding of purebred Arabians. After the death of Wladyslaw Sadowski in 1981, both the mares Daula and Dzamila were bought by Tadeusz Stroka, who resides in Rynarzewo in the county of Bydgoszcz. Dzamila died in 1986 and Daula is still in Rynarzewo.

In 1970 *Anna Debska*, of Warsaw, purchased the mare Maciejka, a bay foaled in 1961 (Sedziwoj x Mira), who was bred in the stud Albigowa. The mare Maciejka was sold in 1978 to Sweden.

Maciejka left four daughters: Murhejka, a bay foaled in 1972 (by Muharyt), Miszka, a bay foaled in 1975 (by Muharyt), Marunka, a bay foaled in 1977 (by Mokan), and Macierzanka, a bay foaled in 1978 (by Mokan). The best of them is apparently Murhejka. Four of her daughters were sold to the U.S.: Mgielka, a bay foaled in 1977 (by Mokan), along with her daughter Mglá, a bay foaled in 1984 (by Banat), Mewa, a bay foaled in 1978 (by Mokan), Murkana, a bay foaled in 1979 (by Mokan), and Mieta, a bay foaled in 1981 (by Mokan). Macierzanka produced the stallion Malachit, a bay foaled in 1983 (by Dambor), and Marunka, the stallion Marlon, a bay foaled in 1983 (by Aloes). Both were sold to the U.S.

At present, Anna Debska is owner of the mares Murhejka 1972 and Miszka 1975, *Wanda Jackowska* (in Mrozy near Skierniewice), has the mare Marunka 1977, and *Andrzej Waliszewski* (in Cholewy near Blonie in the county of Warsaw), has the mares Macierzanka 1978, a medium bay 1982 (Mokan x Mgielka), and Maranta, a bay foaled 1983 (Dambor x Miszka).

In 1972 *Andrzej Ou*, of Warsaw, purchased the mare Falbanka, a liver chestnut foaled 1959 (Banio x Fanfara), bred in the stud Nowy Dwor, who was staying in Rozalin near Warsaw. Falbanka produced the daughter Farah-Itaka, a bay foaled in 1974 (by Muharyt), and later sold to Sweden in 1978. At present Farah-Itaka is in Rozalin with two daughters, Farah-Amida 1971 and Farah-Awtara 1985. The third daughter, Farah Aisha 1983 is at the racecourse in Warsaw.

Krystyna Duda, residing in Mlynczyska, in the county of Tarnobrzeg, purchased the mare Mu Farah in 1985. This bay, foaled in 1979 (Algomej x Megara), was bred by Z. Braur. Two mares were bought at the auction in Janow 1986: Aktorka, a bay foaled 1984 (Embargo x Arena), who was bred in the stud Kurozweki, and Wiklina, a bay foaled in 1983 (Fason x Wieczerza), who was bred in the stud Bialka.

Genealogical Charts



FEMALE GENEALOGIES

I. GAZELLA Or.Ar. progeny Kohejl Agius, imp. 1845 to Jarczowce.

Gazella I 1859
(Abiat or.Ar.) Jarczowce

Lania
(Hami or.Ar.) Jarczowce

Pamela 1890
(El Kebir) Jezupol

Lania gr.m. 1896
(Al Nabi) Jezupol

Abra gr.m. 1904
(Anvil) Jezupol

+ Gazella II b.m. 1914
(Kohejlan or.Ar.) Jezupol

Gazella II
(Hami or.Ar.) Jarczowce

Gazella III 1882
(Hindustan I) Jarczowce

Oaza ch.m. 1901
(El Kebir I) Pelkinie

+ Fryga b.m. 1914
(Kohejlan 1903) Pelkinie

+ GAZELLA II b.m. 1914 (Kohejlan or.Ar. x Abra 1904) Jezupol

Elegantka 1923

Kamea 1929

Rozeta 1935

Cerozja 1949

Cyneraria 1961

Cykuta gr.m. 1966 cntd.
(Mir Said, Negatiw) Janow 1/5 (1-2-1)

Cyrkulacja gr.m. 1974
(Palas) Kurozweki 1/8 (2-3-1)

Cyganeria gr.m. 1980
(Relax) Kurozweki 2/8 (2-1-3)

Czamara gr.m. 1986
(Pepton) Kurozweki

Celebracja gr.m. 1981
(Bandos) Kurozweki

Cera ch.m. 1985
(Partner) Kurozweki

Cennik gr.h. 1986
(Partner) Kurozweki

Cynia b.m. 1982
(Aloes) Kurozweki 1/1 (0-0-0)

Czata gr.m. 1983
(Banat) Kurozweki 1/8 (1-2-2)

Ciupaga gr.m. 1984
(Banat) Kurozweki

Cis gr.h. 1985
(Pepton) Kurozweki

Cytat gr.h. 1986
(Pepton) Kurozweki

+ GAZELLA II b.m. 1914 (Kohejlan or.Ar. x Abra 1904) Jezupol

Elegantka 1923

Kamea 1929

Rozeta 1935

Cerozja 1949

Cyneraria 1961

Cykuta gr.m. 1966 cntd.
(Mir Said, Negatiw) Janow 1/5 (1-2-1)

Cyrenajka gr.m. 1975 cntd.
(Banat) Kurozweki 2/13 (1-1-6)

Cuszima gr.m. 1983
(Algierczyk) Kurozweki

Cetka b.m. 1984
(Algierczyk) Kurozweki

Cel gr.h. 1985
(Partner) Kurozweki

Cypel b.h. 1986
(Pepton) Kurozweki

Cerrita 1965

Cesja 1971

Cedula gr.m. 1977
(Bandos) Janow 2/15 (3-2-3)

Cedrat gr.h. 1983
(Probat) Janow 1/5 (2-0-0)

Cedent gr.h. 1984
(Probat) Janow

Cewiarka b.m. 1979
(Partner) Janow exp. 1984 to W. Germany

Calinka d.b.m. 1983
(Banat) Kurozweki exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Cieciorka b.m. 1984
(Algierczyk) Kurozweki

Fryga II 1924

Ofirka 1939

Gastronomia 1946

Garufa 1958

Garsonka 1966

Garsella gr.m. 1972 cntd.
(Bandos) Janow 2/15 (4-4-2)

Gardenia gr. m. 1978
(Engano) Janow 2/15 (2-4-4) exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Garstka gr.m. 1979
(Banat) Janow 1/2 (0-0-0) exp. 1983 to U.S.A.

Gust gr.h. 1983
(Banat) Kurozweki 1/1 (0-0-0)

Galeon gr.h. 1986
(Partner) Kurozweki

Gomora 1959

Gonagra gr.m. 1965 cntd.
(Negatiw) Janow

Gorgona b.m. 1978
(Relax) Janow 2/16 (0-0-2) exp. 1983 to U.S.A.

Godna ch.m. 1980
(Banat) Janow

+ GAZELLA II b.m. 1914 (Kohejlan or.Ar. x Abra 1904) Jezupol Fryga II 1924

Ofirka 1939

Gastronomia 1946

Gomora 1959

Gonagra gr.m. 1965 cntd.
(Negativ) Janow

Godna ch.m. 1980
(Banat) Janow

Godnik gr.h. 1985
(Ernal) Janow

Gorycz ch.m. 1986
(Palas) Janow

Goplana b.m. 1983
(Probat) Janow 1/5 (0-2-2)

Gogolin gr.h. 1984
(Probat) Janow

Gornez gr.h. 1985
(Palas) Janow

Gogo gr.h. 1986
(Palas) Janow

Gambia gr.m. 1972 cntd.
(Bandos) Janow 2/7 (1-3-0)

Gaja gr.m. 1983
(Probat) Janow

Garcynia b.m. 1984
(Probat) Janow

Gaza b.m. 1986
(Gil) Janow

Gilza b.m. 1967 cntd.
(Espartero) Michalow

Gildia b.m. 1975 cntd.
(El Paso) Michalow 1/1 (0-0-1)

Gitara b.m. 1980
(Eskimos) Michalow 2/12 (0-3-4)

Gradacja b.m. 1982
(Probat) Michalow exp. to U.S.A. (Polish Ovation 1985)

Gabon gr.h. 1983
(Pepton) Michalow

Gafa gr.m. 1984
(Pepton) Michalow

Goliat b.h. 1985
(Eukalptus) Michalow

Gloria b.m. 1986
(Eukalptus) Michalow

Gizela gr.m. 1977
(Palas) Michalow 2/14 (5-4-2)2

Geneza gr.m. 1983
(Pepton) Michalow 1/6 (4-1-0)2

Giza gr.m. 1984
(Pepton) Michalow

Garonna b.m. 1985
(Fanatyk) Michalow

Grog gr.h. 1986
(Pesennik) Michalow

+ GAZELLA II b.m. 1914 (Kohejlan or.Ar. x Abra 1904) Jezupol Fryga II 1924

Ofirka 1939

Gastronomia 1946

Gilza gr.m. 1977
(Palas) Michalow 2/14 (5-4-2)2

Giemza gr.m. 1979
(Palas) Michalow 2/11 (0-1-3) exp. 1986 to U.S.A.

Grota gr.m. 1985
(Wilkolak) Michalow

Gitana ch.m. 1980
(Eskimos) Michalow 1/2 (0-0-0) exp. 1984 to U.S.A.

Getynga d.ch.m. 1981
(Palas) Michalow 1/6 (1-2-0)

Gasawa b.m. 1982
(Probat) Michalow 2/14 (3-6-3)1

Gejzer gr.h. 1983
(Palas) Michalow 1-2 (0-0-0)

Grenada b.m. 1984
(Set) Michalow

Granat b.h. 1985
(Fanatyk) Michalow

Adis Abeba 1947

Amhara gr. m. 1961 cntd.
(Nabor) Michalow 3/22 (1-2-1)

Artemida gr.m. 1969 cntd.
(Chazar) Michalow 2/16 (3-5-3)

Arteria gr.m. 1981
(Probat) Michalow

Asmara gr.m. 1985
(Penitent) Michalow

Aronia gr.m. 1986
(Tallin) Michalow

Areta gr.m. 1983
(Set) Michalow 1/1 (0-0-0)

Amfora gr.m. 1985
(Penitent) Michalow

Arak gr.h. 1986
(Mamluk) Michalow

Adria ch.m. 1980
(Eukalptus) Michalow 2/10 (1-1-0) exp. 1986 to U.S.A.

Arkadia gr.m. 1986
(Penitent) Michalow exp. 1986 to U.S.A.

Orla 1962

Ostrawa 1969

Ostka b.m. 1975
(Krezus) Janow 3/17 (3-1-0)1

Ostrozka brt.b.m. 1983
(Woroblin) Bialka 1/3 (0-0-0)

Omar b.h. 1984
(Woroblin) Bialka

Osolin b.h. 1985
(Woroblin) Bialka

Fryga II 1924

Ofirka 1939

Orla 1962

Orgia ch.m. 1971 cntd.
(Krezus) Janow 2/12 (0-2-0) D. + O. + AP. exp. 1986
to U.S.A.

Orbita b.m. 1978
(Relax) Janow 1/2 (0-2-0) exp. 1983 to Brazil

Orka gr.m. 1979
(Partner) Janow 1/3 (1-0-0)

Oreik gr.h. 1984
(Aloes) Janow

Ormuzd gr.h. 1986
(Balon) Janow

Orchidea ch.m. 1980
(Banat) Janow

Orion b.h. 1984
(Aloes) Janow

Ordynat b.h. 1985
(Aloes) Janow

Oreada b.m. 1986
(Gil) Janow

Ordynacja d.b.m. 1981
(Banat) Janow 1/3 (0-1-1)

Ordon ch.h. 1986
(Alcazar) Janow

Organtyna ch.m. 1983
(Probat) Janow 1/3 (2-1-0)

Origan gr.h. 1984
(Parys) Janow

Orator ch.h. 1985
(Palas) Janow

Orlica b.m. 1975 cntd.
(Krezus) Janow 2/12 (4-2-0)

Orchis b.m. 1982
(Banat) Janow 1/4 (0-0-1) exp. 1986 to Sweden

Orient gr.h. 1983
(Bandos) Janow 1/6 (3-1-1)

Orfika b.m. 1984
(Probat) Janow

Order gr.h. 1985
(Ernal) Janow

Jaskolka II 1928

Wilga 1938

Carmen 1942

Kassala 1952

Kasta 1960

Kasja 1965

Kama gr.m. 1971 cntd.
(Eleuzis) Janow

Kamfora b.m. 1978
(Relax) Janow 2/14 (0-0-2) exp. 1985 to
Holland

+ GAZELLA II b.m. 1914 (Kohejlan or.Ar. x Abra 1904) Jezupol
Jaskolka II 1928

Wilga 1938

Carmen 1942

Kassala 1952

Kasta 1960

Kasja 1965

Kama gr.m. 1971 cntd.
(Eleuzis) Janow

Kamfora b.m. 1978
(Relax) Janow 2/14 (0-0-2) exp. 1985 to
Holland

Kamarat gr.h. 1984
(Argo) Janow

Kamera gr.m. 1985
(Eternit) Janow

Kameleon b.h. 1983
(Probat) Janow 1/6 (1-0-2)

Kabral b.h. 1984
(Probat) Janow

Kamea gr.m. 1985
(Eternit) Janow

Kamen gr.h. 1986
(Eternit) Janow

Karabela b.m. 1976 cntd.
(Celebes) Janow exp. 1983 to U.S.A.

Karawana b.m. 1983
(Probat) Janow 1/4 (1-0-0)

Kasetka b.m. 1978
(Etap) Janow 1/5 (0-0-0)

Kastor d.b.h. 1983
(Aloes) Janow

Kaseton ch.h. 1984
(Probat) Janow

Kaskada b.m. 1985
(Banat) Janow

Kansas ch.h. 1986
(Alcazar) Janow

Kasata b.m. 1979
(Etap) Janow 2/14 (4-0-2)0

Kasim b.h. 1985
(Banat) Janow

Kaktus b.h. 1986
(Gil) Janow

Kalka gr.m. 1983
(Parys) Janow exp. 1986 to W. Germany

Canberra 1954

Capella 1965

Candela ch.m. 1978
(Etap) Janow 1/3 (0-1-0)

Candyt gr.h. 1984
(Parys) Janow

Cagana ch.m. 1986
(Alcazar) Janow

Capua gr.m. 1981
(Wist) Janow exp. 1984 to U.S.A.

+ GAZELLA II b.m. 1914 (Kohejlan or.Ar. x Abra 1904) Jezupol
Jaskolka II 1928

Wilga 1938

Carmen 1942

Canberra 1954

Candida gr.m. 1967 cntd.
(Aquinor) Janow 3/22 (3-4-5)

Cartagena gr.m. 1978
(Muharyt) Janow 1/3 (0-1-0)

Carmina gr.m. 1983
(Woroblin) Bialka 1/1 (0-0-0)

Carmen gr.m. 1985
(Woroblin) Bialka

Ceres gr.m. 1986
(Ernal) Bialka

Contessa gr.m. 1980
(Wist) Janow 1/5 (1-1-0) exp 1985 to U.S.A.

Cornelia gr.m. 1985
(Palas) Janow

Cadet gr.h. 1983
(Banat) Kurozweki 1/10 (0-1-1)

Cumparsita 1960

Cykada 1970

Cizba 1976

Cizemka gr.m. 1980
(Palas) Michalow 1/5 (1-1-2)

Cygaretki ch.m. 1985
(Fanatyk) Michalow

Corrida gr.m. 1986
(Tallin) Michalow

Kometa gr.m. 1971 cntd.
(Elf) Michalow 1/1 (0-0-0)

Kabala gr.m. 1978 cntd.
(Palas) Michalow 2/15 (3-3-0)

Kawalkada gr.m. 1985
(Penitent) Michalow

Kwesta gr.m. 1986
(Pesennik) Michalow

Klonica gr.m. 1981
(Palas) Michalow 1/4 (0-0-0)

Kryza ch.m. 1986
(Enrilo) Michalow

Kolia gr.m. 1982
(Probat) Michalow

Konkubina gr.m. 1983
(Pepton) Michalow 1/4 (2-0-1)

Komes ch.h. 1984
(Palas) Michalow

Kolonia ch.m. 1985
(Haracz) Michalow

Kontusz gr.h. 1986
(Mamluk) Michalow

+ GAZELLA II b.m. 1914 (Kohejlan or.Ar. x Abra 1904) Jezupol
Jaskolka II 1928

Wilga 1938

Carmen 1942

Cumparsita 1960

Cantata 1974

Cancona b.m. 1980
(Partner) Michalow exp. to U.S.A. (Polish
Ovation 1985)

Arwila 1947

Andorra 1961

Andria 1970

Angola gr.m. 1976 cntd.
(Palas) Janow 1/4 (0-0-0)

Anglia b.m. 1984
(Probat) Janow

Anatolia ch.m. 1985
(Banat) Janow

Antwerpia gr.m. 1986
(Eternit) Janow

Worskla 1956

Wilma brt.b.m. 1963 cntd.
(Pietuszok) Janow 2/13 (3-7-2) exp. 1983 to U.S.A.

Wineta b.m. 1980
(Etap) Janow 2/12 (5-3-1)2

Winetu b.h. 1986
(Alcazar) Janow

Wilban gr.h. 1983
(Bandos) Janow

Wieszczka 1957

Wieza b.m. 1966 cntd.
(Doktryner) Janow 2/15 (3-1-6) exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Wiorsta b.m. 1975 cntd.
(Banat) Kurozweki 2/14 (3-3-3)

Wizytowka b.m. 1982
(Eufrat) Kurozweki 1/2 (0-1-1) exp. 1986 to
Sweden

Wedrowiec b.h. 1983
(Algierczyk) Kurozweki

Wedrowka b.m. 1984
(Algierczyk) Kurozweki

Werset b.h. 1985
(Pepton) Kurozweki

Włodarz gr.h. 1986
(Pepton) Kurozweki

Wieczera b.m. 1976 cntd.
(Tryptyk) Kurozweki 2/10 (2-1-0) exp. 1984 to
U.S.A.

+ GAZELLA II b.m. 1914 (Kohejlan or.Ar. x Abra 1904) Jezupol
Jaskolka II 1928

Wilga 1938

Wieszczka 1957

Wieza b.m. 1966 cntd.

(Doktryner) Janow 2/15 (3-1-6) exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Wieczera b.m. 1976 cntd.

(Tryptyk) Kurozweki 2/10 (2-1-0) exp. 1984 to
U.S.A.

Wojenka gr.m. 1982

(Palas) Bialka

Wizjer gr.h. 1986

(Alkazar) Bialka

Wiklina b.m. 1983

(Fason) Bialka

Wieczorynka b.m. 1978

(Melon) Kurozweki 2/9 (1-2-2)1 exp. 1983 to U.S.A.

Wibracja b.m. 1979

(Elef) Kurozweki 1/2 (0-0-0) exp. to U.S.A. (Polish
Ovation 1985)

Wiwat b.h. 1984

(Embargo) Kurozweki

Winnica gr.m. 1981

(Bandos) Kurozweki

Wiecha gr.m. 1986

(Partner) Kurozweki

Werbel b.h. 1983

(Banat) Kurozweki 1/9 (1-0-0)

Wloka gr.m. 1985

(Pepton) Kurozweki

Taraszcza 1937

Operetka 1941

Porfira 1953

Pardwa 1967

Pliszka gr.m. 1973 cntd.

(Gwarny) Michalow

Premia gr.m. 1981

(Palas) Michalow 1/1 (0-0-0)

Prymus gr.h. 1986

(Tallin) Michalow

Plisa gr.m. 1982

(Probat) Michalow

Pegaz gr.h. 1983

(Palas) Michalow 1/6 (0-2-2)

Palba gr.m. 1985

(Penitent) Michalow

Pogarda gr.m. 1986

(Tallin) Michalow

+ FRYGA b.m. 1914 (Kohejlan 1903 x Oaza 1901) Pelkinie

Ryfka 1925

Bussorah 1932

Hirfa 1938

Mira 1942

Maciejka 1961

Murhejka b.m. 1972 cntd.

(Muharyt) Lazy

Mgielka b.m. 1977 cntd.

(Mokan) Cholewy exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Medium b.m. 1982

(Bukszpan) Cholewy 1/8 (0-3-1)

Mgla b.m. 1984

(Banat) Cholewy exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Mewa b.m. 1978

(Mokan) Cholewy exp. 1984 to U.S.A.

Migotka b.m. 1983

(Dambor) Cholewy

Murkana b.m. 1979

(Mokan) Cholewy exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Murabi b.h. 1984

(Banat) Cholewy

Mieta b.m. 1981

(Mokan) Cholewy 2/8 (1-1-3) exp. 1985 to
U.S.A.

Murawa d.b.m. 1981

(Aloes) Cholewy

Mural b.h. 1985

(Aloes) Cholewy

Miszka b.m. 1975 cntd.

(Muharyt) Lazy Stare 1/6 (1-1-2)

Mimoza b.m. 1982

(Bukszpan) Cholewy

Maranta b.m. 1983

(Dambor) Cholewy

Murena b.m. 1985

(Algierczyk) Cholewy

Misja b.m. 1986

(Algierczyk) Mrozy

Marunka b.m. 1977

(Mokan) Cholewy

Marlon b.h. 1983

(Aloes) Mrozy exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Markizeta b.m. 1984

(Aloes) Mrozy

Marakesz b.h. 1985

(Aloes) Mrozy

Milagro b.h. 1986

(Gil) Mrozy

+ FRYGA b.m. 1914 (Kohejlan 1903 x Oaza 1901) Pelkinie

Ryfka 1925

Bussorah 1932

Hirfa 1938

Mira 1942

Maciejka 1961

Macierzanka b.m. 1978
(Mokan) Cholewy

Malachit b.h. 1983
(Dambor) Cholewy exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Mutar b.h. 1984
(Muhtar-Ali) Cholewy

Migracja b.m. 1985
(Muhtar-Ali) Cholewy

Macedonia b.m. 1986
(Dadzi) Cholewy

Gadila 1937

Gahdar 1942

Miriam 1946

Manilla 1955

Meluzyna 1965

Mila b.m. 1971 cntd.
(Gwarny) Michalow 1/6 (0-0-1)

Milada gr.m. 1977 cntd.
(Burkan) Michalow 1/5 (0-0-0) exp. to
U.S.A. (Polish Ovation 1985)

Margola gr.m. 1982
(Partner) Michalow 1/9 (1-1-0)

Marza gr.m. 1983
(Palas) Michalow 1/5 (0-0-1)

Matnia gr.m. 1984
(Palas) Michalow

Maczeta gr.m. 1978
(Burkan) Michalow

Merkit gr.h. 1986
(Tallin) Michalow

Malawita b.m. 1979
(Aloes) Michalow 2917 (2-5-2) exp. 1984
to U.S.A.

Malwina b.m. 1982
(Probat) Michalow 1/2 (1-0-1)

Maligna b.m. 1984
(Pepi) Michalow

Milurit b.h. 1985
(Fanatyk) Michalow

Milord b.h. 1986
(Tallin) Michalow

Matwa 1972

Matewka gr.m. 1978
(Czeremosz) Michalow 2/14 (3-2-2) exp.
1983 to Holland

+ FRYGA b.m. 1914 (Kohejlan 1903 x Oaza 1901) Pelkinie

Ryfka 1925

Gadila 1937

Gahdar 1942

Miriam 1946

Manilla 1955

Mitra b.m. 1969 cntd.
(Celebes) Michalow

Miranda b.m. 1976 cntd.
(El Paso) Michalow 1/4 (0-2-1)

Markiz b.h. 1983
(Pepi) Michalow 1/8 (1-1-4)

Midas b.h. 1986
(Set) Michalow

Mitrega b.m. 1982
(Probat) Michalow 1/7 (1-0-1)

Mitrydat gr.h. 1985
(Eukalptus) Michalow

Mistral b.h. 1986
(Set) Michalow

Tecza 1927

Dalama 1934

Dakaszma 1944

Dzamila b.m. 1965 cntd.
(Cedr) Stobno

Daula d.b.m. 1977
(El Azrak) Stobno

Damilon b.h. 1983
(Dambor) Rynarzewo

Dalast b.h. 1984
(Muhtar-Ali) Rynarzewo

Dzionic b.h. 1985
(Muhtar-Ali) Rynarzewo

Dzamil b.h. 1986
(Muhtar-Ali) Rynarzewo

Musailima 1942

Muszkatela 1951

Murcja 1959

Megara 1966

Medresa-Kufi b.m. 1978
(Melon) Dobrow

Mu-Farah b.m. 1979
(Algomej) Dobrow 1/4 (0-0-0)

Mu Sahra b.m. 1984
(Banat) Dobrow

Mundial ch.h. 1986
(Wigor) Mlynczyska

Murat-Hanum b.m. 1974 cntd.
(Muharyt) Dobrow 1/6 (0-0-1)

Murat Nur d.b.h. 1984
(Banat) Dobrow

Murat-Gaza b.m. 1986
(Gazon) Dobrow

II. MLECHA or. Ar. progeny Kohejlan Dueni, imp. 1845 to Jarczowce

Rozmaita
(Elazus or. Ar.)

Mlecha
(El-Delemi) Jarczowce

Mlecha
(Bosak) Taurow

Mlecha 1889
(Hafiz I) Taurow

Nimfa 1900
(El-Kebir I) Pelkinie

+ Fanfara gr.m. 1914
(Kohejlan 1903) Pelkinie

Mlecha
(Elazus or. Ar.)

Mlecha Mniejsza 1867
(Dahoman or. Ar.)

Indostanka
(Hindostan I) Jarczowce

Eminach 1888
(Bagdad)

Dzami I 1896
(Dzardzal) Regow

+ Lysa ch.m. 1915
(Hassizi) Patkow

+ FANFARA gr.m. 1914 (Kohejlan 1903 x Nimfa 1900) Pelkinie
Pomponia II 1924

Atfa 1931

Akra 1941

Delia 1950

Doliwa b.m. 1965 cntd.
(Comet) Michalow

Duga b.m. 1983
(Set) Michalow

Duet b.h. 1984
(Set) Michalow

Dziegiel b.h. 1985
(Fanatyk) Michalow

Alhambra 1943

Ambara 1951

Tryguza 1958

Tradycja 1967

Trema gr.m. 1972 cntd.
(Gwarny) Michalow

Traszka gr.m. 1978
(Andrut) Kurozweki 2/14 (1-1-3)
exp. 1983 to U.S.A.

Tania gr.m. 1981
(Bandos) Kurozweki 2/11 (2-3-3)

Turniej b.h. 1983
(Banat) Kurozweki

Talar ch.h. 1984
(Banat) Kurozweki

Tabor gr.h. 1985
(Partner) Kurozweki

Trop gr.h. 1986
(Wigor) Kurozweki

+ FANFARA gr.m. 1914 (Kohejlan 1903 x Nimfa 1900) Pelkinie
Pomponia II 1924

Cemira 1933

Munira 1942

Birt Munira 1948

Bokata 1962

Bolonia b.m. 1971 cntd.
(Eleuzis) Janow 1/4 (1-0-2)

Boliwia gr.m. 1976
(Gwarny) Janow 1/2 (0-0-0)

Bolzano gr.h. 1983
(Probat) Janow

Bazalt gr.h. 1986
(Probat) Janow

Borowina b.m. 1979
(Etap) Janow 1/6 (1-0-0)

Boryslaw ch.h. 1984
(Probat) Janow

Borowik ch.h. 1985
(Banat) Janow

Bombaj b.h. 1986
(Gil) Janow

Babilonia b.m. 1982
(Banat) Janow 1/5 (0-0-0)

Bogota d.b.m. 1983
(Probat) Janow exp. 1986 to Belgium

Bogatka gr.m. 1979
(Gwarny) Janow 1/1 (0-0-0) exp. 1983 to
Holland

Cerekiew 1951

Cerkwica 1962

Ceregiela b.m. 1974 cntd.
(Celebes) Janow 2/18 (2-2-2)

Cena ch.m. 1982
(Banat) Janow 1/6 (0-2-1)

Cejlon b.h. 1983
(Probat) Janow 1/9 (0-0-0)

Cenar ch.h. 1984
(Probat) Janow

Celimena gr.m. 1985
(Palas) Janow

Cynk b.h. 1986
(Alcazar) Janow

Ceratka gr.m. 1977
(Gwarny) Janow 1/3 (0-1-0)

Ceratonia gr.m. 1983
(Probat) Janow 1/2 (0-0-1)

Cekina gr.m. 1985
(Palas) Janow

Cesarka gr.m. 1986
(Gil) Janow

+ Eanfara gr.m. 1914 (Kohejlan 1903 x Nimfa 1900) Pelkinie
 Pomponia II 1924
 Cemira 1933
 Cerekiew 1951
 Ceramika 1964
 Ceneria b.m. 1978
 (Partner) Janow
 Celt b.h. 1983
 (Banat) Kurozweki
 Czersk b.h. 1984
 (Banat) Kurozweki exp. 1986 to Holland
 Cynik b.h. 1986
 (Pepton) Kurozweki

+ LYSA ch.m. 1915 (Hassizi 1898 x Dzami I 1896) Patkow/Prusy
 Mabrucha 1928
 Mabruta 1940
 Czaruta 1949
 Czarowna 1961
 Czarka 1966
 Czapa gr.m. 1972
 (Carycyn) Janow 3/22 (3-5-6) exp 1984 to
 U.S.A.
 Czarta 1968
 Czasza gr.m. 1976 cntd.
 (Melon) Kurozweki 3/17 (1-1-3)
 Czepiec b.h. 1983
 (Fason) Bialka 1/8 (0-3-3)
 Czahara gr.m. 1984
 (Haracz) Bialka
 Czaryz gr.h. 1985
 (Woroblin) Bialka
 Czapelka gr.m. 1970 cntd.
 (Magnat) Janow 2/12 (3-2-3) exp. 1984 to U.S.A.
 Czukotka b.m. 1978
 (Gwarny) Janow 2/10 (2-4-0) exp. 1983 to
 U.S.A.
 Czara gr.m. 1982
 (Banat) Janow 2/12 (2-2-1)
 Czantoria gr.m. 1983
 (Probat) Janow 1/7 (1-1-1)
 Czatyrdog ch.h. 1984
 (Probat) Janow

Safta 1929
 Sabda 1940
 Salwa 1945
 Salina 1960
 Saletra 1967
 Sarabanda gr.m. 1973 cntd.
 (Bandos) Janow 1/4 (1-0-0)
 Saradela gr.m. 1979
 (Partner) Janow 1/2 (0-0-0)

+ LYSA ch.m. 1915 (Hassizi 1898 x Dzami I 1896) Patkow/Prusy
 Safta 1929
 Sabda 1940
 Salwa 1945
 Salina 1960
 Saletra 1967
 Sarabanda gr.m. 1973 cntd.
 (Bandos) Janow 1/4 (1-0-0)
 Saradela gr.m. 1979
 (Partner) Janow 1/2 (0-0-0)
 Sawran gr.h. 1984
 (Ernal) Janow
 Sandra ch.m. 1985
 (Palas) Janow
 Saper gr.h. 1986
 (Eternit) Janow
 Samosiera gr.m. 1980
 (El Paso) Janow
 Saragossa gr.m. 1984
 (Argo) Janow
 Samson gr.h. 1985
 (Palas) Janow
 Samarang gr.h. 1986
 (Alcazar) Janow
 Saracenia ch.m. 1981
 (El Paso) Michalow 1/6 (1-1-2)
 Samuraj gr.h. 1983
 (Aloes) Janow 1/3 (0-0-0)
 Sarajewo ch.h. 1984
 (Parys) Janow
 Saratow ch.h. 1986
 (Alcazar) Janow

Sakwa 1953
 Sekwana 1959
 Sekwoja 1966
 Serenada 1976
 Salopa gr.m. 1981
 (Aloes) Kurozweki 2/15 (5-1-0)I
 Sprzeczkha b.m. 1977
 (Czeremosz) Kurozweki exp. 1983 to Brazil

Sabellina 1954
 Santa 1960
 Sasanka 1968 cntd.
 Saszetka ch.m. 1977
 (Engano) Janow 2/11 (6-5-0) D. + 0. + 2
 Sakiewka gr.m. 1983
 (Aloes) Janow
 Saladyn gr.h. 1984
 (Ernal) Janow
 Sarmacja b.m. 1986
 (Gil) Janow

+LYSA ch.m. 1915 (Hassizi 1898 x Dzami I 1896) Patkow/Prusy

Safta 1929

Sabda 1940

Sabellina 1954

Santa 1960

Sasanka 1968 cntd.

Sawanna ch.m. 1978

(Namiet) Janow 1/4 (1-2-1) exp. 1984 to U.S.A.

Sambia b.m. 1984

(Aloes) Janow

Sanna b.m. 1980

(Wist) Janow 2/12 (6-4-1) D. + 3

Santa Luccia gr.m. 1986

(Balon) Janow

Simone gr.m. 1963 cntd.

(Czort) Janow

Siena gr.m. 1980

(Banat) Janow 1/4 (0-1-0)

Sierra Newada gr.m. 1985

(Aloes) Janow

Simla b.m. 1981

(Banat) Janow 1/1 (0-0-0)

Siam ch.h. 1986

(Balon) Janow

Iwonka III 1936

Balalajka 1941

Arfa 1947

Harfa 1955

Harmonia gr.m. 1966 cntd.

(Negativ, Mir Said) Janow 1/2 (0-0-0) exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Haronia gr.m. 1972 cntd.

(Celebes) Janow

Huta gr.m. 1978

(Andrut) Kurozweki 1/4 (0-0-2) exp. 1984 to U.S.A.

Henna gr.m. 1984

(Embargo) Kurozweki

Humoreska b.m. 1979

(Andos) Kurozweki exp. 1983 to W. Germany

Hera b.m. 1980

(Eufrat) Kurozweki 1/5 (0-0-1) exp. 1984 to U.S.A.

Haubica gr.m. 1981

(Bandos) Kurozweki

Husaria b.m. 1986

(Partner) Kurozweki

+LYSA ch.m. 1915 (Hassizi 1898 x Dzami I 1896) Patkow/Prusy

Iwonka III 1936

Balalajka 1941

Arfa 1947

Harfa 1955

Harmonia gr.m. 1966 cntd.

(Negativ, Mir Said) Janow 1/2 (0-0-0) exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Haronia gr.m. 1972 cntd.

(Celebes) Janow

Heraldyka gr.m. 1982

(Palas) Kurozweki 1/1 (0-0-0)

Hreczka gr.m. 1984

(Banat) Kurozweki

Haga gr.m. 1985

(Embargo) Kurozweki

Huba b.m. 1986

(Pepton) Kurozweki

Harmonijka gr.m. 1974 cntd.

(Bandos) Janow 1/3 (0-0-0)

Halka gr.m. 1985

(Ellorus) Janow 2/11 (0-2-0) exp. 1986 to Brazil

Halfa gr.m. 1979

(Palas) Janow

Halniak gr.h. 1986

(Alcazar) Janow

Hanza gr.m. 1981

(El Paso) Janow 1/6 (0-0-1) exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Hatjar gr.h. 1983

(Aloes) Janow

Harpia gr.m. 1985

(Ernal) Janow

Harcerka gr.m. 1986

(Palas) Janow

Hacjenda b.m. 1980

(Banat) Janow 1/5 (0-0-1) exp. to U.S.A. (Polish Ovation 1985)

Hajnowka ch.m. 1981

(El Paso) Janow

Habit gr.h. 1986

(Palas) Janow

Hancza gr.m. 1983

(Aloes) Janow 1/5 (0-0-2)

Hazena b.m. 1984

(Aloes) Janow

Harp gr.h. 1985

(Palas) Janow

+LYSA ch.m. 1915 (Hassizi 1898 x Dzami I 1896) Patkow/Prusy

Iwonka III 1936

Balalajka 1941

Arfa 1947

Harfa 1955

Harsza 1967

Haiti b.m. 1980

(Banat) Janow 1/6 (1-0-0)

Hajduk b.h. 1985

(Palas) Janow

Hansk b.h. 1986

(Gil) Janow

Abhazja 1956

Arba b.m. 1962 cntd.

(Comet) Janow 1/6 (1-2-1)

Arra gr.m. 1975 cntd.

(Bandos) Janow 2/12 (6-3-2) D. + O. + AP. +1

Arosa gr.m. 1981

(El Paso) Janow exp. 1983 to U.S.A.

Aldara b.m. 1983

(Probat) Janow 1/7 (0-3-4)

Ararat gr.h. 1985

(Palas) Janow

Arras b.h. 1986

(Palas) Janow

Arena ch.m. 1977

(Gwarny) Janow

Artystka b.m. 1983

(Banat) Kurozweki

Aktorka b.m. 1984

(Embargo) Kurozweki

Atos b.h. 1985

(Pepton) Kurozweki

Artos gr.h. 1986

(Pepton) Kurozweki

Armada b.m. 1980

(Banat) Janow 1/6 (2-2-1) exp. to U.S.A. (Polish Ovation 1985)

Akcja gr.m. 1982

(El Paso) Janow exp. 1984 to U.S.A.

Armona b.m. 1984

(Probat) Janow

Aria ch.m. 1985

(Banat) Janow

+LYSA ch.m. 1915 (Hassizi 1898 x Dzami I 1896) Patkow/Prusy

Iwonka III 1936

Balalajka 1941

Bandola 1948

Banda 1962

Bangla 1972

Baltona d.b.m. 1978

(Etap) Janow 2/16 (5-4-2)2 exp. 1984 to U.S.A.

Baltazar b.h. 1984

(Aloes) Janow

Beatrice gr.m. 1963 cntd.

(Pietuszk) Janow 2/13 (4-0-3)0. exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Batalia 1977

Beta gr.m. 1982

(Enos) Janow

Beliza d.b.m. 1979

(Etap) Janow 2/9 (3-0-2)1

Belizar b.h. 1985

(Palas) Janow

Belami b.m. 1986

(Alcazar) Janow

Bandama b.m. 1970 cntd.

(Celebes) Janow 2/3 (0-0-0) exp. to U.S.A. (Polish Ovation 1985)

Bolanda b.m. 1980

(El Paso) Kurozweki

Borsuk b.h. 1984

(Etnograf) Kurozweki

Bella gr.m. 1985

(Etnograf) Kurozweki

Bekiesza b.m. 1986

(Wigor) Kurozweki

Balsamka b.m. 1983

(Algierczyk) Kurozweki

Bojar gr.h. 1984

(Etnograf) Kurozweki

Ballada gr.m. 1975

(Partner) Janow

Balladyna ch.m. 1980

(El Paso) 1/4 (0-0-0)

Balladona gr.m. 1985

(Parys) Janow

Balet ch.h. 1986

(Alcazar) Janow

Bal gr.h. 1984

(Ernal) Janow

III. SAHARA or.Ar. progeny Kohejlan Moradi, imp. 1845 to Jarczowce

Sahara Slepka 1845 or.Ar.
(foaled in transport)

Zulejma
(Feruk-Chan or.Ar.) Jarczowce

Fatma 1873
(Hami or.Ar.) Jarczowce

Kadisza 1887
(Kalif) Jezupol

+ Pomponia gr.m. 1902
(Zagloba) Jezupol

+ Zulejma b.m. 1914
(Kohejlan or.Ar.) Jezupol

+ ZULEJMA b.m. 1914 (Kohejlan or.Ar. x Pomponia 1902) Jezupol
Dziwa 1922

Mokka 1931

Mokdiara 1940

Massina 1959

Maskota gr.m. 1965 cntd.
(Comet) 2/14 (0-0-4)

Mekka gr.m. 1974 cntd.
(Gwarny) Michalow 1/3 (0-0-0)

Modena b.m. 1979
(Algomej) Michalow 2/11 (1-0-5) exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Miss gr.m. 1984
(Eternit) Bialka

Medina gr.m. 1985
(Czako) Bialka

Meduza gr.m. 1986
(Czako) Bialka

Maskotka gr.m. 1978
(Bandos) Michalow 1/2 (0-0-0)

Meriadok b.h. 1983
(Fason) Bialka 1/8 (1-3-2)

Maharadza gr.h. 1984
(Haracz) Bialka

Magnolia gr.m. 1985
(Fason) Bialka

Maszkaron b.h. 1986
(Alkazar) Bialka

Maskarada gr.m. 1979
(Bandos) Michalow 1/2 (0-0-1) exp. 1983 to U.S.A.

Matryca gr.m. 1980
(Bandos) Michalow 1/4 (2-1-0)

Matra gr.m. 1986
(Mamluk) Michalow

Mandragora 1961

Maczuga 1967

Makowka b.m. 1978
(Melon) Kurozweki exp. 1984 to U.S.A.

Maksyma b.m. 1983
(Fason) Bialka 1/4 (1-2-0)

Malowana gr.m. 1984
(Eternit) Bialka

+ ZULEJMA b.m. 1914 (Kohejlan or.Ar. x Pomponia 1902) Jezupol
Dziwa 1922

Ferja 1924

Kasyda 1929

Karmen II 1937

Kreolka 1957

Kwadryga gr.m. 1978
(Bandos) Michalow 2/15 (1-6-1) exp. 1983 to U.S.A.

Kromka ch.m. 1979
(Palas) Michalow exp. 1983 to U.S.A.

Magja 1931

Kaszma 1939

Kalia 1942

Araukaria 1947

Arkadia 1956

Arkoza 1966

Asteroida 1972

Asturia b.m. 1977
(Tryptyk) Janow 2/13 (0-4-1)
exp. 1983 to Holland

Asysta b.m. 1983
(Banat) Kurozweki

Arkada gr.m. 1981
(Banat) Janow 2/14 (0-0-3)
exp. 1986 to Holland

Aszma 1947

Asturia 1956

Astenia 1967

Asta gr.m. 1972 cntd.
(Bandos) Janow 2/13 (1-2-2)

Adept b.h. 1983
(Algierczyk) Kurozweki 1/10 (1-0-1)

Anyzek gr.h. 1984
(Etnograf) Kurozweki

Abia b.m. 1985
(Partner) Kurozweki

Askania gr.m. 1986
(Partner) Kurozweki

Huryska 1926

Pieszczota 1934

Epizoda 1944

Daribba 1950

Daszawa 1958

Debica gr.m. 1972 cntd.
(Elf) Michalow

Dzungla gr.m. 1980
(Eukaliptus) Michalow exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Debowka gr.m. 1981
(Eternit) Michalow 1/1 (0-0-0)

+ ZULEJMA b.m. 1914 (Kohejlan or.Ar. x Pomponia 1902) Jezupol
 Huryska 1926
 Pieszczota 1934
 Epizoda 1944
 Daribba 1950
 Daszawa 1958
 Debica gr.m. 1972 cntd.
 (Elf) Michalow
 Debówka gr.m. 1981
 (Eternit) Michalow 1/1 (0-0-0)
 Dunaj gr.h. 1986
 (Enrilo) Michalow
 Dynamika gr.m. 1985
 (Fanatyk) Michalow
 Dawos gr.h. 1986
 (Mamluk) Michalow
 Diapazon gr.h. 1983
 (Wiatr) Michalow
 Epigona 1953
 Eunice b.m. 1959 cntd.
 (Comet) Nowy Dwor 1/5 (1-0-0)
 Eufonia gr.m. 1966
 (Doktryner) Janow
 Euforia gr.m. 1974
 (Bandos) Kurozweki 1/8 (0-1-1)
 Estyma gr.m. 1979
 (Algomej) Kurozweki exp. 1984 to
 U.S.A.
 Egipcjanka gr.m. 1984
 (Banat) Kurozweki
 Ejnia gr.m. 1980
 (Algomej) Kurozweki 2/14 (4-4-2)1
 Els b.h. 1986
 (Pepton) Kurozweki
 Eni gr.m. 1981
 (Aloes) Kurozweki exp. 1983 to W.
 Germany
 Estetka gr.m. 1982
 (Palas) Kurozweki 1/1 (0-0-0)
 Eksplozja gr.m. 1983
 (Banat) Kurozweki 1/1 (0-0-0)
 Eudea gr.m. 1984
 (Banat) Kurozweki
 El Prim gr.h. 1985
 (Partner) Kurozweki
 Egzystencja gr.m. 1986
 (Algomej) Kurozweki
 Egreta 1975
 Egri gr.m. 1981
 (Bandos) Kurozweki 1/2 (0-0-0)
 Ewidencja b.m. 1986
 (Algomej) Kurozweki
 Erytrea gr.m. 1978
 (Andrut) Kurozweki 2/13 (2-3-2)
 Eneasz gr.h. 1984
 (Embargo) Kurozweki

+ ZULEJMA b.m. 1914 (Kohejlan or.Ar. x Pomponia 1902) Jezupol
 Huryska 1926
 Pieszczota 1934
 Epizoda 1944
 Epigona 1953
 Eunice b.m. 1959 cntd.
 (Comet) Nowy Dwor 1/5 (1-0-0)
 Eufonia gr.m. 1966
 (Doktryner) Janow
 Erytrea gr.m. 1978
 (Andrut) Kurozweki 2/13 (2-3-2)
 Epizoda gr.m. 1985
 (Partner) Kurozweki
 Erg gr.h. 1986
 (Algomej) Kurozweki
 Erynia gr.m. 1980
 (Elf) Kurozweki 1/4 (1-0-0)
 Eksponat gr.h. 1985
 (Partner) Kurozweki
 Elein gr.h. 1986
 (Pepton) Kurozweki
 Eza gr.m. 1981
 (Bandos) Kurozweki 1/3 (1-0-0)
 Erika gr.m. 1986
 (Algomej) Kurozweki
 Euglena gr.m. 1983
 (Banat) Kurozweki
 Eneada gr.m. 1984
 (Pepton) Kurozweki
 Ezaw gr.h. 1986
 (Pepton) Kurozweki
 Europa gr.m. 1975 cntd.
 (Bandos) Janow 1/5 (0-0-0)
 Everesta gr.m. 1980
 (Gondolier) Janow 2/13 (3-3-3)
 Everest b.h. 1986
 (Alcazar) Janow
 Eurytmia b.m. 1981
 (Pepi) Michalow exp. 1986 to Belgium
 Euklides ch.h. 1983
 (Probat) Janow 1/3 (1-1-0)
 Europejka gr.m. 1984
 (Ernal) Janow
 Euzebia gr.m. 1985
 (Palas) Janow
 Euro ch.h. 1986
 (Palas) Janow
 Eureka ch.m. 1976
 (Gwarny) Janow 2/11 (0-1-1) exp 1985 to U.S.A.
 Eurypides gr.h. 1983
 (Bandos) Janow
 Eurazja b.m. 1981
 (Wist) Janow 1/7 (0-0-4)
 Elebrema ch.m. 1986
 (Alcazar) Janow

- + ZULEJMA b.m. 1914 (Kohejlan or.Ar. x Pomponia 1902) Jezupol Huryska 1926
 - Pieszczota 1934
 - Epizoda 1944
 - Epigona 1953
 - Eunice b.m. 1959 cntd.
(Comet) Nowy Dwor 1/5 (1-0-0)
 - Euterpe ch.m. 1983
(Probat) Janow
 - Euripos b.h. 1984
(Aloes) Janow
- + POMPONIA gr.m. 1902 (Zagloba 1889 x Kadisza 1887) Jezupol Dora 1922
 - Krucica 1929
 - Mammona 1939
 - Nomienklatura 1943
 - Najna 1961
 - Newa ch.m. 1966 cntd.
(Arax) Tiersk
 - Nawa 1973
 - Natura d.ch.m. 1979
(Banat) Janow 1/3 (0-0-0)
 - Natojin gr.h. 1984
(Ernal) Janow
 - Nadir b.h. 1986
(Gil) Janow
 - Neftyda gr.m. 1983
(Bandos) Janow 1/2 (0-0-1)

V. MILORDKA approx. 1810 Slawuta

- Delfina 1825
(Sewran or.Ar.)
- Malikarda 1843
(Lubart)
- Krasna 1854
(Artful-Dowger)
- Lodoiska 1859
(Hojny)
- Restauracja 1876
(Hadzi-Achmet)
- Japonia 1889
(Umbert)
- Belgia 1902
(Mazepa) Chrestowka
 - + Anielka gr.m. 1909
(Amurath 1881) Radowce imp. 1919
- Zaira 1826
(Seglavi or.Ar.)
- Ostrouszka 1837
(Babilon)
- Pruszyna 1846
(Krakus)
- Luba 1860
(Kohejlan-Abu-Argub or.Ar.)
- Heraldyka 1868
(Emir Beszyr or.Ar.)
- Republika 1876
(Ezrak-Seglavi or.Ar.)
- Malta 1892
(Handzar)
 - + Siglavi Bagdady gr.m. 1908
(Siglavi Bagdady or.Ar.) Radowce imp. 1919
 - Amurath m.
(Amurath 1881) Radowce
 - + Koalicja gr.m. 1918
(Koheilan IV) Radowce imp. 1919
- + ANIELKA gr.m. 1909 (Amurath 1881 x Belgia 1902) Radowce imp. 1919
- Arabja 1919
 - Elsissa 1930
 - Lala 1938
 - Ela 1951
 - Elokwencja 1957
 - Emocja 1963
 - Emalia 1969
 - Emka ch.m. 1976
(El Paso) Michalow 3/17 (1-1-8)

+ ANIELKA gr.m. 1909 (Amurath 1881 x Belgia 1902) Radowce imp. 1919

Arabja 1919

Elsissa 1930

Lala 1938

Ela 1951

Elokwencja 1957

Emocja 1963

Emalia 1969

Emka ch.m. 1976

(El Paso) Michalow 3/17 (1-1-8)

Embara gr.m. 1984

(Eternit) Bialka

Empiria b.m. 1985

(Woroblin) Bialka

Emoza gr.m. 1986

(Ernal) Bialka

Etola 1962

Elana gr.m. 1971 cntd.

(Elf) Michalow 1/9 (0-2-2)

Egzotyka gr.m. 1982

(Probat) Michalow 1/2 (1-0-1)

Elena b.m. 1983

(Pepton) Michalow

Elart gr.h. 1984

(Palas) Michalow

Eurobil gr.h. 1986

(Enrilo) Michalow

Erudycja gr.m. 1982

(Probat) Michalow 2/18 (0-3-3)

Elegia 1965

Eroica 1972

Erotyka gr.m. 1979

(Euftrat) Michalow 2/15 (1-2-2)

Eldon gr.h. 1985

(Penitent) Michalow

Erina b.m. 1986

(Tallin) Michalow

Emilia b.m. 1969 cntd.

(Celebes) Michalow

Eulalia gr.m. 1979

(Euftrat) Michalow 2/12 (1-0-3)

Egocentryk gr.h. 1986

(Enrilo) Michalow

Emgarda b.m. 1980

(Eskimos) Michalow 2/15 (2-3-1) exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Enna gr.m. 1982

(Eternit) Michalow 2/11 (3-0-1)

Ersilia b.m. 1985

(Set) Michalow

Escort ch.m. 1986

(Pesennik) Michalow

+ ANIELKA gr.m. 1909 (Amurath 1881 x Belgia 1902) Radowce imp. 1919

Arabja 1919

Elsissa 1930

Lala 1938

Ela 1951

Etykieta gr.m. 1974 cntd.

(Gedymin) Michalow 2/14 (4-2-1)

Etopa gr.m. 1981

(Partner) Michalow 2/12 (2-2-5)

Etylina gr.m. 1982

(Eternit) Michalow 2/11 (3-2-2)1

Epitafia gr.m. 1983

(Pepton) Michalow 1/7 (2-3-0)

Ejbar gr.h. 1984

(Fantastyk ex Fart) Michalow

Eunona gr.m. 1985

(Eukaliptus) Michalow

+ SIGLAVI BAGDADY gr.m. 1908 (Siglavi Bagdady or. Ar. x Malta 1892) Radowce imp. 1919

Bajka 1920

Jaga II 1928

Saga 1936

Canaria 1942

Gwara 1946

Gwardia b.m. 1965 cntd.

(Branibor) Michalow 2/15 (4-4-3)

Glownia b.m. 1973 cntd.

(El Paso) Michalow 2/14 (2-3-3)

Glowica b.m. 1983

(Pepi) Michalow 1/6 (0-1-2)

Genewa ch.m. 1985

(Fanatyk) Michalow

Galon b.m. 1986

(Tallin) Michalow

Gromadka gr.m. 1976 cntd.

(Tryptyk) Kurozweki 2/14 (4-3-4)

Guldynka ch.m. 1982

(Palas) Kurozweki 2912 (1-4-4)

Gromada ch.m. 1983

(Banat) Kurozweki

Gospoia gr.m. 1984

(Banat) Kurozweki

Gzysm b.h. 1985

(Pepton) Kurozweki

Gryps gr.h. 1986

(Pepton) Kurozweki

Grusza gr.m. 1978 cntd.

(Andrut) Kurozweki exp. 1983 to Holland

+ SIGLAVI BAGDADY gr.m. 1908 (Siglavi Bagdady or.Ar. x Malta 1892) Radowce imp. 1919

Bajka 1920

Jaga II 1928

Saga 1936

Canaria 1942

Gwara 1946

Gwardia b.m. 1965 cntd.
(Branibor) Michalow 2/15 (4-4-3)

Gala b.m. 1983
(Algierczyk) Kurozweki

Glenkora b.m. 1985
(Embargo) Kurozweki

Cosmosa 1950

Czadra 1959

Czczuga 1969

Catalina gr.m. 1974 cntd.
(El Paso) Michalow

Canta Bella gr.m. 1981
(Eufrat) Kurozweki

Camiłka gr.m. 1986
(Pepton) Kurozweki

Catalonczyk ch.h. 1983
(Banat) Kurozweki 1/5 (0-0-1)

Cabriolet ch.h. 1984
(Etnograf) Kurozweki

Castylia gr.m. 1985
(Pepton) Kurozweki

Caro gr.h. 1986
(Pepton) Kurozweki

Czatanoga 1959

Cedzyna 1966

Camea ch.m. 1977 cntd.
(Palas) Michalow 2/17 (3-4-4) exp. to U.S.A.
(Polish Ovation 1985)

Cywil b.h. 1983
(Pepi) Michalow 1/11 (1-2-3)

Cyklamen b.h. 1984
(Dylemat) Michalow

Cerwia gr.m. 1979
(Eufrat) Michalow 1/4 (0-0-0) exp. 1985 to
U.S.A.

Czarter gr.h. 1984
(Fantastyk ex Fart) Michalow

Cieciwa gr.m. 1981
(Palas) Michalow 2/11 (2-3-2)

Caryca gr.m. 1972 cntd.
(Negatiw) Michalow 1/2 (0-0-0) exp. 1983 to
U.S.A.

Carowna b.m. 1981
(Probat) Michalow exp. 1985 to Belgium

Columbia ch.m. 1982
(Probat) Michalow 1/6 (0-0-0) exp. 1986 to
U.S.A.

Czumak b.h. 1983
(Pepton) Michalow 1/3 (2-0-1)

+ SIGLAVI BAGDADY gr.m. 1908 (Siglavi Bagdady or.Ar. x Malta 1892) Radowce imp. 1919

Bajka 1920

Jaga II 1928

Saga 1936

Canaria 1942

Czatanoga 1959

Cytra gr.m. 1973 cntd.
(Negatiw) Michalow 1/6 (0-0-0)

Cedron gr.h. 1983
(Pepi) Michalow 1/8 (1-2-0)

Ceja b.m. 1984
(Pepi) Michalow

Czesnik ch.h. 1986
(Pesennik) Michalow

Estokada 1951

Eskapada gr.m. 1960 cntd.
(Nabor) Michalow

Espada gr.m. 1968 cntd.
(Aquinor) Michalow

Emisja gr.m. 1974 cntd.
(Carycyn) Michalow 1/5 (1-0-0)

Emigracja gr.m. 1980
(Palas) Michalow

Emigrantka gr.m. 1985
(Eukaliptus) Michalow

Emanacja gr.m. 1986
(Eukaliptus) Michalow

Ewita b.m. 1984
(Fantastyk ex Fart) Michalow

Etika gr.m. 1982
(Phazon) Michalow 1/5 (0-1-0)

Estancja gr.m. 1983
(Palas) Michalow

Eden gr.h. 1984
(Palas) Michalow

Edgar gr.h. 1985
(Haracz) Michalow

Eretria gr.m. 1986
(Mamluk) Michalow

Ekstaza gr.m. 1969 cntd.
(Celebes) Michalow 1/9 (0-2-4)

Ekipa gr.m. 1977
(Eufrat) Michalow 2/18 (1-1-4) exp. 1983 to
W. Germany

Elsynora gr.m. 1978
(Bandos) Michalow 1/8 (0-0-0)

Elsterna b.m. 1984
(Woroblin) Bialka

Elib b.h. 1985
(Woroblin) Bialka

Elizar b.h. 1986
(Alkazar) Bialka

+ SIGLAVI BAGDADY gr.m. 1908 (Siglavi Bagdady or.Ar. x Malta 1892) Radowce imp. 1919

Bajka 1920

Jaga II 1928

Saga 1936

Estokada 1951

Eskapada gr.m. 1960 cntd.
(Nabor) Michalow

Ekstaza gr.m. 1969 cntd.
(Celebes) Michalow 1/9 (0-2-4)

Ekspansja gr.m. 1979
(Czeremosz) Michalow 2/16 (3-0-6)

Ekspens b.h. 1985
(Set) Michalow

Eksces b.h. 1986
(Tallin) Michalow

Emfaza gr.m. 1980
(Eukaliptus) Michalow 1/5 (0-0-0)

Ersi ch.m. 1985
(Haracz) Michalow

Eksmisja gr.m. 1982
(Eternit) Michalow exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Elston b.h. 1983
(Pepton) Michalow 1/9 (0-3-0)

Esklawa gr.m. 1985
(Eukaliptus) Michalow

Ekbart b.h. 1986
(Eukaliptus) Michalow

Epopeja ch.m. 1978
(Palas) Michalow 2/16 (2-10-1)

Epilia gr.m. 1984
(Dylemat) Michalow

Elert ch.h. 1985
(Fanatyk) Michalow

Egon ch.h. 1986
(Enrilo) Michalow

Etapka gr.m. 1980
(Etap) Michalow 2/16 (3-4-4)

Eudoksja ch.m. 1986
(Pesennik) Michalow

Estebna 1961

Esencja 1968

Espaniola ch.m. 1977 cntd.
(Palas) Michalow 1/2 exp. 1984 to U.S.A.

Esperanca ch.m. 1982
(Set) Michalow 1/6 (1-0-1)

Epigram ch.h. 1984
(Fantastyk ex Fart) Michalow

Elwira 1971

Elegancja gr.m. 1976
(Burkan) Michalow 1/6 (0-0-0)

Elewka gr.m. 1983
(Palas) Michalow 1/1 (0-0-0)

Erwina gr.m. 1984
(Palas) Michalow

Empik gr.h. 1986
(Enrilo) Michalow

+ SIGLAVI BAGDADY gr.m. 1908 (Siglavi Bagdady or.Ar. x Malta 1892) Radowce imp. 1919

Bajka 1920

Jaga II 1928

Saga 1936

Estokada 1951

Estebna 1961

Elwira 1971

Erozja gr.m. 1978
(Burkan) Michalow exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Etologia gr.m. 1984
(Pepton) Michalow

Erydan gr.h. 1985
(Haracz) Michalow

Esmeralda gr.m. 1979
(Bandos) Michalow 2/10 (0-0-0)

Esmond gr.h. 1985
(Penitent) Michalow

Enseada gr.m. 1986
(Tallin) Michalow

Estonia gr.m. 1964 cntd.
(Comet) Michalow 1/6 (1-0-1) exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Epoka 1969

Epora gr.m. 1979
(Dambor) Michalow 1/3 (0-1-0) exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Ezra gr.m. 1985
(Fanatyk) Michalow

Estrela gr.m. 1975 cntd.
(El Paso) Michalow 2/14 (3-1-4)

Estela gr.m. 1981
(Probat) Michalow 2/12 (5-4-0)2

Efort gr.h. 1983
(Palas) Michalow 1/4 (0-1-1)

Estepona b.m. 1984
(Pepton) Michalow

Erdwil gr.h. 1986
(Mamluk) Michalow

Estrada gr.m. 1976 cntd.
(Burkan) Michalow

Eskandia gr.m. 1981
(Probat) Michalow 1/3 (0-0-0)

Eufrozyna gr.m. 1986
(Mamluk) Michalow

Elfryda ch.m. 1982
(Probat) Michalow 1/4 (0-0-1)

Egzorta gr.m. 1983
(Palas) Michalow 1/1 (0-0-0)

Egina gr.m. 1984
(Palas) Michalow

Egis gr.h. 1985
(Penitent) Michalow

+ SIGLAVI BAGDADY gr.m. 1908 (Siglavi Bagdady or.Ar. x Malta 1892) Radowce imp. 1919

Bajka 1920

Jaga II 1928

Saga 1936

Estokada 1951

Estonia gr.m. 1964 cntd.
(Comet) Michalow 1/6 (1-0-1) exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Essorta ch.m. 1979
(Palas) Michalow 1/3 (0-0-0) exp. 1984 to U.S.A.

Esoretka gr.m. 1983
(Palas) Michalow 1/3 (0-0-0)

Elga gr.m. 1984
(Set) Michalow

Ekstradycja b.m. 1985
(Haracz) Michalow

+ KOALICJA gr.m. 1918 (Koheilan IV 1905 x Amurath) Radowce, imp. 1919

Federacja 1924

Narada 1932

Walna 1938

Prowincja 1948

Pokaznaja 1962

Parma gr.m. 1966 cntd.
(Aswan) Tiersk

Partita gr.m. 1976 cntd.
(Bandos) Janow 1/2 (1-0-0)

Parow d.b.h. 1983
(Aloes) Janow 1/4 (1-1-0)

Paragon gr.h. 1986
(Palas) Janow

Parodia gr.m. 1977
(Gwarry) Janow 1/5 (0-0-0) exp. 1984 to U.S.A.

Parodystka gr.m. 1984
(Ernal) Janow

Parabola ch.m. 1981
(Ellorus) Janow 2/15 (0-6-3)

Palma gr.m. 1983
(Bandos) Janow 1/6 (0-2-2)

Pamir gr.h. 1984
(Probat) Janow

Patrol gr.h. 1985
(Aloes) Janow

Partytura gr.m. 1986
(Eternit) Janow

VI. UKRAINKA approx. 1815 Slawuta

Nadziezda 1828
(Kohejl-a-Dzus or.Ar.)

Dwojka 1838
(Kanarys)

Norma 1849
(Obejan)

Warszawa 1857
(Obejan-Srebrny)

Warszawianka 1869
(Ambaras)

Dame-de-Coeur 1880
(Halim or.Ar.)

Schipka I 1887
(Rawelin)

Rusalka 1897
(Kleber)

Chluba 1902
(Abu Argub or.Ar.)

+ Jerychonka ch.m. 1909
(Nizam) Gumniska

+ JERYCHONKA ch.m. 1909 (Nizam 1893 x Chluba 1902) Gumniska

Porta 1931

Forta 1943

Dyska 1950

Dessa 1961

Defilada b.m. 1969 cntd.
(Bajdak) Michalow 2/9 (1-3-1) exp. 1986 to U.S.A.

Dzierlatka b.m. 1977
(Gedymin) Michalow 2/13 (1-2-2)

Dacyt b.h. 1983
(Fason) Bialka 1/5 (1-3-1)I

Dzielna gr.m. 1984
(Haracz) Bialka

Dziryt b.h. 1985
(Fason) Bialka

Dixy b.m. 1986
(Alkazar) Bialka

Dymisja b.m. 1981
(Probat) Michalow 2/14 (2-2-3)I

Dora d.b.m. 1982
(Probat) Michalow 1/6 (1-1-1) exp. 1986 to U.S.A.

Delenda b.m. 1983
(Set) Michalow 1/7 (0-1-0)

Delicja b.m. 1984
(Set) Michalow

+ JERYCHONKA ch.m. 1909 (Nizam 1893 x Chluba 1902)
Gumniska

Porta 1931

Forta 1943

Dyska 1950

Dysputa gr.m. 1965 cntd.
(Comet) Michalow exp. to U.S.A. (Polish Ovation
1985)

Debata 1972

Debora gr.m. 1979
(Aloes) Michalow

Dabrowka gr.m. 1983
(Fason) Bialka 1/7 (0-0-2)

Deri b.m. 1984
(Haracz) Bialka

Delvana d.b.m. 1985
(Fason) Bialka

Delf gr.h. 1986
(Ernal) Bialka

Donna gr.m. 1973 cntd.
(Negatiw) Michalow 1/7 (0-2-3)

Drwina gr.m. 1980
(Eukaliptus) Michalow 1/5 (0-0-3) exp. 1985 to
U.S.A.

Darowizna gr.m. 1981
(Partner) Michalow

Dart gr.h. 1985
(Czako) Bialka

Dafnia gr.m. 1986
(Czako) Bialka

Donia gr.m. 1982
(Probat) Michalow 2/3 (1-4-2)

Dekolt gr.h. 1983
(Palas) Michalow 1/4 (3-0-0)1

Demon gr.h. 1984
(Set) Michalow

Dubrawa gr.m. 1985
(Penitent) Michalow

Despotka gr.m. 1979 cntd.
(Bandos) Michalow 1/2 (1-1-0) exp. 1984 to U.S.A.

Desperacja gr.m. 1984
(Palas) Michalow

Dekada gr.m. 1982
(Eternit) Michalow

Docent b.h. 1984
(Set) Michalow

Drumla 1966 cntd.

Dalmacja 1973

Dunkierka gr.m. 1978
(Aloes) Michalow 2/12 (1-1-1) exp. 1983 to
U.S.A.

Demetra d.b.m. 1978
(Aloes) Michalow 2/15 (3-3-1) exp. 1983 to U.S.A.

Dzwina gr.m. 1980
(Eukaliptus) Michalow 2/12 (2-2-4) exp. 1985 to
U.S.A.

+ JERYCHONKA ch.m. 1909 (Nizam 1893 x Chluba 1902)
Gumniska

Porta 1931

Forta 1943

Forsycja 1954

Felluka 1963

Familia b.m. 1971
(Gwarny) Michalow 2/13 (4-2-3) exp. to U.S.A.
(Polish Ovation 1985)

Fronda b.m. 1978
(Aloes) Michalow 1/3 (0-0-0) exp. 1986 to
U.S.A.

Frodo b.h. 1983
(Fason) Michalow 1/9 (1-4-2)

Faruk gr.h. 1984
(Eternit) Bialka

Froidin b.h. 1985
(Woroblin) Bialka

Frasquita gr.m. 1986
(Ernal) Bialka

Fobia ch.m. 1981
(Probat) Michalow 1/6 (0-0-0) exp. 1986 to
Belgium

Fatyga ch.m. 1982
(Probat) Michalow 2/14 (2-5-2)

Finlandia gr.m. 1983
(Fantastyk ex Fart) Michalow

Flotylla gr.m. 1974 cntd.
(El Paso) Michalow 1/4 (0-1-0)

Flota gr.m. 1981
(Probat) Michalow 2/15 (0-1-3)

Fluksja b.m. 1982
(Set) Michalow exp. 1984 to W. Germany

Finn b.h. 1984
(Woroblin) Bialka

Florika b.m. 1986
(Czako) Bialka

Ferezja 1956

Ferenike 1964

Furia 1969

Furda gr.m. 1975
(Andrut) Kurozweki 1/6 (0-0-0)

Fundacja b.m. 1980
(Algomej) Kurozweki 1/3 (0-0-0) exp. 1984
to U.S.A.

Forma gr.m. 1982
(Palas) Kurozweki exp. 1985 to Holland

+ JERYCHONKA ch.m. 1909 (Nizam 1893 x Chluba 1902)
Gumniska

Porta 1931

Forta 1943

Ferezja 1956

Ferenike 1964

Furia 1969

Furda gr.m. 1975
(Andrut) Kurozweki 1/6 (0-0-0)

Flamenca gr.m. 1983
(Banat) Kurozweki

Facjata gr.m. 1985
(Etnograf) Kurozweki

Firma gr.m. 1986
(Wigor) Kurozweki

Fuzja b.m. 1977
(Melon) Kurozweki 2/10 (4-3-0) exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Faramir b.h. 1983
(Woroblin) Bialka 1/5 (1-3-1)

Fuks b.h. 1985
(Fason) Bialka

Fretka b.m. 1978
(Melon) Kurozweki 2/11 (3-2-2) exp. 1983 to U.S.A.

Fenicja 1965

Figura 1976

Fisza gr.m. 1981
(Bandos) Kurozweki exp. 1985 to Italy

Fort gr.h. 1985
(Algierczyk) Kurozweki

Flandria b.m. 1978
(Melon) Kurozweki 1/7 (2-1-1) exp. 1983 to U.S.A.

Fatma d.b.m. 1961 cntd.
(Anarchista) Michalow 2/14 (6-7-1)0

Fatima gr.m. 1971 cntd.
(Negatiw) Michalow 1/7 (2-1-1)

Foka gr.m. 1979
(Aloes) Michalow 2/15 (2-8-3)

Fotka gr.m. 1986
(Pesennik) Michalow

Ferrara b.m. 1982
(Probat) Michalow 1/6 (1-0-2) exp. 1986 to U.S.A.

Festiwal gr.h. 1983
(Palas) Michalow 1/10 (1-2-1)

Fontanna gr.m. 1984
(Palas) Michalow

Futura b.m. 1986
(Pesennik) Michalow

+ JERYCHONKA ch.m. 1909 (Nizam 1893 x Chluba 1902)
Gumniska

Porta 1931

Forta 1943

Fatma d.b.m. 1961 cntd.
(Anarchista) Michalow 2/14 (6-7-1)0

Fabiola gr.m. 1972 cntd.
(Negatiw) Michalow 2/14 (2-3-5)

Fabula gr.m. 1981
(Partner) Michalow exp. 1983 to U.S.A.

Fanaberia b.m. 1982
(Probat) Michalow 2/7 (2-2-1)

Folga b.m. 1984
(Pepi) Michalow

Fabrina b.m. 1986
(Alkazar) Bialka

Fatra 1975

Frezja gr.m. 1981
(Dylemat) Michalow exp. 1983 to W. Germany

Filipika gr.m. 1979
(Bandos) Michalow 1/1 (0-0-0)

Ficus ch.h. 1985
(Woroblin) Bialka

Fifina d.ch.m. 1986
(Alkazar) Bialka

Fraza gr.m. 1980
(Bandos) Michalow 2/14 (3-6-5)

Fryzja gr.m. 1986
(Mamluk) Michalow

Furora d.b.m. 1983
(Pepton) Michalow 1/6 (0-1-2)

Fantasmagoria b.m. 1986
(Alkazar) Bialka

Forteca 1965

Fuga bl.m. 1974 cntd.
(El Azrak) Michalow 2/14 (1-9-2)

Frajda gr.m. 1981
(Dylemat) Michalow 1/2 (0-0-1) exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Ferwor b.h. 1983
(Set) Michalow 1/6 (2-0-2)

Fedra b.m. 1984
(Set) Michalow

Faktor bl.h. 1985
(Fanatyk) Michalow

Funga b.m. 1986
(Enrilo) Michalow

VII. SZWEJKOWSKA approx. 1800 Sławuta

Tokarska 1814
(Janczar-Aga)

Metka 1831
(Kanarys)

Latka 1853
(Bon-Vouloir)

Perla 1858
(Iskander-Pasza)

Comtessa 1864
(Mahomet-el-Hassan or.Ar.)

Melodia 1874
(Derwisz or.Ar.)

Zalotna 1882
(Cyprian) Satanow

Lezginka 1895
(Obejan-Szarak or.Ar.) Antoniny

+ Kalina gr.m. 1909
(Ibrahim or.Ar.) Antoniny

+ Elstera gr.m. 1913
(Ibrahim or.Ar.) Antoniny

+ KALINA gr.m. 1909 (Ibrahim or.Ar. x Lezginka 1895) Antoniny
Aghani 1932

Kalina Wnuczka 1937

Werbena 1945

Wataha 1956

Wilczura 1967 cntd.

Wichura gr.m. 1976 cntd.
(Andrut) Michalow 1/3 (0-0-0) exp. 1983 to
U.S.A.

Wydma gr.m. 1982
(Probat) Michalow 2/12 (3-2-2)1

Wat gr.h. 1983
(Palas) Michalow 1/6 (0-0-0)

Wydra gr.m. 1978 cntd.
(Euftrat) Michalow 2/15 (4-3-3)0. exp. 1986 to
U.S.A.

Wyrab gr.h. 1986
(Pesennik) Michalow

Warynka 1972

Warzecha gr.m. 1978
(Burkan) Kurozweki 1/3 (0-0-0)

Waza b.m. 1983
(Banat) Kurozweki 1/5 (0-0-0)

Warkot gr.h. 1984
(Algierczyk) Kurozweki

Walia gr.m. 1985
(Partner) Kurozweki

Waga gr.m. 1986
(Algomej) Kurozweki

Warownia gr.m. 1981
(Bandos) Kurozweki 2/13 (3-3-0)

+ KALINA gr.m. 1909 (Ibrahim or.Ar. x Lezginka 1895) Antoniny
Aghani 1932

Kalina Wnuczka 1937

Werbena 1945

Wadera 1957

Warmia 1963

Wizja b.m. 1973 cntd.
(El Paso) Michalow 1/2 (1-0-0)

Winiak gr.h. 1983
(Cognac) Michalow 1/7 (2-0-0)

Wizjoner ch.h. 1986
(Set) Michalow

Wistula b.m. 1974 cntd.
(El Paso) Michalow 1/7 (1-0-1) exp. to U.S.A.
(Polish Ovation 1985)

Warka b.m. 1981
(Probat) Michalow 1/3 (0-0-1)

Warna ch.m. 1986
(Tallin) Michalow

Wystep b.h. 1983
(Pepton) Michalow 1/9 (1-1-2)

Wislak gr.h. 1984
(Pepton) Michalow

Wilejka ch.m. 1976 cntd.
(El Paso) Michalow 1/6 (0-2-2)

War ch.h. 1983
(Set) Michalow 1/7 (2-0-0)

Wilja gr.m. 1984
(Pepton) Michalow

Wojslaw b.h. 1986
(Tallin) Michalow

Wacpanna gr.m. 1978
(Bandos) Michalow 1/3 (0-1-1)

Warszula gr.m. 1983
(Palas) Michalow 1/2 (0-0-0)

Werwa gr.m. 1984
(Palas) Michalow

Wasal ch.h. 1985
(Haracz) Michalow

Wolta gr.m. 1986
(Mamluk) Michalow

Weczera gr.m. 1979
(Bandos) Michalow 1/3 (1-0-0)

Walkiria gr.m. 1986
(Mamluk) Michalow

Wenera gr.m. 1970
(Negatiw) Michalow exp. 1983 to U.S.A.

Weneda gr.m. 1975
(Gedymin) Michalow 1/5 (0-0-0)

+ KALINA gr.m. 1909 (Ibrahim or.Ar. x Lezginka 1895) Antony
Aghani 1932

Kalina Wnuczka 1937

Werbena 1945

Wadera 1957

Wenera gr.m. 1970
(Negatiw) Michalow exp. 1983 to U.S.A.

Weneda gr.m. 1975
(Gedymin) Michalow 1/5 (0-0-0)

Wenecja gr.m. 1980
(Palas) Michalow 2/10 (1-1-2) exp. 1985 to
U.S.A.

Wendeta gr.m. 1981
(Palas) Michalow 1/8 (0-0-1)

Warsowia b.m. 1986
(Tallin) Michalow

Weronia gr.m. 1982
(Probat) Michalow 1/6 (0-0-1)

Westa gr.m. 1983
(Palas) Michalow

Wioletta gr.m. 1984
(Palas) Michalow

Wajdelota gr.h. 1986
(Mamluk) Michalow

Weranda gr.m. 1979
(Aloes) Michalow 1/4 (0-0-0)

Wersal b.h. 1983
(Pepi) Michalow

Wilczyca 1974

Wyrwa ch.m. 1981
(Partner) Michalow 1/2 (0-0-0) exp. 1986 to
U.S.A.

Wertep ch.h. 1986
(Set) Michalow

+ ELSTERA gr.m. 1913 (Ibrahim or.Ar. x Lezginka 1895) Antony
Drweca 1922

Dzwina 1932

Cesia 1938

Fanfara 1945

Fanfarona 1953

Falbanka 1959

Farah Itaka b.m. 1974 cntd.
(Muharyt) Rozalin 2/10 (0-0-2)

Farah-Aisha ch.m. 1983
(Probat) Rozalin

Farah-Amida b.m. 1984
(Aloes) Rozalin

Farah-Antara b.m. 1985
(Aloes) Rozalin

Farah-Aziz b.h. 1986
(Alcazar) Rozalin

+ ELSTERA gr.m. 1913 (Ibrahim or.Ar. x Lezginka 1895) Antony
Drweca 1922

Dzwina 1932

Cesia 1938

Fanfara 1945

Fanfarona 1953

Fanza gr.m. 1964 cntd.
(Chazar) Janow 1/3 (0-1-1)

Farsa 1970

Farma gr.m. 1979
(Partner) Janow 2/16 (2-8-2)

Farmerka gr.m. 1985
(Banat) Janow

Faraon gr.h. 1986
(Palas) Janow

Faktoria ch.m. 1980
(Gondolier) Janow 1/6 (0-0-0) exp. 1984
to Holland

Fantastka gr.m. 1975 cntd.
(Palas) Janow 2/15 (3-3-0) exp. 1985 to
U.S.A.

Fazenda gr.m. 1983
(Bandos) Janow 1/5 (1-1-1)

Falsyfikat gr.h. 1984
(Argo) Janow

Farmal gr.h. 1985
(Eternit) Janow

Fascynacja d.b.m. 1978
(Etap) Janow 2/12 (4-3-0)1

Falset d.b.h. 1984
(Probat) Janow

Fagot b.h. 1986
(Alcazar) Janow

Fanfan gr.h. 1985
(Palas) Janow

Fantina 1965

Fajka gr.m. 1976
(Palas) Janow 3/23 (3-3-0)

Fasja gr.m. 1983
(Fason) Bialka exp. 1985 to W. Germany

Fajerwerk gr.h. 1984
(Woroblin) Bialka

Fach gr.h. 1985
(Czako) Bialka

Fanny gr.m. 1986
(Czako) Bialka

Fregata 1957

Fama 1963

Finezja gr.m. 1974
(Gedymin) Michalow 2/15 (1-0-4)

Frakcja gr.m. 1980
(Eskimos) Michalow exp. 1983 to Brazil

Fosa ch.m. 1982
(Probat) Michalow

Frejlina gr.m. 1983
(Pepton) Michalow 1/7 (2-5-0)

+ ELSTERA gr.m. 1913 (Ibrahim or.Ar. x Lezginka 1895) Antoniny
 Drweca 1922
 Dzwina 1932
 Cesia 1938
 Fanfara 1945
 Fregata 1957
 Fama 1963
 Finezja gr.m. 1974
 (Gedymin) Michalow 2/15 (1-0-4)
 Finta gr.m. 1984
 (Set) Michalow
 Fastryga gr.m. 1985
 (Penitent) Michalow
 Finetka gr.m. 1986
 (Set) Michalow
 Facecja gr.m. 1981
 (Eternit) Michalow exp. 1983 to W.
 Germany
 Floryda 1964
 Filia ch.m. 1976 cntd.
 (Eufrat) Michalow 1/1 (0-0-0)
 Figiel ch.h. 1983
 (Palas) Michalow
 Fliza b.m. 1984
 (Pepi) Michalow
 Filon gr.h. 1965
 (Eukalptus) Michalow
 Florinda ch.m. 1986
 (Enrilo) Michalow
 Fladra b.m. 1969 cntd.
 (Celebes) Michalow 2/17 (3-4-2) exp. 1983 to
 U.S.A.
 Fladra gr.m. 1979
 (Bandos) Michalow 1/6 (1-1-1)
 Flawina gr.m. 1984
 (Palas) Michalow
 Fleming ch.h. 1986
 (Pesennik) Michalow
 Fletnia gr.m. 1981
 (Eternit) Michalow 1/8 (0-1-0)
 Fircyk ch.h. 1986
 (Enrilo) Michalow
 Flit b.h. 1983
 (Pepton) Michalow

X. WOLOSZKA approx. 1810 Slawuta

Kara Szumka 1824
 (Szumka I)
 Woloszka 1834
 (Szumka II)
 Helada 1850
 (Szumka III)
 Gonta 1855
 (Gonta)
 Cecora 1863
 (Hetman)
 Tymotka 1878
 (Ezrak Seglavi or.Ar.)
 Delta 1884
 (Obejan-Szaraki or.Ar.)
 Polenta 1895
 (Abu Argub or.Ar.) Chrestowka
 + Rusalka b.m. 1911
 (Czorsztyń) Dzierzbice
 + RUSALKA b.m. 1911 (Czorsztyń 1898 x Polenta 1895) Dzierzbice
 Karima 1924
 El Zabibe 1938
 Elza 1942
 Ellora 1950
 Eliza 1963
 Elita b.m. 1971 cntd.
 (Celebes) Janow 1/4 (1-1-1)
 Eta b.m. 1979
 (Etap) Janow exp. 1985 to W. Germany
 Esta b.m. 1983
 (Argo) Bialka 1/3 (0-0-0)
 Et-Et gr.m. 1984
 (Eternit) Bialka
 Etulia ch.m. 1985
 (Woroblin) Bialka
 Ellonga 1968
 Elektorka gr.m. 1975
 (Andrut) Kurozweki
 Epistola gr.m. 1980
 (Eufrat) Kurozweki exp. 1984 to U.S.A.
 Estonka d.b.m. 1982
 (Aloes) Kurozweki 2/17 (2-0-6)
 Emirat b.h. 1983
 (Banat) Kurozweki 1/7 (1-1-2)
 Eos ch.h. 1984
 (Banat) Kurozweki
 Elongacja b.m. 1977 cntd.
 (Melon) Kurozweki 2/8 (2-1-0)

+ RUSALKA b.m. 1911 (Czorsztyn 1898 x Polenta 1895) Dzierzbice

Karima 1924

El Zabibe 1938

Elza 1942

Ellora 1950

Ellonga 1968

Elongacja b.m. 1977 cntd.
(Melon) Kurozweki 2/8 (2-1-0)

Edycja b.m. 1984
(Banat) Kurozweki

Ereiz b.h. 1985
(Algierczyk) Kurozweki

Erewan gr.h. 1986
(Pepton) Kurozweki

Elleida b.m. 1979
(Algomej) Kurozweki 2/11 (3-2-1)1

Eleina b.m. 1985
(Algierczyk) Kurozweki

Elaiza gr.m. 1986
(Pepton) Kurozweki

Eminencja b.m. 1980
(Algomej) Kurozweki 1/2 (0-0-1) exp. 1986 to
U.S.A.

Eter b.h. 1985
(Algierczyk) Kurozweki

Ewenement b.h. 1986
(Wigor) Kurozweki

Elewacja b.m. 1970 cntd.
(Celebes) Janow 1/2 (0-1-0)

Elta d.b.m. 1977
(Engano) Janow 2/15 (5-1-2) exp. 1983 to U.S.A.

Elm b.h. 1983
(Aloes) Janow

El Mura b.m. 1979
(Muharyt) Janow 2/14 (2-4-2) exp. 1986 to
U.S.A.

El Mabruk gr.h. 1985
(Ernal) Janow

El Alar b.h. 1986
(Alcazar) Janow

Eljop b.h. 1983
(Probat) Janow

Elwanga b.m. 1984
(Probat) Janow

Elekta gr.m. 1985
(Palas) Janow

Elist b.h. 1986
(Balon) Janow

Elektra gr.m. 1976 cntd.
(Bandos) Janow 197 (1-2-2)

+ RUSALKA b.m. 1911 (Czorsztyn 1898 x Polenta 1895) Dzierzbice

Karima 1924

El Zabibe 1938

Elza 1942

Ellora 1950

Elektra gr.m. 1976 cntd.
(Bandos) Janow 197 (1-2-2)

El Ghazi b.h. 1983
(Aloes) Janow 1/6 (2-1-1)

Elerema gr.m. 1984
(Aloes) Janow

Elekt b.h. 1985
(Palas) Janow

Else b.m. 1986
(Gil) Janow

Elzunia 1951

Etna 1959

Etiopia 1970

Etazerka gr.m. 1976 cntd.
(Bandos) Janow 1/3 (0-1-0)

Etaz gr.h. 1983
(Aloes) Janow 1/8 (2-0-1)

Ewa gr.m. 1984
(Probat) Janow

Etenazja gr.m. 1985
(Palas) Janow

Estepa gr.m. 1986
(Alcazar) Janow

Etencja gr.m. 1973 cntd.
(Bandos) Janow 1/5 (0-0-2)

Ewiwa gr.m. 1983
(Aloes) Janow 1/7 (1-0-2)

Etanika gr.m. 1985
(Aloes) Janow

Etton gr.h. 1986
(Palas) Janow

Etruria gr.m. 1975
(Palas) Janow 1/2 (0-0-1)

Enaria gr.m. 1980
(Aloes) Janow exp. to U.S.A. (Polish
Ovation 1985)

Etruska gr.m. 1983
(Aloes) Janow

Etana gr.m. 1984
(Aloes) Janow

Ettoria gr.m. 1985
(Aloes) Janow

Etman gr.h. 1986
(Gil) Janow

+ RUSALKA b.m. 1911 (Czorsztyn 1898 x Polenta 1895) Dzierzbice
 Karima 1924
 El Zabibe 1938
 Elza 1942
 Elzunia 1951
 Etna 1959
 Etamina b.m. 1979
 (Ellorus) Janow 1/5 (0-0-0) exp. 1986 to Sweden
 Ereb b.h. 1984
 (Aloes) Janow
 Etyma b.m. 1985
 (Banat) Janow
 Etranzer b.h. 1986
 (Alcazar) Janow
 Equitana d.b.m. 1980
 (Aloes) Janow 1/1 (0-1-0)
 Equina b.m. 1985
 (Palas) Janow
 Ekawa b.m. 1986
 (Alcazar) Janow
 Niespodzianka 1931
 Laguna 1938
 Laszka 1953
 Leliwa gr.m. 1970
 (Negatiw) Michalow exp. 1985 to U.S.A.
 Lekcja 1974
 Lektorka gr.m. 1979
 (Elef) Kurozweki 2/15 (1-1-1) exp. 1984 to
 U.S.A.
 Lebioda gr.m. 1977
 (Czeremosz) Kurozweki 2/6 (0-0-1) exp. 1983 to
 Brazil
 Lansada gr.m. 1983
 (Banat) Kurozweki exp. 1983 to Brazil
 Lepianka gr.m. 1978
 (Czeremosz) Kurozweki 2/11 (1-0-2)
 Laponka gr.m. 1984
 (Embargo) Kurozweki
 Liwadia gr.m. 1985
 (Pepton) Kurozweki
 Limit gr.h. 1986
 (Pepton) Kurozweki
 Liwia 1957
 Legenda 1967
 Lida gr.m. 1976 cntd.
 (Namiet) Michalow 2/12 (1-0-1)
 Linda gr.m. 1983
 (Palas) Michalow 1/2 (0-0-0)
 Lin gr.h. 1985
 (Haracz) Michalow
 Litwa gr.m. 1986
 (Mamluk) Michalow
 Libella 1972
 Lanca gr.m. 1978
 (Melon) Kurozweki exp. 1983 to U.S.A.
 Leta gr.m. 1979
 (Elef) Kurozweki 2/11 (0-2-1) exp. 1984 to U.S.A.

XII. SZAMRAJOWKA approx. 1810 Bialocerkiew (Szamrajowka)

Bejowna
 (Bej or Ar.)
 Ulana
 (Szach or Ar.)
 Betsi
 (Apazard)
 Rosolanka
 (Ilderim or Ar.)
 Karamania
 (Kodeks)
 Adalgissa
 (Alla-Kis or Ar.)
 Hesperia
 (Hami or Ar.)
 Hadria 1898
 (Hamdani I) Uzin
 Kalga 1905
 (Amurath 1892)
 + Kewa gr.m. 1923
 (Siglavi-Bagdady II) Inocenzdvor
 + KEWA gr.m. 1923 (Siglavi-Bagdady II 1906 x Kalga 1905)
 Inocenzdvor imp. 1930
 Wlodarka 1938
 Piewica 1953
 Penza 1959
 Pemba b.m. 1964 cntd.
 (Czort) Janow 2/13 (2-8-3) exp. 1984 to U.S.A.
 Pelia 1973
 Peluga b.m. 1978
 (Relax) Janow 2/12 (1-1-1) exp. 1983 to Brazil
 Perlon gr.h. 1983
 (Bandos) Janow 1/8 (2-5-1)
 Pierzga 1964
 Pilarka gr.m. 1975
 (Palas) Janow 2/16 (3-1-2)
 Pipi gr.m. 1981
 (Banat) Janow
 Pirania gr.m. 1986
 (Parys) Janow
 Pianola gr.m. 1982
 (Bandos) Janow
 Pinia gr.m. 1984
 (Probat) Janow
 Pieczec gr.m. 1976
 (Palas) Janow 3/15 (7-1-1)0. + 3
 Piruet gr.h. 1983
 (Probat) Janow 1/4 (2-1-0)
 Piwonia gr.m. 1984
 (Parys) Janow

+ KEWA gr.m. 1923 (Siglavi-Bagdady II 1906 x Kalga 1905)
Inocenzdvor imp. 1930

Włodarka 1938

Piewica 1953

Pierzga 1964

Pieczec gr.m. 1976
(Palas) Janow 3/15 (7-1-1)0. + 3

Pionier gr.h 1986
(Gil) Janow

Pieszczota ch.m. 1977
(Partner) Janow 2/10 (1-3-3)

Piast gr.h. 1984
(Ernal) Janow

Pilonia gr.m. 1985
(Ernal) Janow

Piecza gr.m. 1986
(Palas) Janow

Pentoda gr.m. 1970
(Bandos) Janow 1/5 (3-0-0)1

Penicylina gr.m. 1976
(Palas) Janow 2/15 (1-9-2) exp. to U.S.A. (Polish
Ovation 1985)

Pensylwania gr.m. 1982
(Enos) Janow 1/5 (0-0-0)

Pektyna gr.m. 1983
(Bandos) Janow 1/4 (2-0-0)

Pentozia b.m. 1978
(Ellorus) Janow 1/2 (0-0-2)

Passada b.m. 1983
(Woroblin) Bialka 1/6 (1-0-2)

Pens ch.h. 1984
(Haracz) Bialka

Pengo b.m. 1985
(Woroblin) Bialka

Perforacja gr.m. 1986
(Ernal) Bialka

Pestka b.m. 1983
(Probat) Janow 1/3 (1-0-0)

Petarda gr.m. 1984
(Ernal) Janow

Persona gr.m. 1985
(Palas) Janow

Pendzab gr.h. 1986
(Palas) Janow

16. SELMA (Abbas Pasha) Egypt 1865 r. Hamdani Simri

Sobha 1879

(Wazir) imp. to England

Selma 1894

(Amhar)

Selima 1908

(Astrald) Crabbet

+ Sardhana b.m. 1924
(Nureddin) Crabbet imp. 1928

+ SARDHANA b.m. 1924 (Nureddin 1911 x Selima 1908) Crabbet
imp. 1928

Rasima 1943

Cesima 1949

Zlota Iwa 1958

Zamiec b.m. 1965 cntd.
(Czardasz) Michalow 1/4 (1-3-0)

Zadra gr.m. 1973
(Dambor) Michalow exp. 1986 to Sweden

Zasadzka b.m. 1978
(Melon) Kurozweki 1/7 (1-2-2) exp. 1982 to
U.S.A.

Zaduma gr.m. 1981
(Bandos) Kurozweki 1/1 (1-0-0)

Zadziora b.m. 1983
(Banat) Kurozweki 1/5 (1-4-0)

Zawada gr.m. 1984
(Banat) Kurozweki

Zabor gr.h. 1985
(Partner) Kurozweki

Zalew b.h. 1986
(Pepton) Kurozweki

Zadymka 1974

Zagadka b.m. 1980
(Euftrat) Kurozweki 2/11 (1-0-1)

Zjawa b.m. 1986
(Pepton) Kurozweki

Zawieja b.m. 1978
(Melon) Kurozweki 2/13 (4-2-3)2

Zima b.m. 1984
(Embargo) Kurozweki

Zlota Iza b.m. 1985
(Algierczyk) Kurozweki

Zorza gr.m. 1986
(Pepton) Kurozweki

Zaspa ch.m. 1979
(Elef) Kurozweki 2/15 (2-3-3) exp. to U.S.A. (Polish
Ovation 1985)

Zawiejka ch.m. 1983
(Banat) Kurozweki 1/7 (2-1-2)

Zalotnik b.h. 1986
(Wigor) Kurozweki

Zazula gr.h. 1972 cntd.
(Negatiw) Michalow

Zolna ch.m. 1977 cntd.
(Palas) Michalow 1/5 (1-1-0) exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Zulik b.h. 1984
(Pepi) Michalow

Zaneta ch.m. 1985
(Fanatyk) Michalow

Zula b.m. 1981
(Probat) Michalow

+ SARDHANA b.m. 1924 (Nureddin 1911 x Selima 1908) Crabbet imp. 1928

Rasima 1943

Cesima 1949

Zlota Iwa 1958

Zazula gr.h. 1972 cntd.
(Negatiw) Michalow

Zula b.m. 1981
(Probat) Michalow

Zator b.h. 1985
(Eukaliptus) Michalow

Zuela ch.m. 1982
(Probat) Michalow 1/6 (1-2-1)

Zbieg ch.m. 1983
(Palas) Michalow 1/7 (1-0-1)

Zamach gr.h. 1985
(Fanatyk) Michalow

Zguba gr.m. 1986
(Enriilo) Michalow

Zieba gr.m. 1974
(Negatiw) Michalow

Zorka gr.m. 1978
(Palas) Michalow 2/14 (0-0-0) exp. 1983 to U.S.A.

Zeriba gr.m. 1980
(Partner) Michalow 2/13 (4-5-1) exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Zgoda gr.m. 1981
(Dylemat) Michalow 1/6 (0-0-1) exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Zelandia b.m. 1982
(Probat) Michalow exp. 1984 to U.S.A.

Zimorodek gr.h. 1983
(Palas) Michalow 1/10 (0-0-0)

Zew gr.h. 1984
(Pepi) Michalow

Znajda gr.m. 1986
(Algomej) Kurozweki

Zlota Jesien b.m. 1977
(Gedymin) Michalow 2/11 (3-3-3)1

Zloty Rog b.h. 1983
(Pepton) Michalow 1/5 (2-1-0)

Zgraja b.m. 1985
(Fanatyk) Michalow

Zlota Wolnosc b.m. 1986
(Pesennik) Michalow

Rokiczana 1952

Rokitka 1958

Rokada 1965

Rolada 1970

Rohatyna d.b.m. 1975 cntd.
(Banat) Kurozweki 1/5 (0-0-1) exp. 1983 to Holland

Rozeta b.m. 1980
(Euftrat) Kurozweki 1/3 (0-0-0) exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Rosa gr.m. 1982
(Palas) Kurozweki 1/6 (0-1-1) exp. 1986 to U.S.A.

Reduta b.m. 1983
(Algierczyk) Kurozweki

+ SARDHANA b.m. 1924 (Nureddin 1911 x Selima 1908) Crabbet imp. 1928

Rasima 1943

Rokiczana 1952

Rokitka 1958

Rokada 1965

Roszada 1974

Ryksza b.m. 1980
(Euftrat) Kurozweki 1/1 (0-0-0) exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Replika b.m. 1985
(Pepton) Kurozweki

Robotka b.m. 1977
(Melon) Kurozweki 2/11 (2-2-2) exp. 1984 to U.S.A.

Rybalt b.h. 1983
(Banat) Kurozweki 1/9 (0-0-0)

Rewelacja b.m. 1984
(Embargo) Kurozweki

Selima 1908

Star of the Hills 1927

Krona 1939

Taktika 1943

Potencja 1952

Potega 1966

Pascha b.m. 1973 cntd.
(El Paso) Michalow 2/12 (3-1-2)

Passa b.m. 1982
(Eukaliptus) Michalow 1/5 (3-0-0)1

Promesa b.m. 1986
(Alcazar) Michalow

Parantela b.m. 1982
(Probat) Michalow 1/8 (0-2-1) exp. 1986 to U.S.A.

Paser gr.h. 1983
(Palas) Michalow 1/10 (1-0-0)

Poltawa d.ch.m. 1985
(Eukaliptus) Michalow

Pasjans b.h. 1986
(Tallin) Michalow

Trapiencja 1961

Tiwiriada gr.m. 1966 cntd.
(Aswan) Tiersk

Tipitaka gr.m. 1981
(Wist) Janow exp. 1984 to U.S.A.

Titina gr.m. 1982
(El Paso) Janow 1/6 (1-0-2)

Tiranda gr.m. 1983
(Bandos) Janow 1/8 (1-2-1)

Tarka gr.m. 1985
(Eternit) Janow

17. RODANIA or.Ar. progeny Koheilan Adzius imp. 1881 to England

Rose of Sharon 1885
(Hadban) Crabbet

Ridaa 1892
(Merzuk) Crabbet

Risala 1900
(Mesaoud or.Ar.) Crabbet

Rissla 1917
(Berk) Crabbet

Rissalma 1932
(Shareer) Crabbet

Naturalistka ch.m. 1937
(Naseem) Tiersk

+ Pienoczka gr.m. 1952
(Powodok) Tiersk imp. 1956

Riyala 1905
(Astraled) Crabbet

+ Ramayana ch.m. 1924
(Nureddin) Crabbet imp. 1928

+ PIENOCZKA gr.m. 1952 (Powodok 1945 x Naturalistka 1937)
Tiersk imp. 1956

Planeta 1958

Platyna gr.m. 1966 cntd.
(Czardasz) Michalow 2/16 (3-3-5)

Pilawa gr.m. 1976
(Burkan) Michalow 2/15 (1-0-0) exp. 1983 to Sweden

Pogon 1977

Panda gr.m. 1982
(Partner) Michalow

Patera gr.m. 1978
(Bandos) Michalow 2/11 (1-0-4)

Pokuta gr.m. 1984
(Palas) Michalow

Pretoria gr.m. 1985
(Penitent) Michalow

Palestra gr.m. 1986
(Penitent) Michalow

Pikieta gr.m. 1982
(Probat) Michalow 2/10 (3-3-1)

Plotka gr.m. 1986
(Penitent) Michalow

+ RAMAYANA ch.m. 1924 (Nureddin 1911 x Riyala 1905) Crabbet
imp. 1928

Maddy 1937

Madila 1942

Noma 1953

Newada 1960

Nejtyczanka ch.m. 1975
(Banat) Kurozweki 2/11 (4-2-1)

Nizina b.m. 1981
(Aloes) Kurozweki 1/1 (0-0-0) exp. 1985 to
U.S.A.

Nefryt ch.h. 1983
(Algierczyk) Kurozweki 1/12 (0-0-2)

Nimfa gr.m. 1985
(Partner) Kurozweki

Nowator b.h. 1986
(Pepton) Kurozweki

+ RAMAYANA ch.m. 1924 (Nureddin 1911 x Riyala 1905) Crabbet
imp. 1928

Maddy 1937

Madila 1942

Noma 1953

Newada 1960

Nasturcja gr.m. 1977
(Tryptyk) Kurozweki 1/3 (0-1-1)

Narczyz gr.h. 1984
(Banat) Kurozweki

Neska ch.m. 1978
(Czeremosz) Kurozweki 1/7 (0-0-4)

Nataraj b.h. 1984
(Fason) Bialka

Nelson b.h. 1985
(Fason) Bialka

Nebraska gr.m. 1986
(Ernal) Bialka

Nubja b.m. 1979
(Algomej) Kurozweki

Nurnia gr.m. 1984
(Eternit) Bialka

Nuta ch.m. 1985
(Woroblin) Bialka

Nuda d.b.m. 1986
(Czako) Bialka

19. CHERIFA or.Ar. line Chouimi-Sebaye, imp. approx. 1870 to France

Mabrouka 1878
(Dohendgilar or.Ar.)

Primevere 1893
(Krali or.Ar.)

Biskra 1899
(Venture)

Thaloula 1916
(Ghazi or.Ar.)

Guenina brt.b.m. 1924
(Cherine) Tiaret imp. 1930

+ Bad b.m. 1929
(Diab or.Ar.) France imp. 1930

+ BAD b.m. 1929 (Diab or.Ar. x Guenina 1924) France imp. 1930
Zmora 1937

Eleonora 1944

Elwirena 1954

Engracja gr.m. 1960
(Comet) Nowy Dwor 1/7 (0-0-2)

Enora 1969

Engara gr.m. 1977 cntd.
(Gwarny) Janow 1/7 (0-0-2)

Enban gr.h. 1983
(Bandos) Janow 1/6 (1-0-0)

Enkluzja gr.m. 1984
(Ernal) Janow

Erato gr.h. 1985
(Ernal) Janow

Endymion gr.h. 1986
(Palas) Janow

Energia gr.m. 1972 cntd.
(Bandos) Janow 2/14 (1-1-4) exp. 1984 to U.S.A.

Endecja gr.m. 1979
(Banat) Janow

Eneada gr.m. 1984
(Ernal) Janow

Enkracja ch.m. 1985
(Palas) Janow

Enucjacja gr.m. 1986
(Eternit) Janow

Endymia ch.m. 1983
(Probat) Janow

Ellenai 1956

El Krea 1971 cntd.

El Kora b.m. 1978
(Melon) Kurozweki 2/12 (1-3-3) exp. 1983 to U.S.A.

Enima gr.m. 1981
(Bandos) Kurozweki 2/12 (3-1-4)1

El Eta b.m. 1977
(Etap) Janow exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Etylen b.h. 1984
(Probat) Janow

El Era gr.m. 1985
(Ernal) Janow

Elka 1960

Elbana gr.m. 1974 cntd.
(Bandos) Janow 2/12 (4-6-4)2 exp. to U.S.A. (Polish
Ovation 1985)

Elyria gr.m. 1981
(Gondolier) Janow 1/5 (0-1-2)

Elidor gr.h. 1986
(Eternit) Janow

Elgonda gr.m. 1982
(Gondolier) Janow 2/13 (3-3-3)

Elbing gr.h. 1983
(Aloes) Janow 1/8 (2-3-1)

Eldana gr.m. 1984
(Ales) Janow

+ BAD b.m. 1929 (Diab or.Ar. x Guenina 1924) France imp. 1930
Zmora 1937

Eleonora 1944

Elka 1960

Elektroda b.m. 1977
(Engano) Janow 1/7 (1-0-2)

Elmona b.m. 1984
(Probat) Janow

El Bak b.h. 1986
(Alcazar) Janow

Elipsa 1962

Elsinoe b.m. 1974 cntd.
(Celebes) Janow 2/18 (2-5-2)

Elsteria b.m. 1981
(Ellorus) Janow exp. 1983 to U.S.A.

Elizabet b.m. 1983
(Probat) Janow

El Konto b.h. 1986
(Gil) Janow

33. ADJUZE or.Ar. (Koheilan Adjuze x Schecha) imp. 1885 to
Babolna

43 Jussuf 1889
(Jussuf 1869)

38 Koheilan Raschid 1903
(Koheilan Raschid)

24 Koheilan IV 1917
(Koheilan IV)

+ Bryla gr.m. 1939
(Kuhailan Zaid or.Ar.) Babolna

+ BRYLA gr.m. 1939 (Kuhailan Zaid or.Ar. x 24 Koheilan IV 1917)
Babolna imp. 1946

Bryssaga 1950

Brawura 1957

Braga 1964

Branka gr.m. 1975 cntd.
(Banat) Kurozweki 1/8 (0-1-1) exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Bisurman b.n. 1983
(Algierczyk) Kurozweki 1/3 (1-0-2)

Bicz b.h. 1984
(Algierczyk) Kurozweki

Braminka gr.m. 1979
(Elef) Kurozweki 2/15 (2-1-1)

Babolna gr.m. 1985
(Pepton) Kurozweki

Brokat b.h. 1986
(Algomej) Kurozweki

34. SEMRIE or.Ar. 1896 (Koheilan x Em-Argub) imp. 1902 to Babolna

- 112 Koheilan Raschid 1903
(Koheilan Raschid or.Ar.)
 - 5 Gazal 1912
(Gazal 1898)
 - 17 Mersuch I 1916
(Mersuch I)
 - 22 Kemir 1928
(Kemir)
 - + Baza b.m. 1934
(Kuhailan Zaid or.Ar.) Babolna
- 6 Koheilan IV 1912
(Koheilan IV)
 - 21 Siglavi-Bagdady III 1930
(Siglavi-Bagdady III)
 - + Brda ch.m. 1934
(Mersuch II) Babolna
- + BAZA b.m. 1934 (Kuhailan Zaid or.Ar. x 22 Kemir 1928)
Babolna imp. 1946
 - Bajdara 1951
 - Bajka 1960
 - Basn gr.m. 1973 cntd.
(Czort) Janow 2/12 (4-1-3)
 - Basetla gr.m. 1979
(Banat) Janow exp. 1983 to Sweden
 - Bajeczka gr.m. 1982
(Bandos) Janow 2/5 (1-0-1)
 - Bazylea gr.m. 1983
(Probat) Janow 1/5 (2-0-2)
 - Basior d.b.h. 1984
(Probat) Janow
 - + BRDA ch.m. 1934 (Mersuch II x 21 Siglavi-Bagdady III 1930)
Babolna imp. 1946
 - Darda 1950
 - Druchna 1957
 - Druzyna 1965
 - Dewiza gr.m. 1971 cntd.
(Negatiw) Michalow 1/3 (0-0-0)
 - Dewizka b.m. 1977
(Eufrat) Michalow 2/17 (2-4-4)
 - Depresja gr.m. 1983
(Pepton) Michalow 1/7 (1-2-2)
 - Debel ch.h. 1984
(Fantastyk ex Fart) Michalow
 - Dansing b.h. 1985
(Eukaliptus) Michalow
 - Doza b.m. 1986
(Mamluk) Michalow
 - Derma gr.m. 1980
(Partner) Michalow exp. 1985 to U.S.A.
 - Diana ch.m. 1982
(Probat) Michalow exp. to U.S.A. (Polish Ovation 1985)
 - Dewocja gr.m. 1984
(Palas) Michalow
 - Dogmat gr.h. 1985
(Penitent) Michalow
 - Duma gr.m. 1986
(Enrilo) Michalow

+ BRDA ch.m. 1934 (Mersuch II x 21 Siglavi-Bagdady III 1930)
Babolna imp. 1946

Darda 1950

Druchna 1957

Druzyna 1965

Dulka gr.m. 1977
(Gedymin) Michalow 2/9 (0-0-0) exp. 1984 to W.
Germany

Dulcynea gr.m. 1983
(Set) Michalow

Drybling gr.h. 1984
(Set) Michalow

Druzja b.m. 1980
(Etap) Michalow 1/4 (0-0-1) exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Dywizja ch.m. 1981
(Probat) Michalow exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Dratwa 1966

Draperia gr.m. 1974
(Gedymin) Michalow 2/16 (4-5-2)

Dalida b.m. 1981
(Probat) Michalow 2/12 (4-1-2) D.

Damieta gr.m. 1983
(Palas) Michalow 1/6 (3-2-1) 1

Dniepr gr.h. 1984
(Palas) Michalow

Dormus gr.h. 1985
(Penitent) Michalow

Dniestr ch.h. 1986
(Enrilo) Michalow

35. BENT-EL-ARAB or.Ar. (Saklawi x Koheilan Adjuzem) imp. 1885 to Babolna

46 Jussuf 1888
(Jussuf 1869)

1 Hadban 1899
(Hadban or.Ar.)

4 Koheilan IV 1920
(Koheilan IV)

25 Kemir 1929
(Kemir)

+ Balia gr.m. 1936
(Kuhailan Zaid or.Ar.) Babolna

+ BALIA gr.m. 1936 (Kuhailan Zaid or.Ar. x 25 Kemir 1929)
Babolna imp. 1946

Celia 1949

Cecora 1963

Cerisola 1967

Cynadra 1975

Cyranka b.m. 1980
(El Paso) 1/2 (0-0-0)

Cypr gr.h. 1985
(Parys) Janow

Cyrk b.h. 1986
(Alcazar) Janow

Cewka gr.m. 1976
(Celebes) Janow 3/18 (2-6-5)

Cecora gr.m. 1985
(Woroblin) Bialka

Cetynia gr.m. 1981
(Wist) Janow exp. 1983 to W. Germany

Cedrela gr.m. 1966 cntd.
(Doktryner) Janow 2/16 (0-3-7)

Cudna gr.m. 1984
(Eternit) Bialka

Centa gr.m. 1985
(Czako) Bialka

Czart d.b.h. 1986
(Czako) Bialka

36. SCHERIFE or.Ar. (Siglavi x Gehelt-El-Scharif) imp. 1902 to
Babolna

10 Gazal 1910
(Gazal 1898)

12 Siglavi-Bagdady 1919
(Siglavi-Bagdady or.Ar.)

+ Bulwa gr.m. 1937
(Kuhailan Zaid or.Ar.) Babolna

+ BULWA gr.m. 1937 (Kuhailan Zaid or.Ar. x 12 Siglavi-Bagdady
1919) Babolna imp. 1946

Alga 1947

Algonkina 1961

Algoa 1964

Alkaba b.m. 1975 cntd.
(Celebes) Janow 2/12 (2-3-1)

Alita b.m. 1981
(Ellorus) Janow 2/9 (3-3-1)

Albat b.h. 1983
(Probat) Janow 1/7 (2-0-4)

Aleksja 1968

Aleja gr.m. 1975 cntd.
(Bandos) Janow

Alaska b.m. 1981
(Pepi) Janow 2/14 (1-1-1)

Aleppo gr.h. 1983
(Probat) Janow 1/8 (3-3-0)1

Alejka b.m. 1985
(Palas) Janow

Almada gr.m. 1986
(Palas) Janow

+ BULWA gr.m. 1937 (Kuhailan Zaid or.Ar. x 12 Siglavi-Bagdady
1919) Babolna imp. 1946

Alga 1947

Algonkina 1961

Aleksja 1968

Albania gr.m. 1986
(Gwarny) Janow 3/16 (5-4-1)

Arabella b.m. 1983
(Fason) Bialka 1/4 (3-0-1)1

Alahar gr.h. 1984
(Haracz) Bialka

Alpina b.m. 1985
(Fason) Bialka

Albanczyk gr.h. 1986
(Ernal) Bialka

Algeria b.m. 1971 cntd.
(Celebes) Janow

Alchemia 1976

Aladyna ch.m. 1981
(Banat) Janow 1/6 (0-0-2)

Albatros b.h. 1986
(Gil) Janow

Algerina b.m. 1978
(Ellorus) Janow 2/15 (0-5-3)

Algretta b.m. 1984
(Probat) Janow

Alanina b.m. 1985
(Palas) Janow

Alanga b.m. 1986
(Palas) Janow

Algebra b.m. 1981
(Ellorus) Janow exp. to U.S.A. (Polish Ovation 1985)

Alegro b.h. 1983
(Probat) Janow 1/7 (1-1-3)

Almeria b.m. 1984
(Probat) Janow

Albanetta b.m. 1985
(Banat) Janow

Alwar b.h. 1986
(Alcazar) Janow

Algorada 1972

Altowka b.m. 1978
(Ellorus) Janow 2/13 (1-3-2)

Altar ch.h. 1985
(Woroblin) Bialka

Altruista gr.h. 1986
(Ernal) Bialka

Bulgotka 1951

Busznica 1960

Buczyna gr.m. 1974 cntd.
(Bandos) Kurozweki

Bukowina gr.m. 1982
(Aloes) Kurozweki

Baca gr.h. 1983
(Banat) Kurozweki

MALE GENEALOGIES

5. BAIRACTAR or. Ar. imp. 1817 to Weil

Amurath 1829
(Sady III) Weil

Tajar 1851
(Geyran III) Weil

Tajar 1862
(Daria VI) Weil

Tajar 1873
(Obeja) Weil

Amurath 1881
(Koheil III) Weil

Amurath II b. 1907
(Fatme or. Ar.) Radowce

Amurath Sahib gr. 1932
(Sahiba) Breniow 2/23 (7-5-8)1
ad. st. 1937-52 (48-5-25)

Equifor b. 1951
(Forta) Klemensow 3/16 (7-7-2) D. + 3
ad. st. 1957 (10-2-0)

Cedr b. 1958
(Cosmosa) Michalow 2/3 (0-1-0)
ad. st. 1964-66 (2-0-1)
exp. 1968 to Sweden

Arax b. 1952
(Angara) Klemensow 2/18 (5-5-2)
ad. st. 1957 (8-0-3)
exp. 1958 to USSR

Nabeg b. 1966
(Nomenklatura) Tiersk

Tallin b. 1978
(Talantliwaia) Tiersk
ad. st. 1985-86 (14-0-0)

Gwarny gr. 1953
(Gwara) Klemensow 2/5 (2-1-1)
ad. st. 1958-60 and 1964-78 (77-11-35)

BAIRACTAR or. Ar. imp. 1817 to Weil

Amurath 1829
(Sady III) Weil

Tajar 1851
(Geyran III) Weil

Tajar 1862
(Daria VI) Weil

Tajar 1873
(Obeja) Weil

Amurath 1881
(Koheil III) Weil

Amurath II b. 1907
(Fatme or. Ar.) Radowce

Amurath Sahib gr. 1932
(Sahiba) Breniow 2/23 (7-5-8)1
ad. st. 1937-52 (48-5-25)

Gwarny gr. 1953
(Gwara) Klemensow 2/5 (2-1-1)
ad. st. 1958-60 and 1964-78 (77-11-35)

Endor gr. 1965
(Engracja) Janow 3/19 (2-2-2)
ad. st. 1971-72 (2-0-1)

Polonus gr. 1968
(Planeta) Michalow
ad. st. 1972-73 (6-0-4)
exp. 1974 to U.S.A.

Gedymin gr. 1968
(Gastronomia) Michalow 2/10 (3-4-1)
ad. st. 1973-74 and 1976 (31-6-12)
exp. 1977 to U.S.A.

Dylemat gr. 1974
(Doliwa) Michalow 3/28 (5-4-4)
ad. st. 1980 and 1984 (6-0-3)
exp. 1986 to Sweden

Embargo b. 1975
(Emilia) Michalow 5/38 (17-10-5)
Ap. + II
ad. st. 1983-84 (9-0-1)

Dryl gr. 1975
(Daszawa) Michalow 5/46 (2-5-7)
exp. 1984 to England

Woroblin b. 1977
(Warmia) Michalow 2/15 (2-0-4)1
ad. st. 1982-84 (20-0-3)
exp. 1986 to Brasil

Argo gr. 1976
(Arba) Janow 3/25 (5-4-5)
ad. st. 1982-83 and 1986 (4-0-1)

Pasat gr. 1978
(Parma) Janow 3/20 (6-2-1)
exp. 1983 to W. Germany

Balon gr. 1979
(Ballada) Janow 3/22 (2-0-1)
ad. st. 1985 (4-0-0)

15. IBRAHIM or.Ar. imp. 1907 to Antoniny

Skowronek gr. 1909
(Jaskolka) Antoniny

Naseem gr. 1922
(Nasra) Crabbet
Negatiw gr. 1945
(Taraszczka) Tiersk
ad. st. 1962-73 (108-19-54)
Salon gr. 1959
(Sonata) Tiersk

Namiet gr. 1969
(Natuszczica) Tiersk
ad. st. 1974-75 and 1977-78 (22-1-8)
exp. 1981 to Holland

Nabor gr. 1950
(Lagodna) Tiersk
ad. st. 1956-63 (61-16-25)
exp. 1963 to U.S.A.

Dardir gr. 1959
(Darda) Michalow 3/28 (2-4-2)
ad. st. 1965 (6-0-2)
exp. 1965 to Sweden

Espartero gr. 1960
(Ela) Michalow 2/5 (0-0-1)
ad. st. 1965-66 (14-0-6)
exp. 1971 to Sweden

Bandos gr. 1964
(Bandola) Janow 2/12 (3-0-3)
ad. st. 1969-82 (149-15-71)
exp. 1982 to U.S.A.

Andos gr. 1972
(Andorra) Janow 3/25 (5-5-8)
ad. st. 1978 (5-1-2)

Trzos gr. 1979
(Trema) Kurozweki 3/22 (6-5-4)
exp. 1984 to W. Germany

Wist gr. 1973
(Wilma) Janow 3/20 (5-6-3)
ad. st. 1979-81 (16-2-6)
exp. 1984 to Brazil

Ortalion b. 1980
(Orla) Janow 4/23 (3-4-5)
exp. 1986 to Sweden

Eukaliptus gr. 1974
(Eunice) Janow 2/13 (2-1-4)
ad. st. 1979 and 1984-86 (26-2-6)

Edykt gr. 1980
(Elana) Michalow 1/5 (1-0-1)
exp. 1986 to England

Wawel gr. 1980
(Wistula) Michalow 4/33 (3-4-3)
exp. 1986 to U.S.A.

IBRAHIM or.Ar. imp. 1907 to Antoniny

Skowronek gr. 1909
(Jaskolka) Antoniny

Naseem gr. 1922
(Nasra) Crabbet
Negatiw gr. 1945
(Taraszczka) Tiersk
ad. st. 1962-73 (108-19-54)
Bandos gr. 1964
(Bandola) Janow 2/12 (3-0-3)
ad. st. 1969-82 (149-15-71)
exp. 1982 to U.S.A.

Enos gr. 1975
(Enora) Janow 3/24 (4-5-3)
ad. st. 1981 (5-0-2)
exp. 1981 to U.S.A.

Eternit gr. 1976
(Etna) Janow 1/9 (2-1-1)
ad. st. 1980-86 (29-0-1)

Pepton gr. 1977
(Pemba) Janow 2/16 (11-4-0) AP. + 8
ad. st. 1982-85 (52-0-1)

Baltyk gr. 1977
(Bangla) Michalow 3/17 (4-8-2)
exp. 1983 to Brazil

Pyrrus gr. 1979
(Pascha) Michalow 3/19 (4-3-5)1
exp. 1984 to U.S.A.

Cytrys gr. 1981
(Cykuta) Kurozweki 2/14 (4-3-0)
exp. 1986 to Italy

Zloty Potok gr. 1981
(Zamiec) Kurozweki 2/13 (7-2-2) AP. + 4
exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Andrut gr. 1967
(Andorra) Janow 2/9 (0-1-3)
ad. st. 1972-76 (33-1-15)
exp. 1981 to Holland

Erwin gr. 1976
(Ekstaza) Michalow 5/48 (4-7-7)
exp. 1986 to Brazil

Nasiri gr. 1925
(Nasra) Crabbet

Saladin II gr. 1940
(Starilla) England

Burkan gr. 1964
(Biruta) England
ad. st. 1975-77 (27-1-14)

16. ILDERIM or.Ar. imp. 1900 to Slawuta

Bakszysz gr. 1901

(Parada) Slawuta

Fetysz gr. 1924

(Siglavi-Bagdady) Janow

Miecznik gr. 1931

(Koalicja) Janow 2/19 (3-6-3)1

ad. st. 1939-41 and 1943 and 1948-54 (30-3-10)

Marabut ch. 1942

(Maja) Oplytna

ad. st. 1945 (3-0-2)

Doktryner gr. 1950

(Klemensow) 1/7 (2-1-1)

ad. st. 1954-56 and 1965-67 (31-5-19)

exp. 1957 to Switzerland, rewind. in Poland 1964

Ferrum d.b. 1957

(Forta) Michalow

ad. st. 1961-62 and 1964 (8-0-5)

Aquinor gr. 1951

(Amneris) Klemensow 2/13 (1-0-6)

ad. st. 1960-68 (28-6-14)

Eleuzis gr. 1962

(Ellenai) Janow 3/27 (5-5-9)

ad. st. 1969-70 (10-5-4)

exp. 1971 to U.S.A.

Partner gr. 1970

(Parma) Janow

ad. st. 1974-81 and 1984-86 (56-5-21)

Fantastyk ex Fart gr. 1978

(Farida) Janow 1/2 (0-0-0)

ad. st. 1982-83 (6-0-0)

exp. 1984 to U.S.A.

Penitent gr. 1979

(Penza) Janow 2/10 (2-2-3)

ad. st. 1984-86 (15-0-0)

Cenzor gr. 1979

(Ceramika) Janow 3/27 (1-1-3)

exp. 1984 to W. Germany

Farad gr. 1979

(Fantina) Janow 4/29 (4-4-5)

exp. 1986 to Brazil

Peron b. 1979

(Pemba) Janow 4/29 (6-7-5)1

exp. 1986 to U.S.A.

ILDERIM or.Ar. imp. 1900 to Slawuta

Bakszysz gr. 1901

(Parada) Slawuta

Fetysz gr. 1924

(Siglavi-Bagdady) Janow

Miecznik gr. 1931

(Koalicja) Janow 2/19 (3-6-3)1

ad. st. 1939-41 and 1943 and 1948-54 (30-3-10)

Aquinor gr. 1951

(Amneris) Klemensow 2/13 (1-0-6)

ad. st. 1960-68 (28-6-14)

Eleuzis gr. 1962

(Ellenai) Janow 3/27 (5-5-9)

ad. st. 1969-70 (10-5-4)

exp. 1971 to U.S.A.

Engano gr. 1970

(Engracja) Janow 2/9 (2-5-0)

ad. st. 1975-77 (11-2-5)

exp. 1977 to Sweden

Algierczyk b. 1977

(Algeria) Janow 2/18 (3-2-5)

ad. st. 1982-84 (18-0-4)

exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Etnograf gr. 1977

(Etna) Janow 2/14 (3-1-2)

ad. st. 1983-84 (6-0-0)

exp. 1984 to Sweden

Elf gr. 1963

(Ellenai) Janow 1/1 (0-0-0)

ad. st. 1968-72 (37-3-17)

Euftrat gr. 1970

(Estebna) Michalow 2/14 (2-0-3)

ad. st. 1975-81 (39-0-17)

Czeremosz gr. 1970

(Czatanoga) Michalow 3/32 (1-10-11)

ad. st. 1976-78 (21-0-10)

exp. 1978 to U.S.A.

Eskimos b. 1972

(Eskapada) Michalow 3/20 (2-5-4)

ad. st. 1979 (5-0-4)

exp. 1979 to U.S.A.

Tryptyk gr. 1965

(Tryncza) Janow 2/13 (3-5-1)

ad. st. 1972-76 (20-2-12)

exp. 1978 to Sweden

Parys gr. 1974

(Parma) Janow 5/46 (10-4-3)1

ad. st. 1982-85 (7-0-1)

17. KOHEILAN ADJUZE or.Ar. imp. to Babolna approx. 1880

Koheilan II 1887
(Jussuf) Babolna

Koheilan IV 1905
(O'Bajan) Babolna

Koheilan I gr. 1922
(Gazal 1910) Babolna

Opal gr. 1933
(Elegantka) Janow

Lotnik gr. 1938
(Mokka) Dobuzek
ad. st. 1945 (2-1-1)

Laur gr. 1946
(Kalina) Janow 4/16 (10-1-2) D. + AP. + 4
ad. st. 1955 and 1958 (20-2-5)

Chazar gr. 1956
(Celina) Albigowa 4/32 (5-9-11)1
ad. st. 1963 and 1966-68 (25-4-10)

Piolun ch. 1934
(Dziewanna) Janow

Priboj ch. 1944
(Rissalma) Tiersk

Pietuszok b. 1954
(Taktika) Tiersk
ad. st. 1958-62 and 1968 (34-5-18)
exp. 1973 to Canada

Wosk b. 1961
(Worskla) Albigowa 5/28 (10-6-4) D. + 6
ad. st. 1970-71 (4-0-1)
exp. 1975 to Canada

18. KRZYZYK or.Ar. imp. 1876 to Jarczowce

Krzyzyk I 1886
(Zulejma II) Jarczowce

Mlech I 1897
(Dora) Jezupol

Abu Mlech gr. 1902
(Lania) Jezupol

Enwer Bey gr. 1923
(Koalicja) Janow

Trypolis gr. 1937
(Kahira) Janow
ad. st. 1940-44 and 1951-58 (73-9-20)

Faher gr. 1953
(Ferha) Albigowa
ad. st. 1957-59 (41-5-12)

Arragon b. 1959
(Arfa) Albigowa 6/56 (7-7-10)
ad. st. 1968-69 (3-0-3)
exp. 1969 to Holland

Almifar b. 1960
(Arfa) Albigowa 4/22 (6-9-1)
ad. st. 1967-69 (9-1-7)

Elef ch. 1969
(Eliza) Janow 4/39 (9-9-9)2
ad. st. 1978-80 (18-3-7)
exp. 1980 to U.S.A.

Wigor b. 1980
(Wieza) Kurozweki 2/11 (3-3-1)1
ad. st. 1985-86 (6-0-0)

Traf ch. 1980
(Trema) Kurozweki 3/14 (10-1-1)
D. + 6
exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Zenit b. 1980
(Zadra) Kurozweki 2/17 (2-4-4)
exp. 1985 to Sweden

El Azrak d.b. 1960
(Ellora) Albigowa 3/31 (4-2-3)
ad. st. 1966-69 and 1974-79 (36-7-13)

Kanonier ch. 1967
(Kanossa) Janow 1/3 (0-0-2)
ad. st. 1971-72 (3-1-0)

Bukszpan d.b. 1972
(Busznica) Janow 2/5 (0-0-0)
ad. st. 1981 (2-0-1)

Banat b. 1967
(Bandola) Janow 3/32 (4-3-9)
ad. st. 1974 and 1978-84 (92-8-36)
exp. 1984 to U.S.A.

Czako d.b. 1979
(Czapelka) Janow 2/14 (2-5-3)
ad. st. 1984-86 (10-0-0)

Piechur gr. 1979
(Pierzeja) Janow 2/13 (10-2-0)
D. + AP. + 6
exp. 1983 to U.S.A.

KRZYZYK or.Ar. imp. 1876 to Jarczowce

Krzyzyk I 1886
(Zulejma II) Jarczowce

Mlech I 1897
(Dora) Jezupol

Abu Mlech gr. 1902
(Lania) Jezupol

Enwer Bey gr. 1923
(Koalicja) Janow

Trypolis gr. 1937
(Kahira) Janow
ad. st. 1940-44 and 1951-58 (73-9-20)

Faher gr. 1953
(Ferha) Albigowa
ad. st. 1957-59 (41-5-12)

El Azrak d.b. 1960
(Ellora) Albigowa 3/31 (4-2-3)
ad. st. 1966-69 and 1974-79 (36-7-13)

Banat b. 1967
(Bandola) Janow 3/32 (4-3-9)
ad. st. 1974 and 1978-84 (92-8-36)
exp. 1984 to U.S.A.

Eleis b. 1982
(Elewacja) Janow 2/13 (3-1-0)
exp. 1986 to Sweden

Al Banat b. 1982
(Alkaba) Janow 1/8 (3-3-1)1
exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Czersk b. 1984
(Ceneria) Kurozweki
exp. 1986 to Holland

Ferment bl. 1974
(Ferenike) Kurozweki 2/13 (3-1-0)
exp. 1983 to U.S.A.

Dadzi d.b. 1978
(Dzamila) Stobno
ad. st. 1985-86 (1-0-0)

Sedziwoj gr. 1954
(Saga) Michalow 2/14 (3-7-3)
ad. st. 1960-61 (14-2-7)

Ariel gr. 1961
(Arfa) Janow 2/14 (2-2-3)
ad. st. 1966 (11-2-5)
exp. 1975 to Sweden

El Trypoli brt.b. 1957
(Eleonora) Nowy Dwor
ad. st. 1961-64 (15-0-8)

Farys II 1905

Kaszmir 1929

Geyran gr. 1937
(Zorza Pelkinska) Pelkinie
ad. st. 1956-57 (18-1-3)

20. KUHAILAN AFAS or.Ar. imp. 1931 to Gumniska

Bad Afas b. 1940
(Bad) Zabawa
ad. st. 1946-47 and 1951 (25-2-7)

Arcus b. 1947
(Tecza) Nowy Dwor 9/51 (24-12-5)12
ad. st. 1957 (5-1-2)

Branibor bl. 1958
(Bajdara) Nowy Dwor 2/12 (5-3-3) D. + 2
ad. st. 1963-65 (20-3-10)

Abu Afas b. 1947
(Gahdar) Nowy Dwor 2/14 (4-3-4)1
ad. st. 1952-53 (7-1-4)
exp. 1955 to W. Germany

Comet gr. 1953
(Carmen) Nowy Dwor 1/9 (1-3-1)
ad. st. 1958-64 (76-26-36)

Ego d.b. 1959
(Egeria) Nowy Dwor 198 (0-1-1)
ad. st. 1963 and 1966-74 (32-3-15)
exp. 1975 to Sweden

Relax b. 1972
(Rokada) Janow 2/13 (3-1-4)1
ad. st. 1977-79 (11-0-7)
exp. 1983 to Sweden

Badr Bedur brt.b. 1960
(Bint Munira) Nowy Dwor 1/3 (1-0-2)
ad. st. 1965 (8-2-4)
exp. 1971 to France

Dambor gr. 1966
(Daszawa) Michalow 3/21 (7-4-1)
ad. st. 1972-73 and 1976-82 (15-1-8)

Malachit b. 1983
(Macierzanka) Cholewy
exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Carrador gr. 1960
(Czaruta) Nowy Dwor 2/15 (2-3-3)
ad. st. 1966-67 (3-0-3)
exp. 1967 to U.S.A.

Carycyn gr. 1961
(Cerekiew) Janow 4/30 (7-2-3)
ad. st. 1968-74 (31-1-13)
exp. 1975 to U.S.A.

Bajdak b. 1962
(Bajdara) Janow 2/18 (3-2-2)
ad. st. 1967-70 (18-0-6)
exp. 1970 to U.S.A.

Pohaniec gr. 1965
(Planeta) Michalow 2/12 (1-2-2)
exp. 1970 to Sweden

KUHAILAN AFAS or.A. imp. 1931 to Gumniska

Bad Afas b. 1940

(Bad) Zabawa

ad. st. 1946-47 and 1951 (25-2-7)

Abu Afas b. 1947

(Gahdar) Nowy Dwor 2/14 (4-3-4)1

ad. st. 1952-53 (7-1-4)

exp. 1955 to W. Germany

Comet gr. 1953

(Carmen) Nowy Dwor 1/9 (1-3-1)

ad. st. 1958-64 (76-26-36)

Pohaniec gr. 1965

(Planeta) Michalow 2/12 (1-2-2)

exp. 1970 to Sweden

Probat b. 1975

(Borexia) Sweden

ad. st. 1980-84 and 1986 (108-10-43)

Enrilo ch. 1981

(Emisja) Michalow 1/3 (1-0-0)

ad. st. 1985 (12-0-0)

exp. 1986 to U.S.A.

Gil b. 1981

(Gildia) Michalow 1/9 (1-5-2)

ad. st. 1985-86 (13-0-0)

Fawor d.b. 1981

(Fatma) Michalow 2/15 (2-1-1)2

ad. st. 1986 (0-0-0)

Donald b. 1981

(Doliwa) Michalow 3/22 (2-9-4)

exp. 1986 to U.S.A.

Filipek ch. 1981

(Filia) Michalow

exp. 1984 to U.S.A.

Druk gr. 1982

(Drumla) Michalow 2/14 (2-3-2)

exp. 1986 to Italy

Eliusz d.b. 1983

(Elektroda) Janow 198 (1-1-2)

exp. 1986 to U.S.A.

21. KUHAILAN HAIFI or.A. imp. 1931 to Gumniska

Ofir b. 1933

(Dziwa) Janow

Wielki Szlem b. 1938

(Elegantka) Janow

ad. st. 1941-57 and 1959 (147-11-51)

Mlecz Pelkinski b. 1942

(Hilla) Pelkinie

ad. st. 1945 (8-0-3)

Anarchista b. 1947

(Bomba) Nowy Dwor 4/38 (8-10-5)

ad. st. 1958 and 1960 (13-0-5)

Czardasz d.b. 1949

(Baza) Nowy Dwor 3/32 (9-5-5) D. + AP. + 4

ad. st. 1964-67 (24-5-10)

Gazon b. 1966

(Gazella) Michalow

ad. st. 1986 (0-0-0)

Czort b. 1949

(Forta) Nowy Dwor 4/19 (13-5-1)2 x AP. + 7

ad. st. 1959-72 (66-15-25)

Krezus b. 1963

(Kreolka) Janow 3/14 (8-3-1) D. + AP. + 4

ad. st. 1970-75 (18-1-10)

exp. 1975 to Sweden

Ellorus b. 1972

(Ellora) Janow 2/14 (2-3-1)

ad. st. 1977-78 (16-1-10)

exp. 1980 to U.S.A.

Cereus b. 1981

(Ceregiela) Janow 2/15 (3-2-1)

exp. 1985 to Sweden

Sabbat b. 1964

(Sabellina) Janow 2/11 (5-3-2) D. + 2

ad. st. 1969-71 (14-1-8)

Banzaj gr. 1965

(Bandola) Janow 3/24 (6-1-6)1

ad. st. 1971-72 (15-2-7)

exp. 1975 to U.S.A.

El Paso b. 1967

(Ellora) Janow 2/19 (3-3-3)

ad. st. 1972-75 and 1979-81 (73-10-39)

exp. 1981 to U.S.A.

Wiatr b. 1975

(Wadera) Michalow 1/5 (0-0-0)

ad. st. 1982 (1-0-0)

exp. 1983 to Brazil

Wilkolak b. 1976

(Wadera) Michalow

ad. st. 1984 (1-0-0)

KUHAILAN HAIFI or.Ar. imp. 1931 to Gumniska

Ofir b. 1933

(Dziwa) Janow

Wielki Szlem b. 1938

(Elegantka) Janow

ad. st. 1941-57 and 1959 (147-11-51)

Czort b. 1949

(Forta) Nowy Dwor 4/19 (13-5-1)2 x AP. + 7

ad. st. 1959-72 (66-15-25)

El Paso b. 1967

(Ellora) Janow 2/19 (3-3-3)

ad. st. 1972-75 and 1979-81 (73-10-39)

exp. 1981 to U.S.A.

Fason b. 1976

(Fladra) Michalow 3/24 (4-4-3)

ad. st. 1982-84 (16-0-4)

exp. 1985 to Sweden

Alkazar b. 1980

(Algeria) Janow 2/9 (4-1-4)2

ad. st. 1985-86 (7-0-0)

Eltor b. 1980

(Elsinoe) Janow 3-23 (5-2-3)2

exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Duch b. 1950

(Bojazn) Nowy Dwor 2/17 (3-6-0)

ad. st. 1955 (6-1-2)

Witraz b. 1938

(Makata) Janow

ad. st. 1941-56 (141-14-27)

Como br. 1949

(Bona) Albigowa 1/4 (0-0-2)

ad. st. 1953-54 (8-1-1)

Celebes b. 1949

(Canaria) Albigowa

ad. st. 1967-77 (90-15-45)

Melon b. 1969

(Mantyla) Michalow 3923 (6-10-2)4

ad. st. 1975-77 (34-2-16)

exp. 1978 to U.S.A.

Adiutant b. 1976

(Alarga) Kurozweki 5/34 (4-4-2)

exp. 1983 to U.S.A.

Etap b. 1971

(Etna) Janow 2/14 (2-4-1)

ad. st. 1976-79 (28-5-13)

Set ch. 1977

(Sekwana) Janow 1/8 (1-1-3)

ad. st. 1981-85 (26-0-6)

Euros ch. 1978

(Eunice) Janow 3/24 (3-1-4)

exp. 1984 to U.S.A.

Wiking b. 1979

(Wilma) Janow 3/19 (8-4-1)5

exp. 1984 to U.S.A.

Sekstans b. 1979

(Sekwana) Janow 4/30 (4-8-3)

exp. 1985 to Canada

Bekas b. 1980

(Beatrice) Janow 2/13 (3-2-5)

exp. 1984 to U.S.A.

Karnawal b. 1980

(Kasta) Janow 2/15 (3-2-4)

exp. 1985 to Sweden

KUHAILAN HAIFI or.Ar. imp. 1931 to Gumniska

Ofir b. 1933

(Dziwa) Janow

Wielki Szlem b. 1938

(Elegantka) Janow

ad. st. 1941-57 and 1959 (147-11-51)

Celebes b. 1949

(Canaria) Albigowa

ad. st. 1967-77 (90-15-45)

Aloes b. 1973

(Algoa) Janow 1/6 (1-3-2)

ad. st. 1977-84 (58-5-20)

Fanatyk b. 1978

(Fatima) Michalow 3/37 (3-2-6)

ad. st. 1984 (13-0-1)

Cyrano gr. 1981

(Cyrenajka) Kurozweki 3/20 (1-1-6)

exp. 1986 to U.S.A.

Bies b. 1982

(Branka) Kurozweki 2/12 (3-3-0)1

exp. 1986 to U.S.A.

Marlon b. 1983

(Marunka) Mrozy

exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Algomej b. 1973

(Algonkina) Janow 2/14 (3-2-2)

ad. st. 1978-83 and 1985-86 (26-3-9)

Epizod gr. 1979

(Elektorka) Kurozweki 3/23 (4-2-1)

exp. 1984 to Holland

Deficyt b. 1979

(Dewiza) Michalow 2/12 (3-2-2)

exp. 1983 to U.S.A.

Muhtar Ali b. 1979

(Murat Hanum) Dobrow

ad. st. 1984-86 (6-0-0)

Pepi b. 1975

(Pemba) Janow 2/20 (1-3-7)

ad. st. 1980-83 (16-1-4)

Etat gr. 1981

(Etazerka) Janow 1/10 (2-3-1)

exp. 1984 to Denmark

Banio gr. 1951

(Balalajka) Albigowa 3/25 (5-6-5)

ad. st. 1958 (5-1-2)

Nureddin b. 1953

(Norma) Albigowa

exp. to Sweden

Aladdin b. 1975

(Lalage) Sweden

Alcazar b. 1979

(Flama) Sweden

ad. st. 1985-86 (22-0-0)

Muharyt b. 1957

(Munira) Nowy Dwor

ad. st. 1971-78 (9-0-6)

El Haifi b. 1935

(Pomponia II) Pelkinie 1/10 (2-6-2)

ad. st. 1944 and 1947-52 (31-4-5)

23. KUHAILAN ZAID or.Ar. imp. 1937 to Babolna

Kuhailan Said b. 1934
(204 Kemir) Babolna

Ali Said gr. 1940
(Najada) Janow
ad. st. 1951-57 (22-0-5)

Kuhailan Abu Urkub b. 1935
(22 Kemir) Babolna
ad. st. 1940-44 (25-3-3)

Gabor bl. 1944
(Kohejlanka) Gumniska 1/5 (2-1-2)
ad. st. 1949-50 and 1952 (7-1-4)

Mir Said d.b. 1953
(Mira) Albigowa 2/15 (8-3-0) D. + AP. + 3
ad. st. 1961-62 and 1964-65 (18-2-9)

Elbrus b. 1965
(Ellenai) Janow 2/12 (6-2-2) D. + 1
ad. st. 1970-73 (15-1-4)

Grand b. 1944
(Sagar) Gumniska 3/18 (14-1-3)2 x AP. + D. + 9
ad. st. 1950 and 1958-61 (32-3-16)

Kord b. 1961
(Cosmosa) Michalow
ad. st. 1966-67 (9-3-3)

Mokan b. 1960
(Mokdiara) Michalow 6/66 (8-6-12)2
ad. st. 1976-79 (8-0-4)

30. SAKLAWI I (Of Ali Pasha Cherif) Egypt

Saklawi II
(El Dahma) Egypt

Gamil Manial 1912
(Dalal) Egypt

Mansour 1921
(Nafaa al Saghira) Egypt

Nazeer 1934
(Bint Samiha) Egypt

Aswan gr. 1958
(Yosreia 1943) El Zahra

Magnat gr. 1966
(Monopolia) Tiersk
ad. st. 1969 (5-0-1)
exp. 1969 to U.S.A.

Palas gr. 1968
(Panel) Tiersk
ad. st. 1973-86 (105-9-53)

Gondolier ch. 1974
(Gonagra) Janow 2/18 (1-4-2)
ad. st. 1978-81 (15-4-5)
exp. 1981 to Sweden

Tiersk gr. 1980
(Tiwiriada) Janow 3/27 (5-3-8)1
exp. 1983 to U.S.A.

Pedant ch. 1980
(Pentoda) Janow 2/21 (2-5-2)
exp. 1984 to Belgium

SAKLAWI I (Of Ali Pasha Cherif) Egypt

Saklawi II
(El Dahma) Egypt

Gamil Manial 1912
(Dalal) Egypt

Mansour 1921
(Nafaa al Saghira) Egypt

Nazeer 1934
(Bint Samiha) Egypt

Aswan gr. 1958
(Yosreia 1943) El Zahra

Palas gr. 1968
(Panel) Tiersk
ad. st. 1973-86 (105-9-53)

Ernal gr. 1975
(Engracja) Janow 5/43 (5-5-8)
ad. st. 1983-86 (25-0-1)

Haracz gr. 1976
(Harmonia) Janow 4/28 (6-4-3)
ad. st. 1983-84 (14-1-0)
exp. 1986 to U.S.A.

Erydan gr. 1985
(Erozja) Michalow
exp. 1985 to U.S.A.

Garwolin gr. 1976
(Garsonka) Janow 2/15 (4-2-4)
exp. 1983 to Holland

Doping gr. 1978
(Donna) Michalow 3/20 (6-3-3)3
exp. 1985 to Italy

Diagram ch. 1980
(Draperia) Michalow 1/8 (1-0-0)
exp. 1983 to W. Germany

Magnit gr. 1969
(Magnolia) Tiersk
ad. st. 1974-77 (14-0-7)

Mamluk gr. 1970
(Monograma) Tiersk
ad. st. 1985 (13-0-0)

31. LATIF or.Ar. France

Denouste ch. 1921
(Djaima 1913) France

Kann ch. 1927
(Kita 1904) France

Korej ch. 1939
(Rixalina 1929) Tiersk

Mak ch. 1956
(Madila 1942) Tiersk

Kumir ch. 1973
(Kapella 1957) Tiersk

Pesennik ch. 1979
(Pesnia 1969) Tiersk
ad. st. 1985-86 (12-0-0)



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